

# The Times

LOS ANGELES

XVTH YEAR.

SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 17, 1897.—THREE PARTS: 32 PAGES.

PRICE 5 CENTS

**AMUSEMENTS—**  
With Dates of Events.

**LOS ANGELES THEATRE—**  
C. M. WOOD, Lessee.  
H. C. WYATT, Mgr.  
Second and Last Week, Commencing Monday, January 18. Matinees, Wednesday and Saturday.  
**THE GRAU OPERA COMPANY.**  
—IN REPERTOIRE—  
Monday, Black Hussar; Tuesday, Bohemian Girl; Wednesday Matinee, Mikado; Wednesday Night, Tar and Tar; Thursday, Fra Diavolo; Friday, Merry War; Saturday Matinee, Bohemian Girl; Saturday Evening, "ERMINIE." Popular Prices—25c, 50c, 75c. Matinee Prices—10c and 50c. Seats now on sale. Tel. Main 70.

**LOS ANGELES THEATRE—**  
SUNDAY, 8 P.M., JANUARY 17,  
AN ADDRESS ON  
**OUR LORD'S COMING,**  
By an Evangelist of the Catholic Apostolic Church. A testimony to the people of Los Angeles. "A King shall reign and peace shall be upon the earth."  
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A. Y. PEARSON, Manager.  
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**TONIGHT SHE**

See the Wonderful  
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A series of animated pictures will be shown during each performance.

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**The Mid-Night Alarm.**  
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The Mid-Night Alarm and flight of a genuine Bro engine drawn by 2 superb horses.

Prices—10, 25, 50c.

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**MATINEE TODAY—**Adults 25c any part of house, children, any seat, 10c. Gallery 50c.  
Week Commencing Monday, Jan. 18, Only New Show in Town.  
**NEW 20 == HIGH-CLASS ARTISTS == 20 NEW**  
Truly the Greatest Laughing Show Ever Given in This City.

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**FRED HALLEN AND MISS MOLLY FULLER**  
Formerly Hallen & Hart of Farce-Comedy Fame.  
America's Favorite Soubrette.

**Premier Eccentric.**  
**Mr. Chas. Wayne,**  
Late Comedian Lillian Russell Opera Company.  
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America's Singing Comedienne.

**THE LATEST EUROPEAN NOVELTY—**  
**THE TWO BOSTONS**  
Grotesque Comiques, and their Highly-Trained Dogs, Introducing Mexican Bull Fight, Trained Elephant, etc.

**THE GREAT BUSCH**  
The Golden Vampire.  
**Zazelle & Vernon**  
Comedy Acrobats Supreme.

**Jos. Phoite's**  
The World's Famous Pantomime called **Mephisto**  
Secure your seats now to avoid standing room. Performance Every Evening, including Sunday. Evening Prices, 10c, 25c, 50c. Regular MATINEES Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Prices, Adults 10c to any part of house, Children 5c any seat. Box office open from 9 a.m. till 11 p.m. Tickets can be secured by Telephone Main 1447.

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**Home Product Exhibition...**  
January 16 to February 6, 1897.  
**Special Attractions Each Day.**  
**Animatograph Scenes Every Evening.**  
**Promenade Concerts.**  
General Admission, 25 Cents; Children Under 10 Years, 10 Cents. Season Tickets, 6 Coupons for \$1.00.

**OSTRICH FARM, SOUTH PASADENA—**Open Daily to  
SIXTY GIANT BIRDS—TWENTY CHICKS A FEW WEEKS OLD.  
The most interesting and peculiar sight in the State.  
Feather Boas, Capes, Collars, Muffs, Fans and Tips at producer's prices.  
Appropriate California Souvenirs. Pasadena Electric Cars pass the gate.

**MISCELLANEOUS—**  
**CARBONS—**  
"Every Picture a Work of Art."  
**CHILDREN'S PICTURES**  
In Combination Panels and Characteristic Attitudes.  
Awarded twelve medals, including the highest (two gold) medals offered on photographs any time or place during the World's Fair Year by the World's Fair Convention of Photographers.

**FREE EXHIBITION—**  
**Chinese and Japanese Curios.**  
WING HING WO CO., Importers, 238 South Spring St.  
Have just received from the Orient a great variety of beautiful, useful and interesting art goods and curios, suitable for holiday and anniversary presents, and invite inspection. Every day welcome.

**LONGERGAN & CALKINS—**  
GOLD AND SILVER REFINERS AND ASSAYERS—Assaying ores a specialty. This includes all known processes for treating ores. We pay United States Mint prices for miners' gold, also old gold and silver in any form. Mines and mine machinery examined and dealt in.

## THE CABINET.

### Judge McKenna Arrives in Canton.

Has a Close Conference with the President-elect.

He Relates What Took Place Between Them

Reported That Hanna Will Announce Himself as a Candidate for the United States Senate—Heath for Private Secretary.

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.)  
CANTON (O.), Jan. 16.—(Special Dispatch.) Judge Joseph McKenna of San Francisco, who has been the guest of Maj. McKinley, at the special invitation of the President-elect, left for San Francisco tonight. Having had a prolonged interview with Maj. McKinley on the subject of the Pacific Coast representative in the new Cabinet, I am instructed to say to the people of the Pacific Coast, through The Times, that Judge McKenna's interview with Maj. McKinley has been most satisfactory, and that while no definite tender of a Cabinet place has been made, there is no doubt that Judge McKenna stands very near to Maj. McKinley's heart, and is very likely to find a place in the household of the next President. Judge McKenna stated the situation very clearly tonight when he said: "I think it due to both Maj. McKinley and myself that the situation should be frankly stated. I came to Canton, of course, not of my own volition, but at the President-elect's request. I have no doubt that I am one of a group of men whom Maj. McKinley has in mind for a place in his Cabinet. I think he fully intends to recognize the Pacific Slope, but so far as I am concerned no tender of a Cabinet place has been made. We have discussed the situation and the matter is left entirely open for future settlement. My interview was more than satisfactory. It was exceptionally pleasant, and whatever the result may be, I can't regret my visit."  
"Was there any particular place discussed?" Judge McKenna was asked.  
"No, I don't think that will be taken up in any case until all the men whom Maj. McKinley is considering have been selected. It will be a matter for adjustment later."  
Maj. McKinley told me substantially the same thing, saying, however, he would prefer to have any statement come from Judge McKenna himself. It is certain that Judge McKenna made a very favorable impression with the President-elect, and left for home fully satisfied with his trip.  
Senator M. S. Quay and Senator-elect Boies Penrose of Pennsylvania came here today to urge the name of Gov. Hastings of that State for the Cabinet, or, if that should fail, for a foreign ambassadorship.  
I should say the Cabinet slate tonight stands about as follows:  
Secretary of State—John Sherman.  
Secretary of the Treasury—(Open).  
Shelby M. Cullom a strong possibility.  
Dingley of Maine was Maj. McKinley's original preference, however.  
Secretary of the Navy—Ex-Gov. Long.  
Secretary of War—Russell A. Alger.  
Secretary of the Interior—Joseph McKenna.  
Attorney-General—Nathan Goff.  
Postmaster-General—(Still open).  
Secretary of Agriculture—Joseph Wilson of Iowa.  
F. B. LOOMIS.

### ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

CANTON, Jan. 16.—After five days' continuous travel, Judge Joseph McKenna of San Francisco, reached Canton early this morning. He stopped at a hotel, asked whether he came here at the solicitation of the President-elect, the Judge replied:  
"While I always desire to do all I can for the newspapers, I must decline to answer that question."  
"How long will you be in the city, Judge?"  
"Oh, may be a day or two, may be not so long. I cannot tell you."  
In further conversation he admitted he was fully aware his name had been mentioned in connection with a Cabinet portfolio. Asked as to his preference, if he was to express one, for a Cabinet place, he said:  
"That I must also decline to state. You know lawyers are given the right to object even before the question is answered. Naturally to lawyers the Secretary of the Treasury and the Attorney-Generalship would be preferable. The Interior is also a desirable place. Some of the best Cabinet officers the country has ever had have been lawyers who occupied the Navy and other portfolios."  
The further plans of Judge McKenna were not matured. He said he did not expect to go to Cleveland. He intends to return home after his conference is concluded, although he said it was possible he might go East.

### SENATOR SHERMAN.

Confirms Report of His Acceptance of Secretaryship of State.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Senator Sherman returned from Canton today. He confirmed the report that he had signified to Mr. McKinley his acceptance of the office of Secretary of State, but declined to go into particulars as to his interview with the President-elect. With reference to the Cuban question the Senator declined to add anything to his Pittsburgh interview except to say the main effort would be to preserve peace between this country and foreign nations. He

## THEY ALL SEEM TO BE LIKE THIS.



(Extract from Gen. Weyler's dispatches): "We have just won another glorious victory."

### HANNA AND THE SENATE.

Stated He Will Announce Himself a Candidate.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)  
CLEVELAND (O.), Jan. 16.—A local paper says: "Mark Hanna will announce himself as a candidate for United States Senate. He made this announcement this afternoon to ex-Congressman Henry L. Morey of Hamilton, who came to Cleveland as the accredited representative of Senator Joseph B. Foraker. 'I will announce my candidacy,' said the national chairman, 'and I believe I am capable of winning the fight alone. We believe we are entitled to the place.'"  
Col. Morey, who arrived in the city early this morning, is credited with Mr. Hanna for some time. When Mr. Morey left he was questioned and said: "I believe that Mr. Hanna will announce himself as a candidate to succeed Senator Sherman in the Senate and I believe that Gov. Bushnell will appoint him to that position."  
Gov. Bushnell will, I feel confident, dislike to do this much, for I believe he would himself like to be the successor of Senator Sherman, but nevertheless, I believe he will do it. I am sure that there has been, and will be, no contest between Mr. Hanna and Mr. Hanna's candidacy will be open above board, and I believe that Senator Foraker will bow to the very evident sentiment of the people of this State and the United States."  
When Mr. Hanna's attention was called to the statement made by Mr. Morey he flatly refused to discuss the matter.

### ANOTHER BUSY DAY.

Sensors Quay and Penrose Call on McKinley.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)  
CANTON (O.), Jan. 16.—This was another busy day for President-elect McKinley. Pennsylvania's two Senators Messrs. Quay and Penrose, came to ask consideration of Gov. Hastings for a Cabinet post and to confer on other matters. This afternoon a large delegation from Texas and the Southwest, asking for recognition of State Chairman John Grant of Texas, was heard.  
Senator Quay when seen by an Associated Press reporter said he had nothing to say as to the object of their visit to Canton further than that Gov. Hastings was spoken of among other subjects. Senator Penrose said part of their mission was to talk of Gov. Hastings' interests as a Cabinet possibility, and he did not say what position they hoped to see Hastings appointed.

### OHIO'S GOVERNOR.

Interviewed on the Subject of Sherman's Successor.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)  
NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Gov. Bushnell of Ohio, who was in the city today, was asked by a Mail and Express reporter regarding the succession to the seat in the United States Senate now held by Mr. Sherman.  
"I have had really no time to think of that question," the Governor said. "Until this morning I had no positive assurance that the Senator would go into the Cabinet although I thought he might accept the offer of the President-elect, and there I am unable to say what shall do."  
The selection of Senator Sherman gives me personally the greatest gratification," added the Governor. "His reelection will please everybody in Ohio except those people who are never satisfied with the Government. We do not care about these persons. You know there are no longer any factions in Ohio so there cannot be any strife."  
Here the Governor smiled serenely.  
"You have been named as possible successor to Mr. Sherman," the reporter suggested.  
"Yes, I have seen some reference to that, but if I name the successor as Governor, I cannot name myself and if there is a special session of the Legislature, that body will, I suppose, do as it pleases."  
The Governor said he could not say as to how Mr. Hanna or any other man would be regarded by the Legislature as a candidate for the Senate.

### Canon a Candidate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Representative Canon of Illinois, who is one of the Congressmen supposed to be a candidate for Senator Palmer's seat, will not go to Illinois to take part in the canvass.

### THE MORNING'S NEWS.

IN BRIEF.

The City—Pages 10, 11, 12, 24, 27, 28.  
Opening of the Home Product Exhibition at Hazard's Pavilion....Dentist arrested on a peculiar charge....Methods of striking union bakers....What prominent citizens think about the new charter....Great parade of trades....Dr. McLean's position not clearly defined.  
Southern California—Page 31.  
Pomona citizen's injuries prove serious....Difficulties of the Hilo Irrigation District....Slight railroad accident at Colton....District Attorney of Riverside not on the Supreme Court rolls. Mystery of Lamanda Park unsolved....New water decision in San Diego.  
Pacific Coast—Page 3.  
The pay-roll scandal at Sacramento continues to absorb attention....Mrs. Dimond returns to Honolulu....Sudden death of a railroad restaurant at Mojave....Stallion Guy Wilkes to be sent East....Funeral of young McCarthy at Oakland....Oregon's Legislature meets on Sunday....Mass-meeting at San Francisco to celebrate the defeat of the Funding Bill....Two British ships arrive at San Francisco badly damaged.  
General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3.  
Judge McKenna of California has a close conference with President-elect McKinley—He relates what took place at the interview....Hanna may announce himself a candidate for the United States Senate....Death of another John A. Beadle....Fears that Leadville mines may be flooded....Miraculous escape of the Marquette fishermen....Capture of colored criminals in Georgia....Canada will resent ecclesiastical interference....Remarkable invention in hydraulics....Corbett tells how he will handle Fitzsimmons....Everhardt knocks out Ernst at New York....Pilgrimage of Roman Catholics to Palestine....Snowstorms in Nebraska and South Dakota....The town of Byron, Ga., said to be in the hands of an armed mob....Fifteen little boys and girls burned alive in the Dallas Orphan's Home.  
By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 3.  
Bubonic plague spreading—Fears that it may reach India's famine districts. Spread of Tolstism in Russia....Defeats concentrating their forces in Egypt....Hurton Wolcott's mission to England....Denial of William Waldorf Astor's allegiance to the British crown. Slumming through Whitechapel, London....The "Personal Life of Queen Victoria"....An enormous suit in chancery....The Cologne carnival and the German army officers....Celebration of William I's birthday....United States gunboat ordered to Bankok.  
Weather Forecast.  
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—For Southern California: Fair Sunday, with moderate frosts Sunday morning; light northwesterly winds.  
At Large—Pages 1, 2, 3.  
Dispatches were also received from Victoria, B. C.; San José, Ukiah, Omaha, Atlanta, Oakland, Salem, Ore.; Cleveland and other points.  
Financial and Commercial—Page 30.  
New York the cheapest money center in the world....Chicago grain and produce....Foreign and Coast markets.

### WARSHIPS ON THE MOVE.

VALETTA (Island of Malta), Jan. 16.—The British warships Thetis and Forte have sailed for the west coast of Africa to take part in the believed in the operations against the Kintz of Benin.

## BIG SCANDAL.

### Pay-roll Still Occupies Attention.

Not Probable Any Investigation Will Be Made.

Said That Too Many Members are in the Job.

Career of Extravagance is Rampant. Another Racket Pending in the Assembly—Chamber Being Re-fitted with Handsome Furniture.

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.)  
SACRAMENTO, Jan. 16.—(Special Dispatch.) The Assembly Committee on Attaches held a secret session today to consider the payroll scandal. No decisive action was taken, and another meeting will be held at 2 o'clock on Monday morning. There is reason to think, however, that the committee will not recommend any real investigation. Too many members are concerned in the job, and the majority of the Assembly are clearly opposed to airing the scandal any further. There are now 131 attaches and committee clerks on the payroll, and their pay for this week aggregated \$4506. As many of them were not appointed until four or five days ago, they have served on an average only about six and one-half days. Their pay for a full week would amount to \$5113.46, and this may be taken as the amount of a weekly payroll. At the last session the Assembly was longer in perfecting organization, and for the purpose of comparison the payroll of that session for the fourth week in January affords a fair parallel. It amounts to \$4383, or \$730.46 less than the present payroll. For the week ending February 2, 1896, the payroll had increased to \$4654, and probably a similar increase may be expected this year.

The Assembly promises to make an unprecedented record for lavish extravagance. The appropriation bills already introduced into the Assembly amount to a total of \$2,196,639.49, and it is probable that a large proportion of them will be passed.

This career of extravagance promises to have an immediate influence on legislation. The contingent fund of the Assembly, from which its running expenses are paid, amounted to \$40,000 when the session began. Since then \$12,609.47 have been expended, leaving a present balance of \$27,390.53. With a weekly payroll of over \$5000, with several jockeying trips in prospect, a heavy bill for committee-room furniture and innumerable extras, which always crop up, it is probable that this balance will not last more than four weeks at the most. If the Assembly passes the bill to transfer money from the general to the contingent fund, Gov. Budd may veto it, and it would be impossible to get a two-thirds vote to pass the measure over his veto, for the minority is in arms against the extravagance that has been shown.

Without funds to pay the attaches and other running expenses, the Assembly would be in a serious box, and the Republican leaders are very apprehensive that the Governor will take advantage of the situation to force the passage of measures which he has been urging in his message. The Senate is in a less vulnerable position, for it had, when the session began, \$35,000 in its contingent fund, and has spent only \$612.87 up to date.

Another scandal seems impending in the Assembly. Early in the session a blanket resolution was passed authorizing the Sergeant-at-Arms to furnish the committee rooms. For several days past the assignment of roller-top oak desks, swivel chairs, the cases and expensive tables have been arriving in the Capitol. Although the furniture used at the last session is still on hand, a lavish expenditure has apparently been made, and an investigation will probably be made. The matter will come up in the Assembly on Monday on Assemblyman Emmons's resolution ordering the Controller to withhold payment pending investigation.

It looks as though another raid had been attempted on the public funds, and its full extent is not yet known. The responsibility rests with Sergeant-at-Arms Banks, an ex-Senator, whose record while in the Legislature was not such as to inspire much confidence in him now.

The Assembly Committee on Public Works held a meeting today and several members of the Board of Public Works were present. Two measures were under consideration, which appropriate the modest sum of \$50,000 for the benefit of this section of the State. One bill appropriates \$3000 for dredging the Sacramento River, and the other asks for \$250,000 to prevent mining debris from the upper portion of the river washing down. The farmers and miners have joined hands to secure the passage of these bills. Such a wholesale grab is likely to meet strong opposition, especially from the southern members, who say that the proposition is exorbitant and unwarranted.

To Dredge the Sacramento.  
SACRAMENTO, Jan. 16.—The Assembly Committee on Public Works met today and decided to recommend an appropriation of \$250,000 for dredging the Sacramento River to extend its navigable waters.



THE FATHERLAND.

PREPARING TO REORGANIZE THE ARTILLERY.

German Farmers Think of Organizing for the Purpose of Dispensing with Middlemen.

POLISH DISSATISFACTION.

THE RADICALS AND THE ANTI-PRUSSIAN LAWS.

Emperor William's Exclusiveness. The Cologne Carnival and Army Officers—Celebrating William First's Birthday.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—(By Atlantic Cable, Associated Press Copyright, 1897.) The presence in this city of Count Goluchowski, the Austrian Minister for Foreign Affairs, who arrived here this morning, is understood to be partly due to the desire of the two Emperors to come to an understanding in the projected reorganization of the artillery of both armies. Count Goluchowski called upon Prince Hohenzollern, the Imperial Chancellor, soon after his arrival, and this evening he was received in audience and will dine with Emperor William. It appears that the German military attaché at Vienna had a special audience with Emperor Francis Joseph early in the week and gave his Majesty a detailed explanation of the new German field gun, with drawings, models, etc. The German Emperor also had a long conversation with Baron von Szollosy-Marich, the Austrian Ambassador in Germany, and with the Austrian military attaché, on the same subject.

The appointment of Count Maurevič, the Russian Minister to Denmark, to be Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, in succession to the late Prince Lobanoff, is not yet received here, as it is not considered favorable to Germany.

Prince Bischoff's organ, however, in an article today, expresses the opinion that the appointment of Count Maurevič does not mean a change in the Russian policy toward Germany, and declares that Germany, and not Russia, will be responsible for any change in the present friendly relations.

The action of the grain-dealers in consolidating their interests and defying the new laws has stirred up the Agrarians, whose press, headed by the Kreuz Zeitung, is now agitating the organization of "farmers' leagues" with the view of checking the dealers and to arrange for the direct sale of their produce. It is suggested that the farmers form "sales associations" and dispense with the middleman. An open and bitter war between the Agrarians and the former members of the Prussian Exchange is now expected.

The Prussian government is finding that the Polish agitation cannot be suppressed by administrative measures under the existing laws, and is preparing a bill for introduction in the Reichstag, which will give the government the right to remove from office any official who is guilty of neglecting his duty in the matter of the Polish agitation.

In the Reichstag (Alsace-Lorraine) the government is dealing with greater severity with the anti-German propaganda and the Gazette de Lorraine, the leading organ of the French population, has been forbidden to print official news in French.

Emperor William since the removal of the court to Berlin, has resumed his customary life. He takes long walks in the Thiergarten every morning, in company with his wife, and he is very fond of the Thiergarten. His Majesty is frequently seen watching the skaters on the big lake.

Owing to unpleasant encounters with over-curious civilians during the hunt near Berlin, in November, the Emperor has instructed his gamekeepers to hunt at Buckow today that the whole territory be inclosed with ropes and barbed wire, and numerous guards will be stationed there to prevent the intrusion. Only holders of personal cards of invitation will be allowed to enter.

It is understood that the negotiations of Austria and Germany with France, with the view of abolishing the sugar duties, have been suspended.

Much stir has been caused in Cologne, owing to the order of the military Governor, Gen. Lepelquier, that no military assistance be given to the carnival and that no officers be allowed to attend it, because at one of the sessions the Prussian Minister of the Interior is responsible for the prosecutions which caused and he, between himself and Prince Hohenzollern, who disapproves of the preliminary fêtes in honor of the thirtieth anniversary of William's birthday, which are already occurring. The Pan-German students' federation made a big demonstration at the Philharmonie Hall on Thursday. The students of the veterinary college of Berlin will hold a meeting next Monday, and similar celebrations upon the part of the students of Göttingen, Marburg and Gießen have been arranged for February 15.

The arrangements for the now completed for a big national festival in honor of the centenary on March 22 in Berlin. The Emperor is taking great interest in the movement and has sanctioned the programme, which has been drawn up by a representative body of citizens and municipal authorities. Its main features are the unveiling of the national monument near the Schloss on March 22, and a big parade on the following day.

John E. Rieley, the United States Minister to Denmark, is at present in this city.

Bishop Keane Cared For. ROME, Jan. 16.—Bishop Keane, formerly rector of the Catholic University at Washington, has been appointed to the Sacred Congregation of Propaganda and Studies.

UNITED MINE WORKERS.

They Elect Officers and an Executive Board.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 16.—The United Mine Workers of America today adopted a resolution that the wages of all day labor should advance in proportion to the mining rate. Following were the nominations for president: M. D. Ratcliff, Ohio; Patrick McBride, Pennsylvania; Alexander Johnson, Ohio. The ballot resulted: Ratcliff 123, McBride 47, Johnson 2. John Kane of Indiana, was elected vice-president. W. C. Pearce is secretary. The executive board chosen is: J. H. Kennedy, Indiana; R. L. Davis, Ohio; Patrick Dolan, Pennsylvania; Fred Dichter, Ohio; Henry Stephenson, West Virginia; James Carroll, Illinois; McBride, Webb and Cameron and Miller were elected delegates to the next Federation of Labor convention. The next National Miners' Convention is to be held at Columbus, O. The delegates were voted to aid the defense of J. M. Matheny, charged with having burned a hopper. He claims to be innocent.

THE VALLEY ROAD.

TALK OF THE ROUTE BETWEEN STOCKTON AND OAKLAND.

A Surveying Party in the Field. Hunting for the Line with Easy Grades—Point Richmond a Possible Terminus.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—Vice-President Robert Watt of the San Joaquin Valley road, when asked to comment on the report that Point Richmond, Contra Costa County, had been selected as a terminus for the San Joaquin Valley road, volunteered the information that the company had a surveying party in the field endeavoring to locate a favorable route for the proposed line between Stockton and a point on the bay north of Oakland.

"The surveying party has only been in the field a few days," said he, "and as yet we have no definite information as to whether the line can be built with easy grades through the hills to the north of Oakland. It may take us two months to acquire accurate and reliable data on that head. Therefore we do not know to a certainty whether Point Richmond will suit our purposes. I do not mind saying that we have satisfied ourselves as to which is the best point on the bay for the purposes of a terminus, but whether we can reach that point with a rail line is another question entirely."

"Point Richmond is, no doubt, one of the best and most available points of land on the bay, and we have satisfied ourselves as to which is the best point on the bay for the purposes of a terminus, but whether we can reach that point with a rail line is another question entirely."

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THE LOUD BELL.

Has a Hearing Before the Senate Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The Senate Committee on Post Office and Post Roads granted a hearing today on the Loud Bell Bill. Among those heard was W. H. Harvey, author of "Colts Financial School," who opposed the bill. Harvey contended the consumer would get the benefit of any reduction in the price of publications caused by low postage by reason that there could be no monopoly of the business of the bill.

He claimed that the distribution of newspapers would be free of charge to the people. He said in reply to a question from Vilas, that the Sunday newspaper was more trashy than the daily one, and that the bill would do more harm than good.

Some of them were valuable to the sure, but any effort to establish a censorship would prove dangerous.

He hoped at least that the bill would free education to the people. He said in reply to a question from Vilas, that the Sunday newspaper was more trashy than the daily one, and that the bill would do more harm than good.

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CORBETT TALKS.

TELLS HOW HE WILL HANDLE FITZSIMMONS.

Thinks He Will Have No Trouble in Giving Fitz Good as He Receives.

DOESN'T EXPECT TO RETIRE.

THE STALLION GUY WILKES TO BE SHIPPED EAST.

Dave Shafer, Manager of the Bicycle Racing Team, is in San Francisco—Ernst Knocked Out in New York.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

CLEVELAND, Jan. 16.—James J. Corbett finished his professional engagement in this city. It is the universal opinion of the sporting fraternity that he showed up in fine form in his boxing scenes and that he displayed the same remarkable speed which has always characterized his work, and that he is stronger and more rugged than he was when he was a year ago, and he did not seem in the least distressed about his bout with Connie McVey. Before leaving town Corbett expressed himself as confident of winning the fight with Fitzsimmons, and declared that he would enter the ring on that occasion in just as good condition as when he knocked out Sullivan.

"I have been dieting myself and training moderately ever since I signed the articles to fight Fitzsimmons," said Corbett, "and my condition is tip top."

"I usually spend the greater part of the first round in feeling my man, with a view to finding out his weak points. After I have sized him up I begin to land, and I intend to hold my own as much as possible. I realize that the other chap is going to make, or what angles he can be drawn into."

"One of the great secrets of boxing is to successfully making openings, and then being quick to take advantage of them."

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the depressed condition of the market makes it problematical whether the price will reach \$100.00. That the gold should afford to lose such a blood liner and the expropriation of so many valuable mines in addition to Guy Wilkes will be seriously felt in years to come.

Nevada Wants the Fight.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 16.—There is considerable talk in Sacramento about the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight being pulled off in Nevada. The Legislature of Nevada convenes next week and it is confidently expected that some action will be taken regarding the fight. A gentleman from Reno today said that the people throughout Nevada are taking great interest in the fight. A gentleman from Reno today said that the people throughout Nevada are taking great interest in the fight.

The Wheel in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—Dave Shafer, manager of the bicycle racing team, which broke so many bicycle records at Colma, last evening, was again in California. He arrived in this city today, accompanied by Fred Loughran, the Canadian champion. Shafer is now in California, as he considers the climate the best suited to training that can be had. He is now in California, as he considers the climate the best suited to training that can be had.

AMERICAN INTERESTS.

A GUNBOAT HAS BEEN ORDERED TO HANKOW, SIAM.

The Object is to Afford the United States Consular-General Moral Support Against the Siamese Government.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—At the instance of the State Department the United States Navy has ordered a gunboat, the Machan, to Hankow, the capital of Siam, and she has sailed from Canton, China, for that place. The mission of the ship, according to the records of the Navy Department, is to afford moral support to the United States Consular-General at Hankow, Mr. Barrett, the United States Minister and Consul-General at Bangkok, moral support in certain representations which he has been making to the Siamese government in respect to the treatment of Edward V. Kellet, the Vice-Consul-General there. Mr. Kellet has become considerably annoyed at the Siamese officials, although the State Department affords no information on the subject. It is gathered that he has been subjected to some indignities and that he is now in a state of mind to leave the country.

Madden of Illinois Said to Be a Victim.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—The Journal, one of the papers that has bitterly opposed Martin B. Madden as a candidate for the United States Senate, says tonight in a double-column display that Madden was the victim of a political conspiracy, and was betrayed by promises from men who professed to be his friends, and whose political fortunes he had made. According to the Journal, the plot was hatched months ago, and the conspirators were Gov. Tanner, Congressman Loring, and Treasurer Hertz. National Committee man Jameson, Sheriff Pease, City Clerk Van Cleave and President Healy of the Board of Aldermen were named as the intended victims. Madden should be Senator, and it was determined that he should be put up as a target for the newspapers and reform organizations. At the last minute, when it would be too late to shift the batteries Madden was to be withdrawn. Gov. Tanner aspiring to the Senate himself.

Colored Criminals Captured.

MACON (Ga.), Jan. 16.—A special from Adams Park, Ga., says Charles Brown, a colored man, who was believed to be the man who shot and fatally wounded Mrs. Rowland, wife of the postmaster, while robbing the postoffice at this place, was run down by dogs and captured near here last night. Mrs. Rowland died from the effects of her wounds. The dogs have begun to gather for the purpose of lynching them. The report reached Macon last night that a mob had taken them to jail and hanged them, but the rumor has not been verified.

Death of a Noted Texan.

FORT WORTH (Tex.), Jan. 16.—John C. Duval is dead in this city from an attack of grip. He was the last survivor of the famous massacre at Goliad, in 1835. He was 81 years old when he died, and was one of the most noted soldiers of Texas in her struggle for independence and in the wars with Mexico. He had been a ranger with Capt. Jack Hayes, afterward a celebrated Confederate scout. He was the son of the late Gen. Duval of Florida, from which State he came to Texas when about 20 years old. Duval county was named for him. He was a noted writer in Texas history.

Pilgrims for Palestine.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—One hundred Roman Catholic pilgrims sailed today on the steamship Werra to visit Palestine and the Holy Land. The party will be landed at Gibraltar. From there they will go to Fiesole, Leghorn, Naples and other places on the way to Alexandria. The pilgrims will be accompanied by a special service of the United States flag of silk, with the date "1897" embroidered on it.

Battling in Idaho.

BOISE (Idaho), Jan. 16.—The ballot for Senator today resulted: Dubois 25, Texas Angel (Pop.) 24, T. J. Nelson (Dem.) 18. Others scattering. The Populists will go for Angel, while the Democrats have centered on Nelson.

Bering Sea Commission.

VICTORIA (B. C.), Jan. 16.—At the sitting of the Bering Sea Commission this morning the Pathfinder case was resumed. William Munroe gave evidence as to the value of the seal. The schooner was seized, the outfit of the vessel and the probable catch. The case was pronounced in 1888 when the schooner was seized. Since then the pioneer lady Stuart order to get ready for a so in the South. I will do my training in the vicinity of El Paso."

A Great Stallion to Go.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—California has lost many valuable trotting stallions in the past few years. One of the best, a stallion named Guy Wilkes, is about to leave for the East. The sire of Fred Moody, Hazel Wilkes, Sable Wilkes, Muta Wilkes and many other grand circuit performers, is to be shipped east in the course of a few days to be sold at public auction. Six years ago Guy Wilkes would have brought \$50,000, but

CHURCH AND STATE.

CANADA WILL RESENT ECCLESIASTICAL INTERFERENCE.

A Bill Being Prepared Providing for the Disfranchisement of Voters Who Fear Church Censure.

A REMARKABLE INVENTION.

CAPTURE OF A LOT OF COLORED CRIMINALS IN GEORGIA.

Death of a Noted Tenn.-Political Plotting Reported in Illinois. Roman Catholic Pilgrims Sail for Palestine.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—A Montreal dispatch to the Evening Post says: It is now said in well-informed circles that constitutional means will be taken to place the popular branch of the Legislature beyond any popular influence or control beyond that of a free expression of the popular will at the polls and to vindicate the supremacy of the civil State officers as against that of the church in all matters of parliamentary representation. A bill is now being prepared by a private member of the presentation to the next session of Parliament, which provides in effect for the disfranchisement of voters who are affected by any threats or spiritual pains or punishments. It is said that such threats are akin to threats of personal violence and are of a nature to justify the proposed measure.

REMARKABLE INVENTION.

A St. Louis Man Patents a New Hydraulic Discovery.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

ST. LOUIS (Mo.), Jan. 16.—Letters of patent have been taken out by Claud R. Crandall, a young business man of this city, on a remarkable discovery which is believed to be a new departure in hydraulics. It is a twenty-inch water-wheel suspended in perfect balance on standards. The patent was particularly on the method of running it. On the rim of the wheel, at a point about half way between the top and its axis level, there falls a stream of water, which is caught by little cups in the rim and carried over the top, thereby causing the wheel to revolve in a direction entirely unusual. The wheel can be made to revolve with the same rapidity in either direction, and the remarkable discovery has attracted considerable attention from men interested in such things. Whether the invention can be turned to account practically remains to be seen.

POLITICAL PLOTTING.

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A SAD GATHERING.

Funeral of the Young Man Who Lost His Life in the Sea.

OAKLAND, Jan. 16.—A sorrowing group of friends and relatives gathered at the undertaking parlors at Seventh and Castro streets to attend the funeral of John C. McCarthy, who lost his life by drowning. An aged father and one sister, all that is left of the McCarthy family, were the chief mourners, and besides these there were a number of friends. The facts which surrounded young McCarthy's unfortunate end make his death an exceptionally sad one. His aged father, who is the keeper of the lighthouse in the estuary, failed to hear his son's call for a boat, and left him for hours upon the pier, from which he slipped to his death, while he rescued three young men a short distance away. Had the keeper not gone to the rescue of the party in distress he would have heard the calls of his son and taken him from his position upon the pier long before he was exhausted.

DEPOSED ROYALTY.

Refuses to Be Interviewed Regarding the Late Minister Willis.

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—Queen Liliuokalani, deposed Queen of the Hawaiian Islands, positively refuses to be interviewed upon the death of the late Minister Willis. Her private secretary, J. A. Palmer, in referring, however, to the subject today, said: "Whether Minister Willis was sent out with sealed instructions to restore Queen Liliuokalani to her throne, or whether she granted amnesty to those concerned in setting up the provisional government, is known only to President Cleveland, and the last Minister of the Hawaiian Islands." In regard to the oft-repeated story concerning the Queen's refusal to grant the requested amnesty, Mr. Palmer said: "The Queen regained her throne the leaders would perhaps have been punished, but there was no more danger of her overthrow than there would be in Boston."

OREGON'S LEGISLATURE.

A Session of the House Held on Sunday.

SALEM (Or.), Jan. 16.—To the many peculiar features of the House deadlock is to be added that of a session on Sunday. Instead of adjourning until next Monday, as was expected, the House adjourned to meet tomorrow afternoon. The meeting will be perfunctory to meet the requirement of the Constitution, which requires that with no quorum present the House shall adjourn from day to day, and the possibility of either side taking advantage of the other did not enter into the matter. Today's session was very brief, and the House adjourned at 2 o'clock. As soon as the Benson men had secured expression from the Speaker that they would not take advantage of their absence an adjournment was taken.

MRS. DIMOND.

Returns to Honolulu on a Theatrical Career.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—Mrs. W. Dimond, the Honolulu society woman who, it is alleged, eloped from the Hawaiian Islands with Charles O. Wilson, her lover in private theatricals, sailed this afternoon by the steamer Coptic for Honolulu. She was accompanied by her recently-engaged business manager, a local agent, and two friends. Mrs. Dimond has been in San Francisco for two years. As soon as her divorce suit in Honolulu is concluded, Mrs. Dimond says she will return to the States and embark on a theatrical career. She left today vowing vengeance on all her accusers, and that she would make her husband and his family, many of whom reside here, would have their pride humbled in the dust.

Bingham Wanted in Chicago.

SPRINGFIELD (Ill.), Jan. 16.—Gov. Tanner today issued a requisition upon the Governor of Oregon for the extradition of John Bingham, alias John Bells, under arrest at Portland. Bingham is wanted for complicity in the murder of Gustavus Franklin Snyder at Chicago during the election.

Hotels—Resorts and Cafes.

GRANDEST WINTER RESORT.

On the Pacific Slope.

BEAUFUL SANTA BARBARA.

Never Closes. The Arlington Hotel. Never Closes.

The flower festival not being held this year, a great many people to Santa Barbara during January, one of the best months for fishing, ocean bathing and driving. Famous Veronica Springs one mile from hotel. War ships now in the harbor. Free swimming, beach, tennis, etc.



JANUARY 17, 1897.

## BUBONIC PLAGUE.

FEARS IT MAY REACH INDIA'S FAMINE DISTRICTS.

If it Does the Most Frightful Consequences are Expected to Result Therefrom.

## PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES.

MEETING AT THE MANSION HOUSE IN LONDON.

Spread of Cholera in Russia Causing the Authorities to Take Precautions to Prevent Its Reaching India.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

LONDON, Jan. 16.—(By Atlantic Cable, Associated Press Copyright, 1897.)

For some time past the fact has been pointed out to the fact that the face of the world is being changed by the spread of the bubonic plague.

The spread of the plague came almost with dramatic suddenness in the form of a great epidemic in the East.

The plague has been confined to the greatest alarm. Up to the present the visitations have been confined to separate areas, but it is extremely probable that the plague will ere long reach the famine districts, owing to the impossibility of preventing the migration of the panic-stricken natives, and should this turn out to be the case, competent authorities look forward to terrible mortality.

The plague is a disease which will find fruitful soil in the famine-stricken districts. The Indian government appears hardly to have foreseen such a gigantic undertaking as that of relieving the necessities of over eighty millions of people, and its ready acquiescence to the proposal to appeal to private charity indicate that it now recognizes the insufficiency of its arrangements.

The sympathy of Great Britain is now thoroughly aroused and relief funds have been started in all the chief towns.

The Mansion-House fund is approaching £50,000 and it is hoped that the total fund will reach at least £700,000, which was the amount subscribed for the relief of the sufferers of the last famine.

The newspapers, however, urge that some more drastic measure be adopted and one of the weekly papers suggests that Parliament vote a big grant of £10,000,000.

A representative of the Associated Press called on the Lord Mayor, George F. Phillips, after the meeting at the Mansion House today. At that meeting a resolution was adopted by the Mayor, recognizing it to be a public duty to assist in the work of extending the relief measure, and a motion by Henry Hobhouse, M.P., which invited the county officials and clergy to cooperate in the relief work, were adopted.

The Lord Mayor said he was hopeful that Americans would cooperate, and he wrote the following statement which he asked the Associated Press to publish in the United States:

"The Lord Mayor of London will receive with profound gratitude from the people of America for the India famine funds. He asks the royal family to contribute to the fund."

(Signed) "GEORGE FAUDEL, PHILLIPS, Lord Mayor."

From the European point of view, however, the plague is a matter of grave concern to the famine. All the continental governments are adopting precautionary measures at their ports, and the import from India of rags, linen and other articles, capable of conveying germs is prohibited, and it is announced that a European conference will be held at Rome to consider the adoption of combined measures to prevent the plague from invading Europe.

The Russian government has sent doctors to Persia to watch the progress of the disease and if it appears either in Persia or Afghanistan, the Russian frontier will be immediately closed.

The Indian government has dispatched the director-general of the medical service to study the plague at Bombay, and two chief officials of the Egyptian sanitary staff have also gone there to arrange for measures to minimize the chances of the spread of the plague to Egypt, which it is generally believed would probably mean the invasion of Egypt.

The Egyptian government has decided that if the plague shall appear in Arabia no Egyptian pilgrims will be allowed to return until the disease there shall have been completely exterminated. At a meeting of the committee on Tuesday it was decided to utilize the borings as a coal shaft and proceed to develop the coal seams discovered.

At a meeting of the Society for Checking Abuses in Public Advertising on Thursday, the chairman, Sir Henry Griffin, who will be remembered in America as one of Henry Villard's guests on the occasion of the opening of the Northern Pacific road, said that the government and Parliament must be told it is their duty to prevent the dissemination of places of natural beauty and of historical interest, though it was hard, he added, to interdict the farmers' who get more from a crop of posters than from any other source.

The Laurence Library at Florence will shortly publish some 600 letters in their entirety and chronological order, which were addressed to Michelangelo by his most celebrated contemporaries. These letters are from pious, pious, and pious writers. They have been stored in the Buonarroti archives and only portions of them have hitherto been published.

The old established agency of Kith, Prowse &amp; Co., which numbers among its patrons some of the most fashionable West End folk, has recently announced that they will conduct slumming expeditions through White Chapel and the East End of London.

The terms of the agreement are high. It is imperative that no high hats shall be worn and places visited are "the recesses of the poorest of the poor."

As a matter of fact the White Chapel district is now eminent for its respectability. Since the Jack-the-Ripper murders and police investigations of the entire district have been completely changed and there, at all hours, people are as safe as on the Strand.

The numerous murders and slayings, once dark and vividly suggestive of crime, have been thoroughly lighted so that despite its poverty the White Chapel district is not so dangerous as the corresponding tenement localities in New York.

Richard Holmes, the librarian of Windsor Castle, is preparing the material for the authoritative "Personal Life of Queen Victoria," to be published this year. These letters will embrace a consideration of Her Majesty's position, first as Princess and secondly as queen, and her reign since the death of the Prince Consort.

The writer has been authorized to correct certain statements frequently made regarding the Queen's childhood, education and early years on the throne, and he has himself written the manuscript.

A chancery suit, which bids fair to rival the famous case of "Jarndyce vs. Jarndyce," will shortly come before the court. It is a claim for the sum of £2,000,000, and concerns the right to the Drymna estates in Wales. These have an annual rent of £300,000, and are capitalized at £3,000,000, being let out as a colliery. The claimant is Nathan Richard Thomas, a collier. As may be expected there are numerous other claimants.

## INDIA'S FAMINE-STRIKEN.

Lord Mayor of London Presides at a "Sultan" Known to be Mad, and our religion prescribes us to kill every mad dog.

The young Turks, who have hitherto abstained from bloodshed, have now decided to assume the title of revolutionists, and in future will use arms against the Sultan and his followers, and our duty now is to kill, burn and ruin everything connected with the Yildiz Kiosk. We shall blow it up.

The proclamation concluded with a call upon the Turks to seek revenge, informing them that the hour to strike had arrived, and adding: "Let every true Moslem do his duty."

A dispatch to the Associated Press from Dublin says that there is no truth in the statement that Cardinal Logue has urged John Dillon to retire from the chairmanship of the Irish Parliamentary party to allow Thomas Sexton to succeed him.

Rome advices indicate that there is the greatest interest in Italy over the United States Immigration Bill. It is realized that if passed it will be a great blow to Italian immigration and some of the newspapers assert that it seems to be especially directed against Italy, which will be the heaviest sufferer, by having the highest percentage of totally uneducated emigrants.

The Post contains an advertisement of an English baronet 78 years old, nearly blind, and slowly recovering from illness, but has been deserted by his wife, and begs the benevolent to supply him with the necessities of life.

The London News says that Olga Nethersole, the actress, is to appear in the spring Dr. Oliver, who is at present in India.

## SENATOR WOLCOTT'S MISSION.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The mission to Europe of Senator Edward Wolcott of Colorado is of absorbing interest to all interested in financial matters. Thus far the Senator has been content to sound English feeling rather than to state his views on the subject of the United States Legislation, gave on January 11 to a number of distinguished Englishmen, and is expected to meet Senator Wolcott was an excellent opportunity for him to do so, as among those present were A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury and government leader in the House of Commons; the Marquis of Lansdowne, Secretary of State for War; William Courtenay, Speaker of the House of Commons; Lord Rothschild and Henry Asquith, formerly Secretary of State for the Colonies. Wolcott is also a striking example of Mr. White's position in England, as there are few men who are able to collect such a gathering at so short a notice.

A representative of the Associated Press had a brief talk with Mr. Balfour, and he said that he was not saying anything on the subject for publication on account of his official position.

"But," he remarked, "you can be sure that he has no lack of interest in the cause. However, you may say this much: I have had great pleasure in meeting Senator Wolcott and he has been in his ideas so far as I have heard them. I am certain his mission will be productive of good results to the cause of humanitarianism in both countries."

Lord Rothschild was of the opinion that whatever benefit bimetalism would derive from the Senator's mission would be an able man, and a fine figure, he said: "Of course we," alluding to his firm, "are strict monometallists." His Lordship evinced great interest in the arbitration treaty.

"Will the Senate ratify it?" he asked. "I regard it as one, if not the most important event of the century, something that tends to bring the Anglo-Saxon races together will benefit both England and America."

The Associated Press is authorized to state that all the recent reports in regard to William Waldorf Astor, which have been so prominently printed in many American papers, are untrue. Mr. Astor not only is not a naturalized citizen of Great Britain, but he has not the slightest intention of transferring his allegiance to the British crown. It is true, he recently sold a portion of his real estate in New York, but this was purely in the line of ordinary business.

The great channel tunnel scheme, which had been introduced successively by Cobden, Bright, Gladstone, Lord Salisbury, and Lord Salisbury, and by all military and naval experts, has been abandoned. At a meeting of the committee on Tuesday it was decided to utilize the borings as a coal shaft and proceed to develop the coal seams discovered.

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Richard Holmes, the librarian of Windsor Castle, is preparing the material for the authoritative "Personal Life of Queen Victoria," to be published this year. These letters will embrace a consideration of Her Majesty's position, first as Princess and secondly as queen, and her reign since the death of the Prince Consort.

The writer has been authorized to correct certain statements frequently made regarding the Queen's childhood, education and early years on the throne, and he has himself written the manuscript.

A chancery suit, which bids fair to rival the famous case of "Jarndyce vs. Jarndyce," will shortly come before the court. It is a claim for the sum of £2,000,000, and concerns the right to the Drymna estates in Wales. These have an annual rent of £300,000, and are capitalized at £3,000,000, being let out as a colliery. The claimant is Nathan Richard Thomas, a collier. As may be expected there are numerous other claimants.

## Spend of Tolstolom.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The Evening Post's copyrighted London cablegram today says: The spread of Tolstolom among the educated and professional classes of Russia, has led to a spirited state of crusade against the Tolstols. In some villages one out of every ten inhabitants is an avowed Tolstolom and there are many more secret adherents. A notable accession to the cause is Prince Dimitri Chilkoff.

The houses of suspected persons are being searched. Tolstols' works are confiscated and the owners are entered in the police black book. Some active Tolstols have mysteriously disappeared from Pavlova, and it is feared they have been sent to Siberia. Others have had their children taken from them. It is stated the Council of State has considered the question of Tolstols' expulsion and only refrains from an attack on so great an authority and thinker should rally his forces to his side.

## Dervishes Concentrating.

ROME, Jan. 16.—Massovah advices are to the effect that a body of Dervishes, believed to be the advance guard of the entire Dervish forces, has entered the Kedaref district and is moving on Agordat. The Italian government is concentrating all the troops available near Agordat, which is well defended.

## ORPHANS' HOME FIRE.

FIFTEEN LITTLE GIRLS AND BOYS REPORTED DEAD.

Nine Others More or Less Seriously Burned—Relatives and Friends Actively Engaged Searching the Ruins.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

DALLAS (Tex.), Jan. 16.—Fifteen little boys and girls are dead as a result of last night's fire at the Buckner Orphan's Home, and nine others are seriously burned and crushed. Three of the injured, it is thought, cannot recover. The awfulness of the holocaust was not fully realized until today.

The orphanage, which was built on a 10 o'clock Friday night and raged until 1 o'clock Saturday morning, did not cool enough for search for bodies in the ashes until early this morning. At that time it was found that five of the children had been burned to death. When the ashes had cooled enough to admit of a search, scores of sympathizing friends and neighbors began the sad task of finding the bodies of the five whom it was known had perished. The search had been hardly instituted when the terrible truth that there were more than five bodies in the ashes became known. The search continued until dawn, when fifteen bodies had been found. The dead:

OSCAR JACKSON, aged 12.

BIRD BRITTON, aged 13.

MARION BRITTON, aged 10.

MILTON BRITTON, aged 10, all of Dallas county.

CARLOS JONES, aged 5, of Hunt county.

WILLIE RICHARDS, aged 5, of Collins county.

GROVER CLEVELAND YARBOROUGH, aged 13, of Smith county.

PRESTON CRIBBS, aged 13, of Fannin county.

WILLIAM MILLER, aged 7, of Lamar county.

EUGENE BLACK, aged 5, of Callahan county.

VIRGIL NELSON, aged 10, of Marion county.

RICHARD MARRAH, aged 10, of Denton county.

ARTHUR EDWARDS, aged 10, of Wise county.

OSCAR HOWARD, aged 5, of Cherokee county.

RAY KING, aged 9, of the Indian Territory.

THOMAS O'BANNON, aged 6, died at 1 o'clock today from his burns.

The seriously injured are:

DAN GRACE, aged 5, fatally burned over two-thirds of his body.

EARL DODDLE, aged 6, badly burned on back.

CHARLES BOYD FRIEND, aged 13, seriously burned and probably fatally injured on head, face, hands and arms, and injured on head from jumping from second-story window.

RICHARD ZIMMERMAN, aged 12, seriously burned on head, face and neck.

BIRD BRITTON, aged 17, hands burned and ankle sprained from a jump from the second story.

WALTER BLOCKINGTON YARBOROUGH, aged 13, both hands burned.

BENNIE WARE, aged 11, seriously injured; not expected to live.

TIM COTT, aged 10, burned on both legs.

SAMUEL HENDERSON, aged 10, burned about the face, hands and arms.

## FLOODING ON THE HIGH SEAS.

The New Bill Does Not Mean Its Restoration.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Senator Frye, chairman of the Committee on Commerce, who drew the provisions of the substitute for House Bill No. 2663, which has passed the Senate, says that the provisions of the bill cannot be construed to mean the restoration of flagging on the high seas. The provisions of the bill as it passed the Senate is as follows:

"Every master or other officer of an American vessel on the high seas, who shall be guilty of any act of piracy or maritime jurisdiction of the United States who, without justifiable cause, beats or wounds, or imprisons the members of the vessel's crew, or withholds from them suitable food and nourishment, or inflicts upon them any cruel and unusual punishment shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$1000, or by imprisonment of not more than five years, or both."

The provisions of the House bill were as follows:

"Every master or officer of any American vessel on the high seas, who shall be guilty of any act of piracy or maritime jurisdiction of the United States, who, without justifiable cause, beats or wounds, or imprisons the members of the vessel's crew, or withholds from them suitable food and nourishment, or inflicts upon them any cruel and unusual punishment shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$1000, or by imprisonment of not more than five years, or both."

Senator Frye says that the House bill would allow any sailor to attack the master or other officers, and that he would not defend himself or his vessel and will carry pistols, and side arms, and that the Senate bill would restore flagging, but Senator Frye says that it cannot be construed in any such manner.

The substitute was reported from the Committee on Commerce December 21 last, and passed the Senate January 7.

## Afrail of the Tariff.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Delegates from the silk and linen interests of Lyons and Stettin have presented their views to the Minister for Foreign Affairs and the Minister for Commerce relative to the threatened increase of the tariff of the United States, which they said, would imperil the great interests which the delegates represented.

SMOKE DELICIOUS

RARE-BIT

5¢ Cigar

DEALERS SUPPLIED BY

KINGSBAKER BROS &amp; CO. LOS ANGELES

YOUR EYES.

Do your glasses give you satisfaction? Do not there is some reason for it. We will not cost you nothing to find out. We make a specialty of the EYE, fit and grind lenses to correct defects of EYE SIGHT and to relieve muscular strains. Oculist prescriptions filled. Glasses made and repaired. Repairing neatly done.

BOSTON OPTICAL COMPANY.

Krye &amp; Graham, 228 W. Second St. Open Evenings.

The Haviland. The best appointed China store on the Pacific Coast.

245 SOUTH BROADWAY.

The Surprise Millinery.

Wholesale and Retail.

242 South Spring St.

PAYS TO DEAL AT

Diamond Bros.

The new Dry Goods Store, N E

Cor. Main and Second Sts.



**320 SOUTH SPRING ST. LOS ANGELES.**

**WE GIVE YOU WHAT WE ADVERTISE.**

What you read in our advertisements we always carry in stock. The Owl has no connection with the words "just out."

**MRS. ALLEN'S Female Restorative.**

Why suffer with Coughs and Colds? Buy a Lung Protector. Large Size 75c. Small Size 50c.

Our Price, 65 cents.

**Chamois Chest Protectors.** 50c, 75c, \$1.00.

**Baker's Celebrated Tar and Wild Cherry** Stops any Cough. 25c and 50c Bottle.

**Pure Bock and Rye.** 75 cents Pint.

**The Hartford Hot Water Bottles.** 2 quart.....70c 3 quart.....75c 4 quart.....80c

**Mail Orders.** Receive our prompt and careful attention. We do not pay postage. Mail rates are one cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce. Any over-remittance will be promptly refunded. It is better to remit with order, as it is injudicious to have goods sent by express C. O. D. for small amounts, when the return charges of \$2 would counterbalance the saving in price to our customers. Goods sent by mail at purchaser's risk.







FOR SALE-

**Houses.**

**FOR SALE—**  
A 6-room and bath, new modern  
\$1000—\$300 cash and \$20 per month  
balance.  
1208 Union Ave., near Pico  
GUEZTE, room 41, the Holmsted  
Brooklyn Avenue.  
30 acres in Oregon.  
30 acres near Monrovia.  
100 acres near Vineland in pre-  
sented grove near Arcadia.  
100 acres near Vineland in pre-  
sented grove near Arcadia.  
Park.  
Fruit orchard near Anaheim.  
Chicago office for Los Angeles.  
W. H. CHAINED, 163 S. Broadway.

**FOR SALE—“HOME, SWEET HOME”**  
\$1200—\$40 cash. \$12 monthly, new  
modern, 6-room, 1½ bath, new  
bath; electric cars; cement  
walk; a bargain.  
Call 1234 425 monthly, new  
modern, 12th, near Union; fresco  
tile; chandeliers; new dining  
mantel, china cabinet, cement  
basement, barn, fence, seagulls.  
W. H. CHAINED, 163 S. Broadway.

**FOR SALE—**  
**INSTALLMENTS.**  
During the past year I have  
sold our cottages on easy instal-  
ments but we have more, ranging in price  
from \$100 to \$250 per month. If  
cash, and \$10 to \$25 per month. If  
instalments, \$10 to \$25 per month.  
and located in any part of the city  
17  
C. F. SCHIERER

**FOR SALE—LARGE ENOUGH FOR**  
modern, cozy enough for 2, fine  
modern, 6-room, 1½ bath, new  
man of moderate means, high  
convenient to everything, new  
modern, 6-room, 1½ bath, new  
I've had in the Westlake Park  
district, near the city, a fine  
house, a perfect house for some one.  
MCKINLEY, 315 S. Broadway.

**FOR SALE—NEW 5-ROOM HOUSE**  
rooms in the Walkall tract, on  
the side, that rents for \$17 per month.  
Call 1234 425 monthly, new  
modern, 12th, near Union; fresco  
tile; chandeliers; new dining  
mantel, china cabinet, cement  
basement, barn, fence, seagulls.  
W. H. CHAINED, 163 S. Broadway.

**FOR SALE—**  
2-room house, 10th and Towne, 234  
eral new 5-room houses. Central ave.  
near 10th and Towne, 234  
same as rent E. C. CRIBB & W. Second  
ave. W. Second.

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**FOR SALE—SUPPOSE YOU WANT**  
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a corner, 6-room, 1½ bath, new  
sewered street convenient to 3 car  
suppose it was new and modern; sup-  
pose everything you require; sup-  
pose it was for \$200, on your own  
terms; suppose it was for \$200, on  
show it to you and see if it fits. W.  
EAKINS, 315 S. Broadway.

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**FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT:** 650 0 and 660 at \$15 per month, without interest, ready to move on grand street. No. 12 2712 1/2

**FOR SALE—4200 BVS THE FINE PINE** at 1223 Pasadena Ave.; lot 4500, fine assortment of fruit and nut trees, large vegetable garden, barn of other outbuildings. Call 2712 1/2

**FOR SALE—EUGENE 1-BRM HOUSE** with electric case, electric case, heat and hard wood, \$150 cash, near 19th monthly. J. LEAN, E. at, near 19th

**FOR SALE—ONLY 215 CASH, NE** room, hard-wooded cottage with porch, etc. via two front lots, large lawn, apply E.T. WHEELER, street Second.

**FOR SALE—CELTIC HOMES** at 11th and 12th, 212 1/2 and electric and gas. Mrs. M. LAMSON, 217 W. lat at 12th

**FOR SALE—CHAP, HOUSE AND LOT** Third, 2 cars from front lot, 12th and 13th, apply 634 BOYD ST.



## LINERS.

## FOR SALE—

## Houses.

FOR SALE—NEW MODEL ROOM COTTAGE, 200 cash, balance monthly payments, 10 minutes' walk from city hall. W. E. DEMING, room 15, 211 W. First.

FOR SALE—INSTALLMENTS, HOUSE AND 2 lots fenced, large 2-story bath, 5-year-old fruit trees, fine chickens, cows, pigs, etc. See OWNER, room 216 Wilcox block.

FOR SALE—2 ROOM DWELLINGS, SOUTHWEST, excellent surroundings, a real home and a big bargain, very low price, easy terms. F. J. CRESNEY, Potomac block, 17.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT LITTLE HOME, near Harper tract, a snap for \$250; cost more than this to build; owner must sell. Address OWNER, 115 W. 23d st.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL HOME, FINE location, in the Harper tract; this acre can be bought away from it taken at once. S. P. CRESNEY, 217 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—WILL BUILD 6-ROOM HOUSE, bath, pantry, porch, etc., other work proportionately, plans and specifications for building. Address F. J. CRESNEY, 217 S. Broadway.

TO LET—EAST LOS ANGELES CORNER Hollman and Hawthorne, 10-room house, rent cheap. Owner 417 S. Hill, or Ewing & Arnold, Broadway.

FOR SALE—2-ROOM AND BATH NEW cottage near Hollman block, \$1200—\$100 cash, \$10 per month, low interest. C. L. LOAN CO., 415 S. Spring.

FOR SALE—A HOUSE OF 9 ROOMS AND BATH on Ninth st., near Alvarado, at cheap price for cash, inquiry to OWNER, at the Belmont cor. Fifth and Main sts.

FOR SALE—BY OWNER, GOING AWAY; must sell. Own price, 10-room house, 3 lots, with fruit trees, etc., ROWLAND and PACIFIC AVE. W. 16th st.

FOR SALE—\$12,000 ELEGANT HOME IN Harper tract; 10 rooms, bath, closets, 10x14 ft. corner, ERNEST G. TAYLOR, 412-414 Broadway Bldg.

FOR SALE—\$15,000 COTTAGE, 10 ROOMS, modern cottage, clean corner, block south Jefferson and Central. C. H. GIRDLESTONE, 217 W. First.

FOR SALE—HOUSES BUILT, IF YOU LOT in clear, will build a house and accept mortgage for contract price. W. N. HOLWAY, 218 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—MUST BE SOLD IN 25 DAYS, that beautiful cottage with all modern improvements, call and see it; sell very cheap. 214 W. 17th.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—4-ROOM COTTAGE on 21st st., close to Maple ave.; will take good lot as part payment. F. G. SEY, 112 Broadway.

FOR SALE—SOME OF THE SHARPEST bargains in lot houses, 10 rooms, 2-story, age also exchanges. MRS. HARDEN, 619 S. Spring st.

FOR SALE—WE CAN OFFER BIG BARGAIN in elegant 8-room home it taken this week. BOWEN & POWERS, 230 S. Spring.

FOR SALE—AN ATTRACTIVE HOME, near Main and 24th; a big bargain; look at this for \$500. F. J. CRESNEY, Potomac block.

FOR SALE—SNAP: 6-ROOM HOUSE, BATH, etc., wide side San Pedro st., near Ninth, price \$150. G. C. EDWARDS, 220 W. First.

FOR SALE—NEW 4-ROOM COTTAGES, close in, \$800 to \$1200, in installments, cheap as rent. R. J. LIST, 215 W. Second.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL COLONIAL COTTAGE of 6 rooms at 1423 GIRARD ST.; nearly new and first-class throughout. 19

FOR SALE—HOTELS AND LODGING-HOUSES.

FOR SALE—Furniture and pictures of exceptionally well-furnished private hotel; would exchange for good property.

THE GOWEN-EBERLE CO. \$2500—40-room apartment flats, central, completely furnished, very desirable. THE GOWEN-EBERLE CO., 147 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—2-room lodging-house on Hill st., north of Fourth st.; well furnished; would take city property for half its value. F. J. CRESNEY, 217 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—\$7000—11 ROOMS, EXCELLENT location; easy terms. \$275—8 rooms, Broadway; bargain. \$1800—10 rooms, central; 1/2 cash, balance monthly. Must sell this week. ERNEST & CO., 118 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—26-ROOM lodging-house; 10-room lodging-house; 11-room lodging-house; 10-room lodging-house; 8 rooms on the best street; 10 rooms, central; 1/2 cash, balance monthly. Must sell this week. ERNEST & CO., 118 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—A LODGING-HOUSE OF 18 rooms, fully furnished, central; city location; good business; price \$1000, rent \$75, terms to suit; must be sold. F. J. CRESNEY, Potomac block, 17.

FOR SALE—A NICE, NEW LODGING-HOUSE of 20 rooms, heart of city; will be sold reasonable and on easy terms; an excellent business; call on MRS. C. S. HEALD, 215 Broadway.

FOR SALE—LODGING-HOUSE, BEAUTIFUL location, 18 rooms, central; large, cheerful; for cash or part trade for city lot, southwest. Address D. box 92, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE; LODGING-HOUSE of 30 rooms, fine location; low rent; 2 years' lease; 1/2 cash, balance trade. PARKER & FLOYD, 162 S. Broadway.

## FOR SALE—

## Business Property.

FOR SALE—HILL ST. BETWEEN Fourth and Fifth, at \$200 a foot; this is margin; 100 ft. wide; 100 ft. deep; will not go begging long. Also, Main st., near Sixth, income property at \$250 a foot; can you beat it? Improvements cost \$7000; these are 2 genuine snags in business property, and if the investor can get \$1000 for the lot, he will have a whole street, and look at them we do not fear the result. C. L. PARSONS, S.E. cor. Second and Broadway.

FOR SALE—MAIN STREET IS NOW in the swim; new electric cars, paved streets, offering a fine lot near 8th st. for only \$150 per foot; the lucky purchaser will add \$50 per foot to his bank account within six months. See us on this Monday. CLARK & BRYAN, 127 W. Third st.

FOR SALE—ARE YOU WISHING A FINE investment in a business property? If so, see us. We have for sale an elegant lot on Spring street and a first-class tenant for an entire three-story block for 10 years at a very remunerative rate. Amount necessary to purchase, \$10,000. CLARK & BRYAN, 127 W. Third st.

FOR SALE—FINE 50-foot corner, on a paved street, close in; this is away below adjoining lots. \$2500—Drive st., near First, big lot and big house, but little money for it. 315 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—IF YOU WANT AN ABSOLUTELY safe investment that will certainly bring you a good return, look at this business lot on Spring st., that is unquestionably the best buy in the city for years. CLARK BRYAN, 127 W. Third st.

FOR SALE—\$10,000 COTTAGE, 10 ROOMS, modern cottage, clean corner, block south Jefferson and Central. C. H. GIRDLESTONE, 217 W. First.

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## FOR SALE—

## Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITERS, CHEAP: Smith-Premier, 250; Remington, 225; Hammond, 225; Barlock, 225. ALEXANDER & BROWN, 217 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—PARTIES LEAVING THE city will sell at a sacrifice furniture of a 7-room house, all or part; house for rent Feb. 1. Inquire 142 KILLAM AVE., Inglewood Heights.

FOR SALE—IMPROVED PIANO, WALNUT case, \$150; piano for rent, \$2.50 per month. Standard sewing machine, cheap; typewriter for \$25; organ \$35. L. A. LOAN CO., 115 S. Spring.

FOR SALE—NEARLY NEW LARGE spring wagon, suitable for furniture or express delivery, for less than \$100; cost, \$180. See same at ANCHOR STABLES, 232 S. Main st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, 1 DOZ. BROWN LEIGH hatching hens, gasolene range, poultry, cultivator, chicken fence, piggy, terraced cart, harness, 1215 PASADENA AVE.

FOR SALE—CABINET VAPOR BATH, tank and pump, suitable for doctor's office; cost \$25; will sell for \$15; almost new, a rare chance. 240 S. BROADWAY.

FOR SALE—NINE FURNITURE OF SIX-ROOM cottage, 1000 ft. of land, and lot, for rent, only \$15; 100 ft. close in, near 13th st. Call at 215 W. PICO.

FOR SALE—CRATE, 1000 PAGES, CRITICAL letter copying book and ink, copies without price; will take groceries. Address 312 Crocker.

FOR SALE—OIL HEATER, DINING table, toilet set, Japanese rug, sewing machine, etc., must be sold. 117 FOURTH ST.

FOR SALE—WINDMILL, CHEAP, 10 FEET, Fairbanks, pump and tank, nearly new. CHARLES W. McILLAN, 127 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT UPRIGHT PIANO, 1000 ft. of land, and lot, for rent, only \$15; 100 ft. close in, near 13th st. Call at 215 W. PICO.

FOR SALE—ATTENTION, LAWYERS: 85 Buys Public Office, 1000 ft. of land, and lot, for rent, only \$15; 100 ft. close in, near 13th st. Call at 215 W. PICO.

FOR SALE—EVENING DRESS FOR \$2.00, imported lavender embroidered melle, made in latest style. Address F. box 18, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—A SMALL BARN FOR REMOVAL; also a lot of second-hand lumber. S. BEACH, on Figueroa st., 1 mile south of Jefferson.

FOR SALE—OUR STOCK OF '96 WAVER bicycles for the next 10 days at less than cost. CARR BROS., agents, 629 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—WILL SELL MY ROSEWOOD upright Emerson piano for \$35; 3 cash, remainder in installments. 315 S. BROADWAY.

FOR SALE—GANG PLOW, CHEAP: 400 ft. of land, and lot, for rent, only \$15; 100 ft. close in, near 13th st. Call at 215 W. PICO.

FOR SALE—A FINE 500 POUND KODAK, used only one month; \$100.00. EARLE C. ANTHONY, 113 W. Seventh st.

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## FOR EXCHANGE—

## Real Estate.

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LINERS.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSES.

TO LET—ONE OF THE MOST ELABORATELY appointed and completely furnished homes in the city; the rooms are spacious, restful, abundantly lighted and heated, and equipped with every convenience that art and abundant means could supply; the grounds are ornamental with lawns, shrubbery and an abundance of fruit trees; a complete kitchen, including a large refrigerator, is included. J. C. OLIVER, 256 Broadway, Tel. 215.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE, PARLOR, dining-room, kitchen and large bath; first floor, 4 bedrooms, second floor, large attic and cellar, bath, etc.; elegantly and completely furnished; price, including horse and phaeton, \$50 per month; adults only. Call on BEN E. WARD, 125 W. Third st., or at home, 267 W. 28th st.

TO LET—LARGE, HANDSOMELY FURNISHED house on one of the best corners on Hoover st. near Adams; everything complete for an elegant and most comfortable residence; reasonable rent to responsible parties with children. F. M. GILBERT, 403 Currier Building.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, cheap, six months or a year to remain; all parties, elegant modern, 10-room house, 21st st., near Union st.; 5 bedrooms, gas, bath, lawn, with every convenience; call on BEN E. WARD, 125 W. Third st., or at home, 267 W. 28th st.

TO LET—COMPLETELY FURNISHED, 3-room cottage, 1st and cold water, beautiful large grounds, fruit trees and lawns, large, bath, etc.; call on BEN E. WARD, 125 W. Third st., or at home, 267 W. 28th st.

TO LET—COTTAGE OF 3 ROOMS, with bath, and large yard, with lawn and flowers; call on BEN E. WARD, 125 W. Third st., or at home, 267 W. 28th st.

TO LET—A CLEAN, NICELY FURNISHED 3-room cottage, 1st and cold water, beautiful large grounds, fruit trees and lawns, large, bath, etc.; call on BEN E. WARD, 125 W. Third st., or at home, 267 W. 28th st.

TO LET—A NEW 5-ROOM MODERN COTTAGE, 1st and cold water, beautiful large grounds, fruit trees and lawns, large, bath, etc.; call on BEN E. WARD, 125 W. Third st., or at home, 267 W. 28th st.

TO LET—COMPLETELY FURNISHED RESIDENCE, 21st and cold water, beautiful large grounds, fruit trees and lawns, large, bath, etc.; call on BEN E. WARD, 125 W. Third st., or at home, 267 W. 28th st.

TO LET—A MODERN 6-ROOM COTTAGE, 1st and cold water, beautiful large grounds, fruit trees and lawns, large, bath, etc.; call on BEN E. WARD, 125 W. Third st., or at home, 267 W. 28th st.

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MONEY TO LOAN—

UNION LOAN COMPANY, STIMSON BLDG., cor. Third and Spring, loans money on all kinds of collateral security, watches, diamonds, jewelry and household goods, without removal; low interest; money at once; business confidential; private office for ladies, 112 1/2 and 113 1/2, first floor, Tel. 161. References: Citizens Bank, Security Bank.

PACIFIC LOAN COMPANY, LOANS IN ANY amount on all kinds of collateral security, diamonds, jewelry and household goods; also private, lodging, boarding-house or hotel, without removal; partial payment will be received; money quick, business confidential; private office for ladies, W. E. DE GROOT, manager, rooms 2, 3 and 4, 114 S. Spring st.

\$30,000 TO LOAN—MONEY LOANED FOR private parties. Apply to R. G. LANT, Agent for the Germania Savings and Loan Society, 127 W. Second st.

GOLD OR SILVER, JUST AS YOU PREFER. We have both to loan on good collateral or real estate security, at low rates of interest. THE SYNDICATE LOAN CO., 125 1/2 S. Spring st., rooms 6, 7 and 8. Tel. Main 4250. S. MILLER, manager.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT on diamonds, watches, jewelry, pianos, safes, real estate, and household goods in private, lodging, boarding-house or hotel, without removal; partial payment will be received; money quick, business confidential; private office for ladies, G. M. JONES, rooms 14, 15, 24 1/2 S. Broadway, next City Hall.

TO LOAN—THREE TO FOUR MONTHS or delay before payment. If you furnish a policy of life insurance from the FIDELITY and SECURITY CO., we will advance you the cash, as evidence of title.

LOAN ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, jewelry, pianos, safes, real estate, and household goods in private, lodging, boarding-house or hotel, without removal; partial payment will be received; money quick, business confidential; private office for ladies, G. M. JONES, rooms 14, 15, 24 1/2 S. Broadway, next City Hall.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, watches, diamonds, pianos and real estate; interest reasonable; prompt service. CHARLES C. LAMB, 225 S. Spring st., entrance room 67.

THE SQUAT BUILDING AND LOAN COMPANY, loans money on diamonds, watches, jewelry, pianos, safes, real estate, and household goods in private, lodging, boarding-house or hotel, without removal; partial payment will be received; money quick, business confidential; private office for ladies, G. M. JONES, rooms 14, 15, 24 1/2 S. Broadway, next City Hall.

POUNDSTER & WADSWORTH, ROOM 38, 212 S. Broadway, loans money on diamonds, watches, jewelry, pianos, safes, real estate, and household goods in private, lodging, boarding-house or hotel, without removal; partial payment will be received; money quick, business confidential; private office for ladies, G. M. JONES, rooms 14, 15, 24 1/2 S. Broadway, next City Hall.

TO LOAN—\$500 TO \$5000 IN SUMS TO \$1000—ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, jewelry, pianos, safes, real estate, and household goods in private, lodging, boarding-house or hotel, without removal; partial payment will be received; money quick, business confidential; private office for ladies, G. M. JONES, rooms 14, 15, 24 1/2 S. Broadway, next City Hall.

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LIVE STOCK FOR SALE—

FOR SALE—BARGAINS AT THE RAYMOND HOTEL. Pianos, 400; Handmade tall-boy, imported baroque for same; 1 elegant extension-top carriage, new; new, gentlemen's suits, carried, can be bought right. It will pay you to look them over. For buying elsewhere, also 2 horses, cheap. Inquire for J. KALEA, at the stables, 18 E. 1st.

FOR SALE—I HAVE FOR SALE A HANDSOME, 6 and 7 years old, city broke; also silver-mounted, imported harness and 2 seat phaeton, complete; sold only for want of use. Apply at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—THE HANDSOMEST AND BEST BROKE DRIVING HORSE IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA; perfectly sound and gentle for ladies or gent's fancy driving; weight, 1500 lbs.; for sale at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME PAIR OF MEDIUM sized matched ponies, perfectly gentle, for children to drive; harness and 2 seat phaeton, complete; sold only for want of use. Apply at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—3 HEADS OF HORSES, ANY kind, for sale at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—FINE STANDARD BRED driving mare, 1 year old, gentle, perfectly sound and gentle for ladies or gent's fancy driving; weight, 1500 lbs.; for sale at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—HORSE AND PHAETON; horse young, good traveler; perfectly gentle; phaeton good as new; new harness; call for price at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—BROWN LEGION EGGS, standard bred, Fertile & Thoroughbred, delivered in Los Angeles, for sale at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—YOUNG CATTLE, 64 HEAD; nearly half bred, 2 years old, for the herd. OWNERS, 412 1/2 S. Spring st., room 2.

FOR SALE—THE BEST FAMILY HORSE IN LOS ANGELES; 4 years old, weight, 1500 lbs.; for sale at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—A FINE BUSINESS HORSE; horse, harness and wagon, and 5-year-old mare, harness and top buggy; can be seen at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—HORSE, HARNESS AND CART; very cheap, or will trade; what have you? G. W. WHISK, Clinton st., near Lincoln ave., Pasadena.

FOR SALE—DO YOU WANT THE BEST Jersey cow in city? From 3 to 4 gallons milk daily; gentle; fine milk; call for price at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—BUGGY AND HARNESS; horse, harness and wagon, and 5-year-old mare, harness and top buggy; can be seen at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—PHAETON AND HARNESS; horse, harness and wagon, and 5-year-old mare, harness and top buggy; can be seen at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—FRESH JERSEY COW AND CALF; JACOB MUTH, 1st block west of Central ave., on Austin st., first st. south of Central ave., for sale at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—PRETTIEST SADDLE HORSE IN LOS ANGELES; large chestnut sorrel; drives well. Apply room 316, WILCOX BLDG.

FOR SALE—A FULL-BLOODED JERSEY cow, fresh in 2 1/2 months; price \$40; owner going away. Call evenings, 145 W. 2nd st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE NICEST SADDLE horses in city, perfectly safe for lady to ride. Address 13, 105 1/2 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—FINE HORSE, SURELY AND HANDSOME; 4 years old, weight, 1500 lbs.; for sale at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—BLACK MARE, KID, and foal; 2 years old, weight, 1500 lbs.; for sale at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—A GENTLE, KIND, STYLISH horse, 4 years old, weight, 1500 lbs.; for sale at 826 S. MAIN ST.

FOR EXCHANGE—WILL TRADE NEW, gold watch, cost \$100, for family horse, address P. box 42, Times office.

FOR SALE—YOUNG, FRESH DURHAM and Devonshire cow, Apply 162 S. WALNUT ST., East of Broadway.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME SHELTERED saddle pony, saddle and bridle; safe for child. W. W. SEVEN, 2nd st., near Hill.

FOR SALE—A GENTLE FAMILY HORSE with new buggy and harness, cheap. Call 145 W. 2nd st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE NICEST SADDLE horses in city, perfectly safe for lady to ride. Address 13, 105 1/2 S. MAIN ST.

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FOR SALE—BLACK MARE, KID, and foal; 2 years old, weight, 1500 lbs.; for sale at 826 S. MAIN ST.

CIRCULATION.

Sworn Weekly Statement of the Circulation of the Los Angeles Times.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, ss. Personally appeared before me, Harry Chandler, superintendent of circulation of the Times-Mirror Company, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the daily bona fide circulation of the Los Angeles Times for the week ending January 16, 1897, were as follows: Sunday, January 10, 12,010 copies; Monday, 12,010; Tuesday, 12,010; Wednesday, 12,010; Thursday, 12,010; Friday, 12,010; Saturday, 12,010. Total for the week, 84,070. Daily average for the week, 12,010. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of January, 1897. J. C. OLIVER, Notary Public in and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper. The above aggregate, viz., 120,010 copies, is used by us during the seven days of the past week, if, as reported on the basis of a six-day evening paper, the daily average circulation for each week-day of 20,151 copies.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which they employ in their business, and this 7,342 TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time.

PERSONAL—

PERSONAL—R. ALPHS BROS., 201 S. Broadway, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 5



# TEETH EXTRACTED POSITIVELY WITHOUT PAIN..... NOTHING INHALED.....

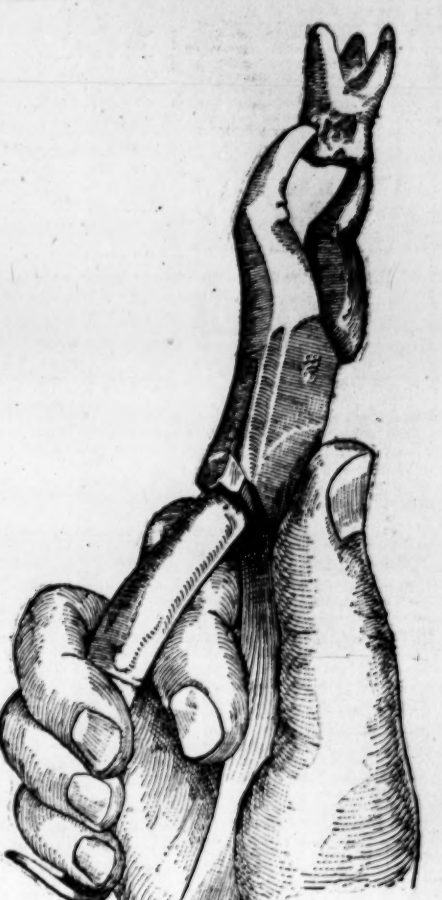
No Gas, Chloroform, Cocaine, or anything else dangerous. From one to thirty-two teeth extracted at one sitting without any bad after effect. Safest and best method for elderly people and persons in delicate health, and for children.

**ONLY 50 CENTS AN EXTRACTION....** A Reduction Where Several are Extracted.  
You do not have to "take something and run the risk."

## FLEXIBLE RUBBER DENTAL PLATES OUR NEW PROCESS.

Of Flexible Dental Plates is as yet but little known by the public, and less understood by dentists in general. It has many advantages over the ordinary rubber plate, even gold plates, being lighter and thinner. This plate being flexible, no thicker than heavy writing paper, fits closer to the mouth, will last longer, and is tougher than any other rubber. Once tried, no other plate will be desirable. Brought to the notice of the public through Dr. Schiffman only.

**One Gold Filling in Every Flexible Rubber Plate Free of Charge.**



LOS ANGELES, Oct. 14, 1896.  
I can cheerfully recommend Dr. Schiffman's method of extracting teeth. I have had teeth taken out before by so-called painless methods, but this is the first time I have ever had one extracted positively without pain. This method is surely painless one. STELLA TEMPLE, Santa Monica, Cal.

Oct. 19th, 1896.  
I have just had two badly ulcerated teeth extracted without one particle of pain by Dr. Schiffman's method, and an attendant, this method to all nervous people as harmless, and, above all, painless. MRS. B. R. WARD, No. 217 N. Madison St., Pasadena, Cal.

Oct. 21st, 1896.  
I have just had some teeth extracted by Dr. Schiffman's method, and I would have no other. Just try it once and you will be convinced as I was. MRS. B. R. REYNOLDS, Covina, Cal.

November 9, 1896.  
This is to certify that Dr. Schiffman just extracted a very sore tooth for me and I did not even feel it when it came out. Good luck to him. G. W. WILSON, Redondo.

November 10, 1896.  
I have just had two teeth pulled by the "Schiffman Method" and it did not hurt one bit. EDNA TERRELL, 907 New Depot Street.

November 11, 1896.  
I heartily recommend Dr. Schiffman's Method of painless dentistry. I have just had a very bad tooth pulled and I noticed it. MRS. E. SANDERS, South Los Angeles.

November 17, 1896.  
This is to certify that Dr. Schiffman has pulled and filled teeth both for myself and

wife, and all operations were perfectly painless. I most highly recommend him as a first class, careful, gentlemanly operator whose skill is equalled by few and excelled by none. Supt. Mateo Street Ry. Co.

Nov. 20, 1896.  
This certifies that I have just had two teeth extracted by the wonderful "Schiffman Method" without the least pain. Although I retained my full faculties throughout the whole operation, I did not even feel when they came out, and could hardly believe they were out. H. O. BLAISDELL, City Hall.

Nov. 20, 1896.  
The Schiffman Method of painless dentistry is simply wonderful. It renders all operations positively without pain. I speak from personal experience. S. M. OLIVER, Highland Park.

Nov. 9, 1896.  
I am pleased to state that Dr. Schiffman extracted 14 teeth, some of them badly decayed roots, for me on the above date, and I did not feel one particle of pain during the operation and experienced no disagreeable after effects. It is simply wonderful. MRS. J. J. SHEARER, 21 W. 7th St.

Nov. 12, 1896.  
This is to certify that I had two teeth extracted without the least bit of pain whatever, by the Schiffman Method. THOS. B. TRACY, 123 Wilmington St.

Dr. Schiffman filled a very sensitive tooth and extracted one ulcerated tooth WITHOUT A PARTICLE OF PAIN, by his new method. MRS. O. H. BURKE, Orange, Cal.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 13, 1896.  
A. F. Schiffman, D.D.S., City—Dear Sir: It affords me great pleasure to testify my appreciation of your skill and methods. I have at various times during the last six months received treatment personally, and also for my family, at your office, and the usual torture in extracting teeth and filling the same is changed into complete satisfaction. I am not a pleasure, through the painless system you employ. I would therefore heartily recommend any of my friends to you who may be in need of your valuable services. Yours truly, S. A. D. JONES, General Agent New York Life Ins. Co.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 13, 1896.  
To Whom It May Concern: This is to certify that I had two (2) teeth extracted this day by Dr. Schiffman ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT PAIN, and without the use of gas, ether, chloroform or any other dangerous anesthetic. The local anesthetic is not unpleasant and the whole procedure of extraction is performed in the most gentle as well as the most efficient manner. I consider Dr. Schiffman as a benefactor to the human race in relieving surgical dentistry of its indescribable tortures. N. SAUNDERS, Professor of Modern Languages, Throp Pol. Institute, Pasadena, Cal.

LOS ANGELES, April 11, 1896.  
I have had a great deal of trouble in having my teeth extracted, but at last I have found Dr. Schiffman, who has just extracted two of my largest teeth without pain whatever. I endorse his method with great satisfaction. JEWELL PEARSE, 329 South Spring St., with Niles Pease Furniture Company.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 13, 1896.  
Having had eleven teeth extracted this morning by Dr. A. F. Schiffman, it gives me pleasure to attest to his skill and to suffer in the least, and would recommend his method as being the most humane I have ever encountered. CHARLES W. EDDIS, Contractor and Builder, 127 E. 22d St., City.

The dental work done by Dr. Schiffman for me is so skillful, and I can recommend him as a scientific and UP-TO-DATE dentist. E. C. HOWER, Fulton Block, 207 New High St.

I heartily recommend Dr. Schiffman's method for extracting teeth. MISS F. HASKIN, Compton

I am afflicted with heart trouble, and last time I had three teeth extracted it greatly injured me and I did not recover for three days. Dr. Schiffman extracted some teeth for me which did NOT HURT ME A PARTICLE, and I can recommend his new method for extraction of teeth. S. L. SKINNER, 301 Yolo Avenue, Pasadena.

It affords me great pleasure to say that I have this day had three teeth extracted by the Schiffman Method Dental Company, two of which were very bad and hard to get, one being ulcerated, and best of all, it gave me NO PAIN WHATSOEVER. I can cheerfully recommend Dr. Schiffman's method to all wishing teeth extracted; they are very careful to do their work thoroughly and POSITIVELY WITHOUT PAIN. Respectfully, C. M. BALDWIN, Photographer, 291 N. Fair Oaks Ave., Pasadena.

While waiting for the train and nursing a throbbing tooth, I thought of the half-page advertisement in the Los Angeles Sunday Times, "Dr. Schiffman extracts teeth without pain," etc., etc. To think was to act. I was soon in the chair and that tooth was out, yes, and "without pain," and all for half a dollar. I never got more satisfactory results from a small investment. Doctor thanks awfully, once again. R. S. HANCOCK, Pomona, Cal.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 13, 1896.  
At regard to physical suffering, I am a "super-sensitive," having never been able to obtain the slightest relief by the use of anesthetic. I have had several teeth extracted by the Schiffman process, and although two of them were badly ulcerated, the operation was absolutely painless, with no disagreeable after-effects, and I am pleased to add one more signature to Dr. Schiffman's long list of successful testimonials. MRS. J. C. DAVIS.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 13, 1896.  
Dr. Schiffman has just extracted for me a back tooth which had been tried and given up by two reputable first-class dentists of this city. He did it without any application, and upon the first trial. He is unquestionably thoroughly scientific and should rank very high among his profession. G. T. HENNETT, 136 W. Fifth Street.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 27, 1896.  
In regard to physical suffering, I am a "super-sensitive," having never been able to obtain the slightest relief by the use of anesthetic. I have had several teeth extracted by the Schiffman process, and although two of them were badly ulcerated, the operation was absolutely painless, with no disagreeable after-effects, and I am pleased to add one more signature to Dr. Schiffman's long list of successful testimonials. MRS. J. C. DAVIS.

## Schiffman's Method Dental Co., Rooms 22 to 26 Schumacher Block, 107 North Spring Street.

Open  
Every Day  
but  
Sunday.  
Telephone Main 1485.

HOURS:  
8 a.m.  
to  
5 p.m.

### THE MILITARY CARNIVAL.

Attendance Continues to Be Very Large.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The attendance at the military carnival in Madison Square Garden tonight was very large. The final heat in the quarter-mile bicycle race, National "Guard" championship, was won by H. H. Owens, time 3:44.5. The final in the mile race, National Guard championship, was also won by Owens; time 2:25. The final heat of the one hundred-yard dash, National Guard championship, was won by William Dubois; time 10.45 seconds. The mile run for members of the army and navy was easily won by Private Pope, Thirteenth Infantry; time 5:01. Two hundred and twenty-four hurdle race was won by Erve Hjertberg; time 2:55 seconds. The bicycle race was won by R. A. Miller; time 2:42.5. Two hundred and twenty-four run for the military championship was won by Jerome Buck; time 2:45.5 seconds. Burton Burroughs of Co. E, Battalion of Engineers, West Point, came down the mile in 2:42.5 seconds, and brought down the heavy applause of the multitude as he crossed the line in 5:01. The mile relay running race resulted in the victory for the Seventh Regiment team; time 3:26. The military events followed. The trophy offered for the regiments scored the greatest number of points was won by the Twenty-second Regiment, who secured the win in ninety points. The Seventh Regiment was second, with sixty-eight points, and the Thirteenth Regiment third.

**Mormons Oppose Dubois.**

DENVER (Colo.), Jan. 16.—A special to the Republican from Boise, Idaho, says: In the course of the Senatorial fight it has developed that the Mormon influence has crept in against Dubois. Today a member of the Legislature requested the following from the president of the Mormon Church:

THE MORMONS DENY IT.  
SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 15.

Hon. Thomas E. Barrett: We have received the following dispatch from Senator Teller: "Word reaches us here that local leaders of your people in Idaho are opposing Senator Dubois under real or pretended authority of the church. Myself and others of our friends earnestly represent to you how unjust to your people is such report. We trust you will at least endeavor enough to Dubois to state by wire to your Legislature at Boise that the church is not opposed to his reelection." For the information of yourself and fellow-legislators of our faith, we desire it distinctly understood that we, as a church, are not opposing Senator Dubois's election, and that church influence must not be used for or against the Senator. (Signed) WILFORD WOODRUFF.

**A Cashier Held Up.**

TOLEDO (O.), Jan. 16.—The cashier in the office of the Northwestern Elevator Company was stood up at noon today and robbed of \$500. Two men

drove up in front of the office, where one of the men alighted and walked leisurely into the building. Before the cashier had time to react, the robber

aroused he saw a revolver leveled at his breast. He was told to throw up his hands, and obeyed. The robber rifled the cash drawer, containing \$500. He then quietly walked out of the office, jumped into the waiting buggy and the two drove away. Though the mills are in the outskirts of the city there were many people on the streets in the vicinity. It was paid at the right of private contract in the late election, and dwelt at considerable length on the banking methods which had proved so disastrous to the National Bank of Illinois of this city.

**Eckels Complimented.**

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—A complimentary dinner was given to Comptroller Eckels tonight by the bankers of Chicago. In his address Mr. Eckels complimented the Northwestern States on what he termed their "support of the right of private contract in the late election," and dwelt at considerable length on the banking methods which had proved so disastrous to the National Bank of Illinois of this city.

**St. Joe and Great Island Railway.**

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 16.—The application of the trustees and purchasers at the foreclosure sale, an order was entered today by United States Circuit Court Judge Sanborn affirming the sale of the properties of the St. Joe and Great Island Railway, which was made on December 23. The purchaser is required to complete his bid, and is authorized to take the property from the possession of the receivers on March 1.

**Examination Postponed.**

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The preliminary examination in the case of Gen. Roloff, Secretary of War of the so-called Cuban republic, and Dr. Jose J. Luis, who were jointly charged with having violated the neutrality act in connection with an alleged filibustering expedition on the steamer Wodall which left this port for Cuba on June 28, 1895, was today adjourned to January 22.

**Another Canadian Railway.**

OTTAWA (Ont.), Jan. 16.—Today's Official Gazette gives notice that an application will be made next session for an act to incorporate a British Pacific railroad company from Victoria, B.C., to Winnipeg, via Butte, Idaho, Cariboo, Edmonton and Prince Albert, with a branch line to a port on Hudson Bay.

**Vessels Will Be Quarantined.**

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The Brooklyn Health Department, fearing that the bubonic plague, now raging in India, may be carried to this country by ships, have made preparations to have all vessels arriving from India subjected to thorough disinfection and quarantine.

**South Dakota Populists.**

PIERRE (S. D.), Jan. 16.—The first Populist Senatorial caucus was held today with no nomination. The last ballot stood: Kyle, 23; Loucks, 12; Ploofman, 11; Goodkornitz, 3. Another caucus will be held Monday.

### MONEY AFTER LEE.

He Sends the Consul-General a Sharp Letter.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—"I desire to know whether or not the denial of my statement to Secretary Olney on your behalf was authorized by you. I have always regarded you as a gentleman, and as I am not accustomed to having the lie given to my statements, I desire an explanation. This, if not the exact language, is at least close to the words employed in a letter which Congressman Money of Mississippi has sent to Consul-General Lee. The difference between the two grows out of the statement made by Congressman Money to Secretary Olney as coming from Gen. Lee, who was to the effect that since his return to Cuba, Gen. Lee was more than ever convinced that the Spanish would never be able to put down the rebellion. The publication of this important piece of information forwarded afterward by a denial purporting to have come from Gen. Lee, that he had never given Congressman Money any such message for Secretary Olney, as Mr. Money delivered. The publication of this denial has angered Mr. Money, who has determined to have an explanation. He has stated to his friends that his personal character and official position will not permit him to stand as having said the words which in such an important matter as that of a message from the Consul-General to the Secretary of State of the United States.

**Ship in Distress.**

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The Netherlands-American steamer Edam, which arrived this afternoon from Amsterdam reports that on January 5, about 104 miles west southwest from the Fastnet light, she sighted an unknown German bark flying signals of distress. The Edam bore down close to the vessel and launched the port lifeboat, which succeeded in getting alongside the vessel. The crew wished to abandon their vessel, which was apparently leaking, but insisted on taking their clothing and effects. The lifeboat's crew, considering this too dangerous, owing to the inclement weather, declined to risk the venture of saving the crew's lives, but made repeated offers to save the lives of the crew. The latter declined to leave the vessel, and the lifeboat was compelled to return to the steamer.

**Inspecting Railways.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—There was quite an exodus of railroad officials from the city today. H. E. Huntington and Vice-President Stubbs of the Southern Pacific Company left on the Oregon express to inspect the line between here and Portland, and Vice-President C. F. Crocker, accompanied by Manager J. A. Fillmore, departed for Arizona on a jaunt for the benefit of their health. Crocker and Fillmore have both been ill of late, and they will endeavor to recuperate in the warm, dry atmosphere of the Salt River Valley.

The other officials above named say there is nothing significant about their trip north. Huntington has not been over the Shasta route for two years, and is desirous of inspecting the condition of the road. Manager Krohn schnitt was to have been a member of

the party, but was taken suddenly ill with the grippe and had to forego the journey.

### CUBAN REFORMS.

Doubts That Spain Can Make Them Satisfactory.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

KEY WEST (Fla.), Jan. 16.—The following advice have just been received from Havana: In an editorial, says that if Spain accepts the intervention of the United States, even though this shall be direct and friendly, the plan to annex the island of Cuba, and the Cuban reforms must necessarily be in danger, because of the fomenting of the annexation idea among the Spaniards, who are some time past have felt in sympathy with such a movement. This was shown, according to the editorial, in 1894, when a large number of Spaniards and Europeans, representing a great part of the wealth of Cuba, met to give form and expression to this idea. They had not realized this object because of the opposition of the Cubans who were invited to the meeting.

Continuing the article says the Cubans feel jealousy and repulsion toward the Americans. This is shown in all their acts. The Cubans never have felt anything except the reproach of the Americans. The Cubans have not shown their liking for all annexation ideas which have been in that direction. They are also of the opinion that labor would be better guaranteed under American rule.

**Weyler in the Field.**

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—A special to the Herald from Jacksonville, Fla., says a private dispatch has been received from Havana to the effect that Gen. Weyler has again left that city with his column for the field. This time the captain-general marched in the direction of the borders of Matanzas and Las Villas, where Maximilian Gomez is supposed to be.

**Police Officers Suspended.**

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Sheriff Tammen today suspended Warden Roe of Ludlow-street Jail, and the two keepers, Rimpf and Finkelstein, who were on duty at the time of the escape of the four men from that prison on Thursday night.

### TO AID THE CUBANS.

Gen. Roloff Again Frustrated in His Designs.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The Herald this morning says Gen. Carlos Roloff, Secretary of War for the insurgent Cuban provisional government, has just completed the organization of the large military expedition ever prepared for the aid of the Cuban rebels. The disclosure of Roloff's plans led to his arrest again. Señor Baldana, the Spanish Consul-General in this city, was notified a week ago that Roloff was organizing this expedition. Great efforts were made to secure some evidence that would prove that Roloff intended to leave the country, but such evidence could not be procured. It was learned that the Cuban rebels had a large amount of arms and munitions of war within the last three weeks, more than ever before in the history of the Cuban war, and nothing further could be discovered by the Spanish officials concerning this war material, except that it was intended for the insurgent army.

Roloff was under \$2500 bail to appear for trial on a charge of participation in "the Laurar" filibustering expedition. He had furnished \$2500 in cash, which the government held. The case, however, will not be tried until the middle of March. As the contemplated expedition was to sail from this country in about ten days, Consul-General Baldana secured Roloff in the case of Woodhall which sailed on a filibustering expedition from the United States in June, 1895. The insurgent leader, when arraigned, was held in \$2500 additional bail. He has deposited a cash amount to satisfy this bail demand, and now the Spanish officials have ordered detectives to watch every movement he makes, as they say he will possibly forfeit the \$5000 and steal out of the country with the expedition. The filibusters are said to be ready to sail at a moment's notice. The Cubans purchased for the expedition 2,000,000 cartridges, 5000 Mauser rifles, four rapid-firing guns, 2000 gun cartridges and a large quantity of dynamite and hospital stores and camp material.

**Quiet Day in Congress.**

The House Pays Tribute to the Late Speaker Crisp.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Most of this day in the House was devoted to oratorical tributes to the late Speaker Crisp of Georgia, who died during the recent recess of Congress. The speeches were listened to by nearly all of the Democrats and a large contingent of Republicans, while many southern people filled the galleries. All of the members from Georgia and several leaders

on both sides of the House delivered eulogies, which were unusually impressive and were listened to with much more than the usual indifference.

Those who spoke were Messrs. Turner of Georgia, Henderson of Iowa, Catches of Mississippi, Dalzell of Pennsylvania, Richardson of Tennessee, Bartlett of Georgia, McMillin of Tennessee, Cummings of New York, Herndon of Ohio, Wellington of Missouri, Dismore of Arkansas, Buck of Louisiana, Cooper of Florida, Swanson of Virginia, Lacey of Iowa, Bell of Colorado, Needer of Mississippi, Woodward of South Carolina, McClaurin of Kentucky, McCravy of Kentucky, Maryland, Tate of Georgia, Lawson of Georgia, Livingston of Georgia, Morse of Massachusetts.

At 6 o'clock the House adjourned.

### RAILROAD TICKETS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Representative Sherman of New York today introduced a bill to regulate sales of railroad tickets, in the form of an amendment to the interstate commerce act. The bill provides to compel common carriers to provide all agents authorized to sell tickets with certificates of their authority which must be conspicuously displayed in their offices. It makes it unlawful for other parties to sell tickets without such certificates, and also a fine and imprisonment for counterfeiting tickets, and provides that all unused parts of tickets must be redeemed by the companies by which they are issued.

### MOVEMENTS OF UNITED STATES VESSELS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The Detroit and the Yorktown have sailed from Shanghai for Nagasaki, where the Detroit will join the other vessels of the Asiatic squadron, gather up their short-time men and bring them home to Mare Island. The "Petrel," which has just been thoroughly repaired at Mare Island, will take the place of the Detroit on the Asiatic station.

The San Francisco has arrived at Genoa.

### OBJECT TO FLOGGING.

CLEVELAND (O.), Jan. 16.—Senator Frye of Hale, who is responsible for Senate substitute for House Bill No. 2683, which restored flogging in the merchant marine, are being severely criticized by representatives of the 30,000 members of the Western Seamen's Society, who are gathered at a meeting of the local lodges of the association held today, many prominent men of the seamen's cause, and the law was adopted protesting against the law.

### A GOOD SCORE.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 16.—J. A. R. Elliot of Kansas City, today defeated D. D. Gay of Fine Grove, Mo., in a match for \$100 a side at the Kentucky Gun Club's grounds. Elliot killed 98 out of 100 live birds, while Gay grassed but 86.

### RECEIVERS APPOINTED.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 16.—Judge Taft today appointed Myron T. Herrick and Robert Bickens receivers for the Wheeling, Lake Erie and Pittsburgh Coal Company in Jefferson county, O., and the Wheeling and Lake Erie Coal Company.

### GRAIN RATES.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 16.—St. Louis lines announce a rate on grain from East St. Louis to Newport News of 14c. This is a reduction of 3 1/2 cents.

### LARGE BOND ISSUE.

By the San Francisco and San Joaquin Coal Company.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—Antisue of \$50,000 in bonds has been authorized by the stockholders of the San Francisco and San Joaquin Coal Company. They will bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent, payable semi-annually in gold, and will constitute a first lien on the property of the corporation at Corral Hollow and Stockton, and be further secured by the property of the mines in which the bonds are to be used. The deed of trust provides that there shall be a sinking fund of the mine, and that the entire indebtedness will be paid within twenty years from the date of the issue of the bonds. The bonds are to run 2000 tons a day, and the consumption in the Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys is estimated at 2000 tons a day. The money from the bonds is to be used in paying off current indebtedness and further equipping the property. Considerable of the bonds have already been subscribed for by stockholders and are to be sold out of 100 tons a day, and the consumption in the Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys is estimated at 2000 tons a day.

### A PIGEON MATCH.

TRENTON (N. J.), Jan. 15.—In a hundred-bird pigeon match at Yardville today, Jack Winston beat George M. Schaefer of Syracuse, N. Y. Winston killed 57 and Moseley 38 out of 100 birds. The match was for a \$100 purse and the Dupont trophy, held by Winston.

### CONSULS APPOINTED.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The President has recognized the following named consular officers: For the Greater Republic of Central America, Eustorgio Calderon, Consul-General at San Francisco; Monica Cordova, Consul-General at New Orleans; Victor J. Botte, Consul at New Orleans; Jose M. Bresser, Consul at Detroit for Guatemala; Edwin Hughes, Honorary Consul at Seattle.

### A STORY OF TREASURE HUNTING.

The Lippincott's Magazine novel for February, "Under the Pacific," by Clarence Herbert New, will appeal to every one with a taste for money-making on a large scale. The hero, Henry M. Stevens, and his friend, Capt. Halstead, figure out that under certain conditions they will be able to locate and recover over three million dollars from the submerged hulk of a Spanish galleon, lost on the Santa Rosa reef, La Ponce de Leon, in the year 1592, and after numerous exciting adventures among the islands, actually succeed in doing so. Then, as they are about to sail away with the treasure on Capt. Halstead's steamer, they marry two charming Spanish girls, who have given them valuable assistance in outwitting their most dangerous adversary, a Philippine padre. The story is accompanied by a chart of their voyage.

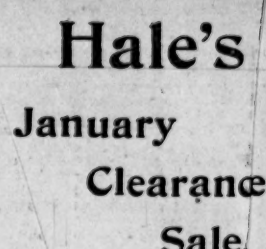
### DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE TO RANDBURG.

On Southern Pacific. Leave Arcade Depot 7:35 p.m.; night stop at Mojave. Leave Arcadia Depot 8:50 p.m.; through without stop to Randburg. Through tickets \$6.75.

### SECOND SEMESTER.

University of Southern California, Los Angeles, opens January 25, continues sixteen weeks. Students can enter as readily as at first of the year. George W. White, president of University P. O.





**FLYING MACAROONS.**  
J. B. Lankershim headed the first division, which was chiefly formed of

The Keystone Iron Works sent its employes in carriages, with gay banners of yellow silk, and the Llewellyn Iron Works astonished all beholders with its piece de resistance, a Brobdignagian boiler painted bright red. The Lloyd-Scoville Iron Works brought up the rear of the ferruginous display with wagons showing the ornamental

Queen.





ness man, as well as professional men, and more tenants for the city. It also means that the city is growing up in our city will be glad to go elsewhere for employment if managers desire me to state my views regarding the situation. I am very gratified to see that the people are coming, and they will come again and bring their friends. A good entertainment was given every night on the stage to your amusement, and we call your attention to the exhibit of talent in the art gallery." The president Frank then introduced Charles D. Gray, the manager of the exhibition, who, in a few minutes, gave the following address:

vince the city, as one of the first listed to and approved the plan. He suggested that he home products in Los Angeles should unite in an exhibition of their work in stimulate the demand for products in the vicinity of their plants, and to this end the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce of the city, the mutual assistance that ensued from a liberal exchange of home industries.

At the conclusion of Manager Marks President Frank introduced Mayor Snyder with a few well-chosen words. Mayor Snyder said:

Mr. President, Members of the City Committee and Ladies



41







The latest, and only the latest, things in hats should ever reach the head. Desmond of 141 South Spring street stands first in the hat trade, because his goods excel in style and value. Every hat sold by him is the best that is or can be manufactured, and his large business is a sure proof of his social recognition. Brighten your prospects by donning one of Desmond's hats. Your choice of a walking cane (forty-three different mountings) given away this week with every \$2 purchase.

Trinity Methodist Church South, on Grand avenue, between 23rd and 24th streets, J. N. Kenney pastor. Morning service: Anthems by the choir; cornet solo by Miss Mataloe Loebe. Evening service: Preliminary song service conducted by C. A. Hayes; antiphony by choir; cornet solo by Miss Mataloe Loebe. Communion.

Volmer & Co., 116 South Spring, are overstocked with Haviland china and English semi-porcelain dinner sets, crockery, glassware, etc., and are slashing prices for next ten days to reduce stock. Get your supply now. Goods sold at cost and below cost.

The beautiful snow on the mountains renders a visit to Mount Lowe Railway fascinating in the extreme. The snow reaches almost to Echo Mountain, and is two feet deep at Alpine Tavern. The scenery is very like the Swiss Alps.

You can get a pair of the famous Dr. Kahler's fine kid, full hand-sewed, buttoned shoes, at the Queen, 167 North Main street, for \$4. This shoe for ease, comfort and price has never been equaled. You should try them.

Mr. Lincoln Nisley will give a stereoscopic lecture on Niagara Falls and other power plants Monday evening, January 18, in the Y.M.C.A. auditorium. Public invited. Admission 10 cents. Members with one friend free.

Have you seen the Eldorado, Mason or W.S.C.H. ladies' or gent's bicycles at No. 425 South Spring street, equal to the best made; get one, will last only a few days. C. M. Stevens & Co.

Oil paintings by J. Bond Francisco, Miss White and Miss O'Kane, and water colors by Henry Koch and Miss Conn, are hung in Elliott's art gallery at 421 South Spring street.

Phillips, late manager of Nicoll, the Tailor, extends an invitation to his friends to visit the daylight parlors he has fitted up at No. 114 South Spring street.

If you want a No. 1 guaranteed ladies' or gent's bicycle, don't buy until you see what you can get from C. M. Stevens & Co., 425 South Spring street.

Do not forget the grand oratorio concert at the Simpson auditorium next Tuesday evening by Mr. Cornell and his fine choir of 60 voices and soloists.

Carbon photographs of cats and dogs taken from life will be displayed this week in the window of George Elliott, No. 421 South Spring street.

No wonder agents cannot sell bicycles for \$100 when you can get one equally as good for half this price at No. 425 South Spring street.

Hawell will sell on Monday and Tuesday all their ladies' \$3 and \$3.50 shoes for \$2.50, the best bargain in town. 111 South Spring street.

Found at Howell's shoe store, a ladies' black fur collar. Lady can have same by calling at Howell's, 111 South Spring street.

Jobbers and bicycle dealers will do well to see C. M. Stevens & Co., for the next four or five days at No. 425 South Spring street.

Concerning bikes, see the \$75 wheel for 60 cents; certain grocers keep them. You will not always have the chance.

Heavy snow on Echo Mountain. Terminal is the only line making connection with only one change. Safe, quick, cheap.

Register names at St. George Stable, 519 S. Broadway, for tally-ho ride to Pasadena, Baldwin's ranch, Old Mission.

C. D. Howry was called to Majove yesterday to take charge of the remains of J. H. Toliver.

Good dinner will be served at the Bellefonte dining parlors No. 130 South Spring, 4:30 to 7 p.m.

Scottish Thistle Club, grand concert and dance, January 25 (Burn's night), at Masonic Temple.

See City Dye Works ad in today's special notice, page 4.

Van Storage Co. Tel. Main 1140.

The U.S.S. coast defense vessel Monterey is anchored off Santa Monica, and will probably remain till tomorrow.

John O'Brien, a paralytic, was taken to the Receiving Hospital yesterday from the City Hall for medical attendance.

Police Officer Baker yesterday arrested M. Randasi and Lito Loreto on a charge of selling liquor without a license.

David Walk will preach today in the Church of Christ on East Eighth street near Central avenue, and every evening during the week.

The postoffice meeting of the News and Working Boys' Home Society will be held at the home, No. 808 San Pedro street at 10 o'clock on Wednesday, January 20.

Wong Hong was arrested in Chinatown by Officers Phillips and McGraw yesterday and locked up at Police headquarters on a charge of violating the license ordinance.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union office for A. L. Tucker, Mrs. Ella Watson, John J. Sullivan, H. B. Epperson, C. H. Lloyd Bailey, Mrs. Elizabeth Hughes, T. S. Tucker, R. B. Ward.

#### PERSONALS.

F. T. Parsons of Chicago is at the Nadeau.

C. L. Brown of Yuma is a guest of the Ramona.

J. Matthews and wife of Chicago are at the Nadeau.

John F. Delap of New York is at the Westminster.

P. S. Weber of Hemet is a guest of the Ramona.

W. G. Reimer of Philadelphia is at the Hollenbeck.

S. L. Walker of Saginaw, Mich., are among the registered at the Westminster.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Stiefel of San Francisco are at the Westminster.

J. D. McCarthy and J. S. Fanning of San Francisco are at the Hollenbeck.

Mrs. Duncan Kennedy of Washington, D. C., is a guest at the Westminster.

B. F. Flagler, a tourist of Rochester, N. Y., is quartered at No. 527 South Hill street.

W. S. Howe, Purcell Rowe and F. Elliott of San Francisco are guests at the Hollenbeck.

C. A. B. Speyers, U.S.N., and W. Mollen, U.S.N., of the U.S.S. Monterey are at the Hollenbeck.

Mrs. H. Rogers and Mrs. C. H. Rogers of St. Louis Mo., are among those registered at the Hollenbeck.

Miss Nixon of Philadelphia and Miss Miller of Santa Barbara are among the guests at the Hollenbeck.

Gates D. Fahenstock, the Pacific Coast general agent of the American and Red Star line, is at the Westminster for a few days.

A party of tourists consisting of E. Ward, Mrs. Thomas Warren and Miss Martin of New York City are guests at the Westminster.

Morris Trumbull and Miss Florence Trumbull of Chicago, Miss L. Hyde of Boston and Frank Trumbull of Denver are among the guests registered at the Westminster.

#### MARRIAGE RECORD.

LIPMAN VAUGHN—in this city, January 15, Mrs. Alice Lipman and William B. Vaughn, by the Rev. Mr. Brown.

#### DEATH RECORD.

SCHIECK—January 14, 1897, Leonard J. G. Schieck, beloved father of Len J. Schieck and Helen L. Schieck.

Funeral Sunday 2 p.m. from his late residence, No. 614 1/2 Highland street. Friends respectfully invited. (Hamburg, Pa.; Allen-leigh, Pa.; Kansas City, Mo.; San Francisco, Cal.; papers copy.)

ELIHEIT—In St. Paul, Minn., January 16, 1897, Mrs. Elizabeth Gilbert, formerly of this city.

ROADWAY—in this city, January 16, 1897, Ischia S. Roadway, a native of England, aged 30 years 2 months and 16 days.

Funeral Friday 10 a.m. from Chase Co., Third and Broadway, Monday, January 18, at 2:30 p.m. Friends invited.

#### FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral of John V. Orchard will take place from his late residence, No. 1403 Santa street, at 2 p.m. today. Friends invited.

ORANGE BELT LINE of the Southern Pacific Company. Best line by which to see all of Southern California. Leave Los Angeles 8 a.m.; three hours in Redlands; one hour in San Bernardino; two hours and twenty-five minutes in Riverside. Arrive Los Angeles 8:20 p.m. Tickets admit of stop-over.

WATCHES cleaned, set; main-spring, 50c; crystals, 10c. Patton, No. 214 South Broadway.

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# Say

Have You Been to the

## JAPANESE AUCTION SALE?

It's the SALE of all SALES. Don't you miss it. Three Elegant Presents Given Away FREE to the Ladies at each sale every day. You don't have to buy anything; only to be there.

At 2 and 7:30 p.m. Prompt, Tomorrow and Every Day This Week we will SLAUGHTER without any regard to its cost or value, the balance of the \$200 worth of ROYAL JAPANESE ART GOODS and CURIOS for whatever they will bring.

321 S. SPRING ST.

## IN THE NECK

Some shirts choke one—arms are too short, bosom forever humping itself and trying to squirm out of one's vest, and the buttonholes keep shifting around every time the shirt gets a bath; that shirt is dear as a gift. "Standard" Shirts, unlaundried at 50c, 75c and \$1.00, and laundried at 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 are good, reliable shirts, cut by men who know it's to fit a man, not a hitching post.

...Mail Orders Solicited...

## Silverwood

124 South Spring Street.

## Are You Blind?

Have Your Eyes Examined FREE by a REGULAR OCULIST, (M.D.)

Solid Gold Frames from \$1.75 up. Steel Frames and properly ground lenses at reasonable prices.

(Note I am the only oculist in Los Angeles giving free examination of the eyes.)

CATARH PERMANENTLY CURED by a few simple local treatments, at a cost not to exceed \$5 a month.

Consult a regular specialist in diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat for all treatment or operations pertaining to those organs.

Consultation Free! Common Colds Cured in one Treatment.

Honest Treatment at Lowest Prices...

L. H. FULLER, M.D. Potomac Block, Room 17.

Hours: 10 to 4 and 7 to 8.

217 Broadway, over Ville de Paris.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA FURNITURE CO. 326-328-330 SOUTH SPRING ST.

### Kid Gloves.

4-button, Real French Kid, embroidered backs, black and colors; also 4-button Suedes and 2-clasp Dogskin, in all shades, warranted and fitted, at \$1.00.

PARIS—NEW YORK—SAN FRANCISCO.

## Ville Paris

Pioneer Broadway Dry Goods House, 221 and 223 South Broadway

### CLEARANCE PRICES.

#### Silks.

We have marked prices on all our Fancy Colored Silks to effect a speedy clearance.

50c YARD—Imported Printed Warp Silk Crepe, reduced from \$1.25 yard.

75c YARD—Fancy colored Peau d'Sole, Glace, Taffeta and Gros de Lorraine, rich effect, quality, reduced from \$1.50 and \$1.75 yard.

95c Black Satin Duchesse, all silk, 24 inches wide, brilliant lustre, Raven Black. Reduced from \$1.25.

\$1.00 Black Satin and Silk Brocades, stylish scroll designs. Reduced from \$1.35 and \$1.50.

#### Cloaks

Here the price cutting has been most heavy. We will not carry over a single garment. Note the extraordinary reductions made.

Jackets. Regular price.....\$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00 Clearance price \$3.50, \$5.00, \$7.50.

Capes. Regular price.....\$4.20, \$6.50, \$11.00 Clearance price \$2.50 \$5.00 \$6.50.

Fur Collarettes. Regular price.....\$7.00, \$9.25, \$14.00 Clearance price \$4.75, \$6.50, \$10.00.

Outing Costumes at.....\$1.50 Separate Shirts at.....\$1.00 Silk Waists at.....\$4.00 Silk Petticoats at.....\$5.25

#### Dress Goods.

We have made still greater reductions in this department. All our staple and fine novelty fabrics have been marked at quick selling prices.

35c YARD—All wool Scotch Cheviot mixtures, fancy Novelty Suitings reduced from 60c and 65c yard.

50c YARD—Checked Bourrette and Boucle Suitings, English tweeds and Scotch plaid mixtures, reduced from 85c and \$1.00 yard.

75c YARD—English Storm Serge in navy blue, camel's hair Suitings, in all the new color combinations, reduced from \$1.25 yard.

French Pattern Dresses reduced to \$2.80, \$3.50, \$4.20, \$5.25 each.

### Hosiery.

Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, pair.....18c Ladies' Black Cashmere hose, pair.....45c Ladies' Fancy Colored, Boot-Top Hose, pair.....50c Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, extra quality.....75c

## NO.... INTERMEDIATE PROFITS

When you buy at "Magnin the Maker's" you save the many profits that are added to our productions by middlemen and dry goods stores. What would be their profit is yours.

SOME Special Reductions On High-Class Garments.

Fancy Dresses. Dresses for Children and Misses made of all-wool habit cloth and broadened and two-tone effect Mohairs in choice color effects, very latest styles and worth \$4.00, \$5.00 and \$6.00; now at \$2.50 EACH

Misses' Jackets. A large lot of Misses' and Children's Winter Jackets in late styles, fine materials and elegantly executed, pretty styles and worth \$4.00 to \$6.00. These we have reduced to \$2.50 EACH

Misses' Jackets. Misses' Children's. Not very many in this lot but the quantity ONLY is made up by the quality. In fact, these are odds and ends of lots that sold for \$3; they now go at.....50c EACH

Ladies' Wrappers. Of the finest Flannelette, hand-made and beautifully trimmed. ONLY were always considered special good values at \$4.00, we now place them at.....\$3.00 EACH

Ladies' Muslin Drawers. A very special lot, hand-ONLY made with em-broidered edge and insert-ing. A full and complete lot value that we now reduce to PAIR 25c

Ladies' Night Gowns. Made of good Flannelette with double yoke back and full ONLY sleeves, light dainty coloring in neat checks and stripes, full \$1.35 value in any dry goods store; we say EACH 85c

I. Magnin & Co., Manufacturers, 237 SOUTH SPRING ST.

Mail orders promptly filled. MYER SIEGEL, Manager

"VISIT THE HOME PRODUCTS EXHIBIT."

Today we offer No. 16 all Silk, Satin and Gros-Grain Ribbons in all the newest, swellest shades at 12c per yard. At 5c a yard, width No. 7, same as 12c Ribbons. No need to tell more—you know.

MARVEL Cat Rais MILLINERY CO., 241-243 S. Broadway, Double Store.

12c ALL-SILK...RIBBOONS.

Today we offer No. 16 all Silk, Satin and Gros-Grain Ribbons in all the newest, swellest shades at 12c per yard. At 5c a yard, width No. 7, same as 12c Ribbons. No need to tell more—you know.

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MARVEL Cat Rais MILLINERY CO., 241-243 S. Broadway, Double Store.

## Fifty Styles of Men's \$12.50 and \$15 Suits at

# \$10.00

YOU KNOW US well enough to know that we don't make a business of howling "bargains" all the year around. YOU KNOW US well enough to know that we are advertisers of facts. YOU KNOW US well enough to know that when we say we'll give you the choice of about 50 of our \$12.50 and \$15 Suits at \$10.00 a choose, you are going to get something worth coming for. That's what we're going to do, precisely—\$15 and \$12.50 for \$10.00. 50 styles of the latest cuts and clothes to pick from. Don't care what anybody says in their advertising—Nobody will give you value like these.



We Burn  
Our Bridges....

After we cross them. We cut our prices to the bottom; there isn't room enough for another cut. We have become known as the great Cut-Rate Druggists of California.

## Fellows's Syrup Hypophosphites 95c.

Pierce's Fav. Prescription.....50c  
Pierce's Medical Discovery.....50c  
Pinkham's Compound.....50c  
Joy's Sarsaparilla.....50c  
Wizard Oil.....50c  
Beef, Wine and Iron, 10c. bottle.....50c  
Munyon's Remedies.....50c  
No-To-Bac.....50c  
Alcock's Plasters.....50c  
Rusker's Ointment, Goodyear's.....50c  
Duffy's Malt.....50c  
Pozzoni Powder.....50c  
La Blache Powder.....50c

## We have in stock

## Hyomel

The great Dry-Air Catarrh and Bronchitis Cure.

## Turkish Bath Mitts

cut from 25c to 10c per pair.

50c Hair Brushes for.....50c  
Hurd's Linen Note Paper, 1 lb for 25c  
Bicycle Playing Cards.....50c

PRESCRIPTION  
QUALITY

Is a pre-eminent feature of this store and is accompanied by

PRESCRIPTION  
PRICES

That are the lowest in the city.

## Everything in the Drug Line at Cut-Rates

## Free

To sufferers with Throat, Lung, Wasting or Constitutional Diseases, Asthma, Bronchitis, Nervous Debility, Lack of vitality, Croup, Scrofula, etc., will be given a sample bottle Dr. Gordin's Chocolate Emulsion.

## Thomas Drug Co.,

CUT-RATE DRUGGISTS,

Corner Spring and Temple Sts.

Just a Few  
Specials

For This Week Only.

Compare our Prices with others and note that you can save a dollar or two by purchasing at the New Main Street Dry Goods Store.

44-INCH ALL-WOOL MOHAIR BRO-  
CADO SILK, with beautiful  
brocade luster, regular price 75c  
per yard; Special for this week.....  
Limit of 1 pattern to each customer.

44c

38-INCH SCOTCH WOOL MIXTURES,  
make up into very handsome  
travelling suits, regular price 50c  
per yard; Special for this week.....  
Limit of 1 pattern to each customer.

24c

38-INCH BLACK SILK, very hand-  
some luster, regular price 25c  
per yard; Special for this week.....  
Limit of 1 pattern to each customer.

23c

Double-fold 36-inch Scotch Plaids, in 15  
different patterns, suitable for children's  
dresses and for ladies' wraps;  
regular price 25c per yard; Special  
for this week.....  
Limit 10 yards to each customer.

9c

GERMAN OUTING FLANNEL, 27 inches  
wide, all in medium light shades  
and stripes, very nice quality, regu-  
lar price 1c a yard; Special for  
this week.....  
Limit 10 yards to each customer.

4c

LADIES' IMPORTED BLACK HOSE,  
Hermesdorf dye, extra applied heel, extra  
regular price 35c; Special for this week.....  
Limit of 2 pairs to each customer.

19c

14-INCH VELVET SKIRT BINDINGS,  
in all shades and colors, to close out the  
entire line, only a limited quantity on  
hand, first come first served,  
regular price 1c; Special for this week.....  
to close out this week.....  
Limit of 2 to each customer.

4c

R. & G. CORSETS, the very best make,  
in black and grays,  
regular price \$1.25; Special for this week.....  
Limit of 1 pair to each customer.

74c

LADIES' FINE EGYPTIAN RIBBED  
WINTER VESTS, heavy knit work on  
front and collar, regular price 25c;  
only a limited quantity on hand;  
to close out this week.....  
Limit of 2 to each customer.

15c

LADIES' CLOTH UNDERSKIRTS, extra  
heavy, trimmed with double row pinked  
ruffles 2 inches wide, yoke band,  
regular price \$1.25; Special for  
this week.....  
Limit 1 to each customer.

62c

LADIES' VICI KID GLOVES, in all  
colors, 4 large pearl buttons,  
worked back, guaranteed to wear  
good, regular price \$1.25;  
Special for this week.....  
Limit of 1 pair to each customer.

79c

LADIES' FINE SHOES, made of very  
best Doulos leather, in the very latest  
style toes, in lace only, patent  
leather tip, only a limited quan-  
tity left; to close out this week.....  
Limit of 1 pair to each customer.

\$1.35

LADIES' VICI KID SHOE, handsomely  
trimmed, patent leather tip, in very latest  
style toe, heel or spring heel,  
lace or button, regular price  
\$1.25; Special for this week.....  
Limit of 1 pair to each customer.

\$1.98

MEN'S FINE QUALITY CALF SHOES,  
in very latest style toe, lace or congress  
in three widths,  
regular price \$1.25; Special for this week.....  
Limit of 1 pair to each customer.

\$1.65

MEN'S FINE CALF SHOES, hand-  
somely trimmed, latest style  
toe, celebrated Packard  
make, regular price \$5.00;  
Special for this week.....  
Limit of 1 pair to each customer.

\$3.15

MEN'S SELECTED AUSTRALIAN WOOL  
UNDERSHIRT and DRAWERS, in  
violet and natural gray, bound with silk  
ribbon, trimmed with pearl but-  
tons; regular price \$1.25; Special for this week.....  
Limit of 2 suits to each customer.

63c

MEN'S OIL-TANNED GOATSKIN GLOVES,  
in three colors, good for mechanics  
of all trades, regular price 75c;  
Special for this week.....  
Limit of 1 pair to each customer.

35c

MEN'S EXTRA HEAVY DOGSKIN  
GLOVES, withstand rain and fire, every  
pair warranted to wear, welted  
seams, patent fasteners, regular  
price \$1.25; Special for this week.....  
Limit of 1 pair to each customer.

75c

MEN'S WHITE LAUNDERED SHIRTS,  
open front attached cuffs, heavy percale  
front and collar, made by the Elite  
Shirt Co., regular price \$1;  
Special for this week.....  
Limit of 2 to each customer.

50c

MEN'S HEAVY KERSEY OVERCOATS,  
in dark iron-gray, with silk velvet col-  
lar, extra heavy checked flannel lining,  
black satin sleeves, fly front,  
medium length, regular  
price \$10; to close out.....

\$5.30

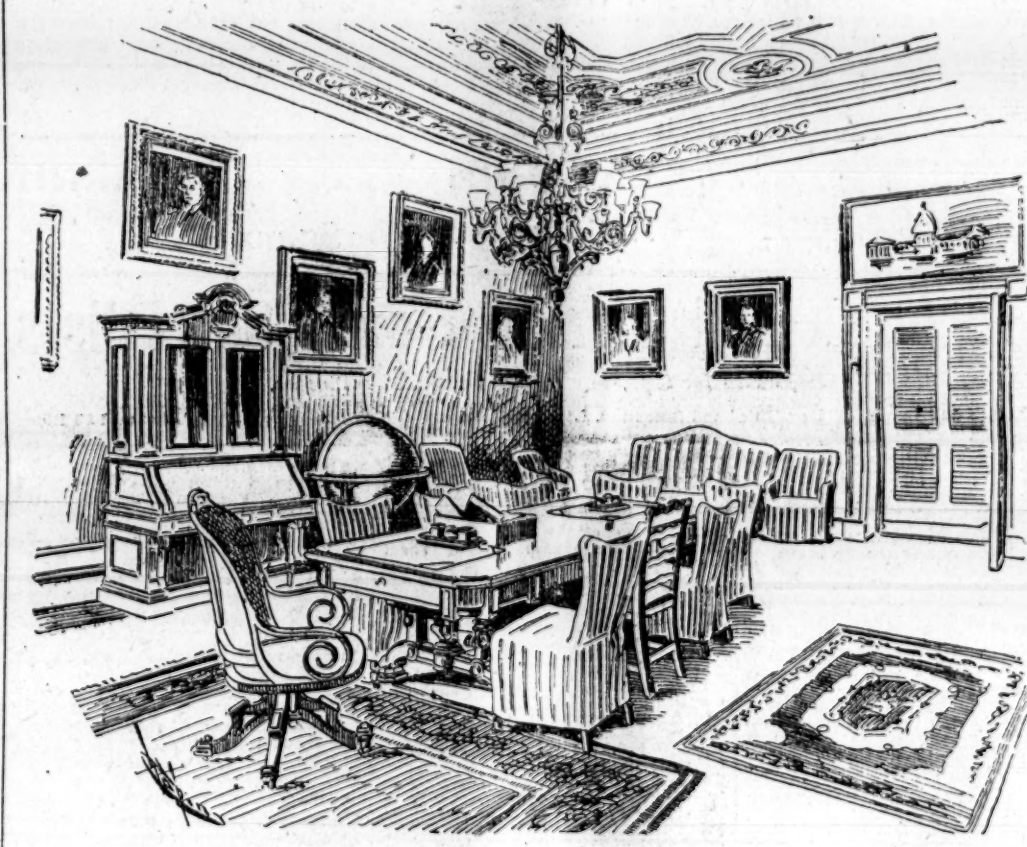
## McKINLEY'S CABINET.

GOSSIP AND STORY ABOUT CABINET MINISTERS, PAST,  
PRESENT AND PROSPECTIVE.Some Unwritten History of Lincoln's Administration—How Simon  
Cameron Was Gotten Out of the War Department—Stories  
of Senator Allison and President Harrison.Why and How Allison Refused the Treasury—How Garfield Made His  
Cabinet—A Word with Sherman as to the State Department—Sec-  
retary Gresham and the Office-seekers.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12. HOW are the famous men who are to help McKinley run his administration? A score of well-known politicians have been suggested, but only a few are assured. The states made no more uncertain thing than a Cabinet before the inauguration of a President. When Grant's first Cabinet was announced, five of the appointments were surprises, and not a single secretary had been anticipated with certainty. As it was, the Cabinet was changed rapidly after he was inaugurated. Alexander T. Stewart, who had been named for Secretary of the Treasury, could not serve according to law, which prevents a merchant from holding that position, under a fine of \$3000. Rawlins, his Secretary of War, died in the

after this before Robert Lincoln was selected as Secretary of War, and Levi P. Morton was on Garfield's slate for the secretaryship of the navy until almost the inauguration. HOW ALLISON REFUSED HARRISON. Garfield was the first President under whom Senator Allison refused a Cabinet place. I understand that he has been appointed President McKinley's mind as the head of the State Department, but that the President-elect has wanted to know whether he would refuse or not before he offered the position. I got this from men very close to McKinley. Senator Allison told me once that he could not take the Interior Department under Garfield because he did not want to antagonize Gov. Kirkwood of Iowa, who was then a leading candidate. It was on account of the ambitions of Clarkson, another Iowa man, that he refused the Secretaryship of the Treasury under Harrison. The story of the manner of this refusal has never been told. It gives some idea of the diplomatic nature of our possible next Secretary of State. Senator Cullom, who was one of the actors upon the occasion, is my authority. Said he to me the other night: "It was just after I had been elected to the Senate and some weeks before President Harrison had come on from Indianapolis to Washington to be inaugurated. I had to go West to thank the Legislature for their support, and on my way I intended to stop and call upon the President-elect. When I got on the train I found Senator Allison there. He was also going West, and we rode together. During the journey he told me that President Harrison had asked him to come out to see him, and that he wanted him to be his Secretary of the Treasury. Senator Allison told me that he could not accept the position, and that he was going out to refuse it. As we drew near Indianapolis I noticed his becoming more and more restless. He eventually did not like the job of having to refuse Harrison. At last he said: "Now, Cullom, I have been thinking how you can help me in this. We will go upon Harrison together, and I will see that he talks to you first. You can thus prepare his mind for my re-



THE CABINET-ROOM (TAKEN IN 1897) WHERE MCKINLEY'S CABINET WILL MEET.

September following, and Borie, who was Secretary of the Navy, served three months, and then asked Grant to allow him to resign in order to speak.

## SOME INSIDE HISTORY.

Lincoln's Cabinet ministers were not sure known before he came in, and they were changed very rapidly thereafter. Some of the members of the cabinet of the convention by the promises of some of Lincoln's friends, and I have heard it said that Pennsylvania went for Lincoln at Chicago in 1860 on condition that Simon Cameron was to go into the cabinet. This deal was made without the knowledge of Lincoln by David Davis and Leonard Sweet. Lincoln did not like it, and it was long before he would consent to let Cameron have the place. He finally gave him the War Department. After the administration began he did not like him to get rid of him. He succeeded in doing this through Leonard Sweet and Thurlow Weed. Judge Grosscup, who was a partner in the position. Weed came from New York to see Cameron. As he met him he started back and exclaimed: "My God, Weed, how can you do this? You don't look at all well."

Old Senator Cameron, who had a constitution of iron, and who, you know, he over eighty when he died, replied that he was in his usual health, but Weed went on:

"Well, you don't look it. You have lost some weight since I saw you last, and your color is not good. I fear you are working too hard, Cameron."

Mrs. Cameron was present when this last remark was made, and she said she agreed with Mr. Weed. That her husband was working too hard. After dinner that night Mr. Weed advised Cameron to get out of the department. He told him he thought the war was going to be a failure. He said it would end only in the loss of thousands of lives and millions of property, and that Cameron as Secretary of War would be cursed from one end of the United States to the other.

After some time Cameron became alarmed and said: "But suppose I want to get out, Mr. Weed. How can I do it without seeming to be either a coward or a failure?"

To this Weed replied that he did not know, but that he would take a walk and think it over, and see if some arrangement could not be made. As he went out he spoke to Mrs. Cameron again about her husband's health, and she told him that she wanted Mr. Cameron to leave the cabinet. In an hour or so Mr. Weed returned and told Simon Cameron that he had hit upon a good plan and that was for him to accept the mission to Russia. "But," replied Cameron, "it has not been offered to me." "As to that," said Weed, "I know that I can fix matters with Secretary Seward, and you will get your appointment. This will give you a good excuse for resigning." To this

That settles it, General. You are elected; but before you go to bed sit up and write a letter to President Harrison's house. It was about dinner time when we arrived, and we at once sat down to the table. After dinner was over, when we were out in the smoking-room and had about finished our cigars, Mr. Allison said: "Now, Mr. President, Senator Cullom is anxious to get away this afternoon. He told me that he only wanted a few moments with you, and if you don't object I will let you get through with him first. I will go into the other room and finish

## HOW ALLISON GAVE HARRISON THE COLD HAND.

"This I promised to do," continued Senator Cullom. "When we got to Indianapolis we went direct to President Harrison's house. It was about dinner time when we arrived, and we at once sat down to the table. After dinner was over, when we were out in the smoking-room and had about finished our cigars, Mr. Allison said: "Now, Mr. President, Senator Cullom is anxious to get away this afternoon. He told me that he only wanted a few moments with you, and if you don't object I will let you get through with him first. I will go into the other room and finish

fusal. You can tell him that I have come out for this purpose, and he will not be so surprised when I speak."

## HOW TOM CORWIN TREATED AN OFFICE-SEEKER.

One of the greatest annoyances that Gresham had was the office-seekers and place-hunters. These are numbered by legions about the Postoffice Department and also about the Treasury. Postmaster-General Wilson tells me there are now 75,000 postmasters in the United States, and I doubt not that thousands of them will be changed by McKinley's Postmaster-General. The Congressmen in his dictation to him is to say that he will probably earn his salary. The worst thing with Gresham was that he was so good-hearted that he had given out many letters commending others for office, and when men came to him and showed him his own recommendation, he would sign it. One day he found it hard to refuse I have heard similar stories of Tom Corwin, who was, you know, Secretary of the Treasury way back in Fillmore's time. Corwin was so good-natured that he would sign anything. One day a chronic office-seeker laid before him an

enthusiastic recommendation for the appointment of the Secretary of the Treasury. It was dated some years back, and had been given while Corwin was in Congress. As the man asked for office and position, the latter Corwin said: "That is a very good letter, and did not get you an appointment?"

"No," replied the man: "It did not."

"Well," returned Secretary Corwin, "if that letter was not strong enough to get you a place, under Secretary Ewing, it certainly is not strong enough to give you an appointment under me." And he thereupon had the man shown out.

## SENATOR TELLER TALKS OF THE INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Senator Cullom told me that he did not know that McKinley was thinking of him as his Secretary of the Interior, and that it was hardly safe to say whether he could take the position or not if it was offered, for it might not be offered. Since then I see he has been called to Canada, and I think that he is to be the next Secretary of the Interior, though I believe Henry C. Payne of Wisconsin was as almost sure to have this position. The Interior Department is a much more important place than it gets credit for. I chatted with Senator Henry M. Teller about it the other night. He was, you know, Secretary of the Interior under Arthur, and he made one of the best Secretaries that we have ever had. Said he: "The Interior Department needs one of the very best men of the country. I think it is by all odds the most important office in the cabinet. The man at the head of it has to settle more values than the Supreme Court, and he does more business than the Secretary of the Treasury. The Treasury is a large extent, an executive department. Before the Civil War questions are always coming up. Its head has to deal with the development of the country, and the disposal of our public lands. He has all the pensions to handle, and our great patent business goes through his hands. The Secretary of the Interior should be a scientific man, as well as a good, practical business man. He should be a man well acquainted with the business of the States, and he should, above everything, be a western man. During my administration I secured a case of more than \$15,000,000, and cases involving enormous sums were always coming up. There were legal questions presented every day or so, and I don't see how any man could be an efficient Secretary of the Interior without a good knowledge of the law."

## SHERMAN AND THE CABINET.

During a call upon Senator Sherman the other night, I asked him about the talk which was being published about him as McKinley's prospective Secretary of State. He told me that he had received no offer of the State Department as yet, and he had no knowledge that McKinley thought of him in that connection. He told me that he did not know that he would care for the position if it were offered him, and that he thought he should like to finish his career in the term in the Treasury. He said, however, whether he yet knows his own mind on the subject. He realized the greatness of the position, and that he might have a chance to make his mark on the diplomatic history of our nation. The place would be a fit climax to his long use of public service, and with his magnificent mansion he could make his administration a great social one. He has been at the head of the committee on foreign affairs of the Senate for many years, and would make a more efficient Secretary of State than any now talked of. He has never before had a chance to be at the head of the State Department, though the Treasury has been twice within his grasp. The first time was when Salmon P. Chase was appointed more than a generation ago when Sherman was still in his forties. Lincoln gave him to understand that he could have the place, but Sherman was then in Congress and wanted to be Speaker of the House. He failed in this, but got to be Senator. Shortly after Hayes was elected he wanted him to be Secretary of the Treasury, and Sherman once said to me that he took the position largely because he wanted to carry out his resumption policy. He told me that he did not find the work especially hard, though his term in the Treasury Department was one of the most exciting in his history.

## HARD-WORKED CABINET MINISTERS.

Still the State Department and the Treasury promise to be among the hard-working positions of the next administration. Most Secretaries of the Treasury have complained about the work. Folger and Manning and Windom are popularly supposed to have died from overwork in the treasury. I called the other day at the State Department to see Secretary Olney, and ask him about the work of his office. He would not talk, but I could see that he thought he had plenty to do. Whether overwork in the State Department caused Gresham's death is a question. I am told that no one is like the bustle of public affairs, and it is related that when he was Postmaster-General he grew sick of the position and wanted to get out of it. One day he said that he entered the house of a friend in Washington, and throwing himself upon the sofa, exclaimed: "I would not be a Cabinet officer again for a salary of \$4,000,000 a year." Still, it was after this that he accepted the portfolio of the treasury and later on consented to be President Cleveland's Secretary of State.

## HOW TOM CORWIN TREATED AN OFFICE-SEEKER.

One of the greatest annoyances that Gresham had was the office-seekers and place-hunters. These are numbered by legions about the Postoffice Department and also about the Treasury. Postmaster-General Wilson tells me there are now 75,000 postmasters in the United States, and I doubt not that thousands of them will be changed by McKinley's Postmaster-General. The Congressmen in his dictation to him is to say that he will probably earn his salary. The worst thing with Gresham was that he was so good-hearted that he had given out many letters commending others for office, and when men came to him and showed him his own recommendation, he would sign it. One day he found it hard to refuse I have heard similar stories of Tom Corwin, who was, you know, Secretary of the Treasury way back in Fillmore's time. Corwin was so good-natured that he would sign anything. One day a chronic office-seeker laid before him an

## "Where Rells the Oregon."

(New York Mail and Express.) The formal opening, a few weeks ago, of the Cascade Locks in the Columbia River was an event which the Portland Oregonian may well be excused for celebrating with such exuberance of joy and profusion of colored ink. This great public improvement, begun as long ago as the year 1880, has just been finished, and gives 230 miles of continuous and deep-water navigation on the Columbia between the ocean and the Dalles. The Cascade Rapids, seventy-five miles from Portland, have always been an insuperable barrier to navigation. Since 1888, Congress has been liberal in its appropriations for the improvement of the Columbia for navigation, and the first great step in that direction is the completion of this splendid system of locks at the Dalles, which lifts the boats and commerce around the rocky and tumultuous rapids which have hitherto placed the head of navigation on the Columbia some miles above the mouth of the Willamette.

With the exception of the "Father of Waters" himself, there is not in North America another river so vast, or so important to commerce, as Bryant's "rolling Oregon," which, however, the meet had probably not enough to do with when he wrote "Thanatopsis."

Over one thousand miles inland the Columbia has deep enough to float an ocean steamer. The removal of one more obstruction—the rapids at the Dalles—will open to navigation 1750 miles of navigable waters in the Columbia and its tributaries. The Columbia drains fully 300,000 square miles, an area four times as large as New England. Between the great "inland empire" of four rich States and the sea there now remains only the stretch of eight miles of rapids at the Dalles, and around this obstruction the government is building a ship railway. Within a few years the northwestern metropolis will be celebrating another "opening," and the commerce of the majestic river will then go from the foothills of the Rockies untraveled to the sea.

Another great government work, completed almost simultaneously with the Cascade Locks, and destined to affect almost as intimately the commercial interests of Portland, is the great jetty extending out from Point Adams, at the mouth of the Columbia. This jetty, the longest in the world, thrusts itself boldly out nearly five miles into the Pacific. It is fifteen feet wide on top, and is constructed of rocks, held in place by piles. It closes up the southerly channel of the river, and the current, thus confined, keeps open a deep and natural gateway to the sea, besides providing a safe fresh-water harbor. The largest vessels afloat will now anchor at the Columbia and moor at the docks of Portland, 100 miles from the sea.

More distinctly than any of the cities of the Northwest, Portland has moved forward steadily and conservatively to its present commercial supremacy. Unaffected by "booms," it has escaped, in large degree, the backsets suffered by the "boom" cities. And the Columbia River is the artery of its life blood.

Not Repeated. "When you stepped on that gentleman's foot, Tommie, I hope you apologized?"

"Oh, yes, indeed, I did," said Tommie, "and he gave me five cents for being such a good boy."

"Did he? And what did you do then?"

"Stepped on the other and apologized again, but it didn't work."



PRESIDENT MCKINLEY'S OFFICE.

Diamond Bros

Next to Security Savings Bank,  
Corner Main and Second Sts.







## Dr. Shores' Free Treatment.

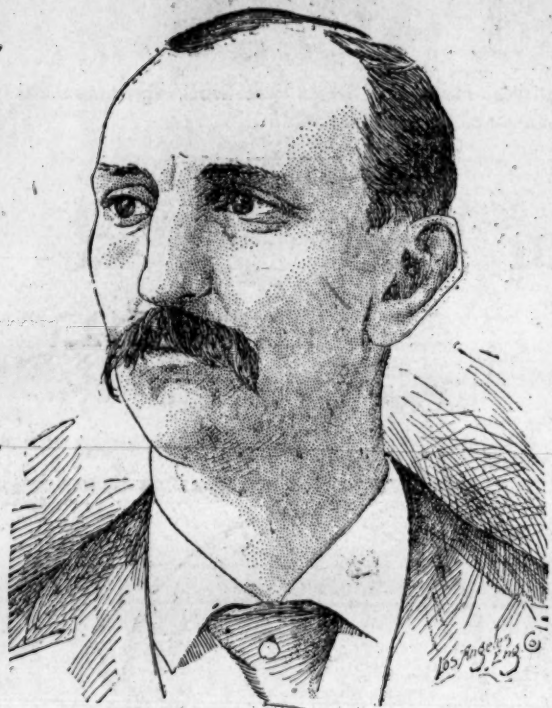
Dr. Shores' offer of a free test trial treatment with his new instrument is not a charity proposition. This offer is made for the purpose of enabling every sufferer from catarrh, deafness, asthma, or any lung trouble in Southern California to fully test his improved treatment with his new instrument, absolutely free of charge, to all who apply in person at his parlors before February 1. By taking this free treatment the sick may see for themselves the superiority of Dr. Shores' treatment over any other on the Coast. Dr. Shores' new treatment will stand the test. Come and try it, and you will take no other. Hundreds are being cured every week. Dr. Shores is an originator, not an imitator.

Why pay big fees to other doctors when Dr. Shores will cure you for \$5 per month, medicines free.

## A REMARKABLE RECOVERY.

What Dr. Shores Has Done for Oscar McLain's Catarrhal Trouble.

Dr. Shores Treats and Cures:  
Catarrh,  
Asthma,  
Bronchitis,  
Weak and Sore Eyes,  
Hay Fever,  
Deafness,  
Neuralgia,  
Heart Disease,  
Dyspepsia,  
Rheumatism,  
Malaria,  
Chronic  
Dysentery,  
Kidney  
Disease,  
Nervous  
Diseases,  
Blood  
Diseases,  
Skin  
Diseases,  
Female  
Diseases,  
Hemorrhoids.



Oscar McLain, who is employed on the C. W. Brown ranch at Monrovia, says: "I have had catarrh of the head, throat, and stomach, for over a year and a half, and it continually had frequent smothering spells, and had serious trouble with my heart, stomach and bowels. I consulted many doctors but steadily got worse. I came to Dr. Shores, and as a result of his treatment all disagreeable symptoms have disappeared, and I have gained eleven pounds in six weeks. I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Shores' treatment."

## One Price For All.

In treating with Dr. Shores you know just what you have to pay. Dr. Shores does not charge \$5 for Catarrh and \$20 for Kidney Disease or other trouble. He will treat you for all your ailments, no matter how many, for \$5 per month, all medicines included. Now understand, \$5 a month is all you have to pay for expert treatment.

Ordinary Cases of Catarrhal Deafness, ringing in the Ears, Cured in One Treatment.

## DR. SHORES' MARVELOUS INSTRUMENT.

It is a Pronounced Success in Treating Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchial and Lung Troubles—Hundreds Speak in Grateful Praise of the Marvelous Efficacy of Dr. Shores' New Treatment.

A Test Trial Treatment Absolutely Free to All Who Come Before February 1—Come Today, for Tomorrow May Be Too Late.

Crowds of sufferers from catarrh, asthma, bronchial and lung troubles have been thronging Dr. Shores' parlors for a free test of Dr. Shores' new and wonderful instrument for the treatment of these diseases. Hundreds have been instantly relieved of the spasms of asthma, and some cases of ordinary catarrhal deafness have been cured in one treatment, by this latest discovery in modern medical science. By means of this marvelous instrument Dr. Shores is personally able to apply his soothing balms and healing oils directly to the sore and ulcerated spots in the membranes of the nose, post-nasal space, bronchial tubes, Eustachian tubes and reach the minute air cells of the lungs, carrying his healing and stimulating oils into direct contact with the diseased membrane surfaces.

In common with other advanced specialists in this class of diseases Dr. Shores recognizes that a thorough constitutional treatment must accompany his healing local applications, and Dr. Shores' Vegetable Tonic Medicines, intelligently prescribed, purify the blood and invigorate the nervous system, thus aiding Nature to throw off the poisons of catarrh and chronic disease from the system.

It is universally conceded by all eminent medical authorities that local applications of noxious tar vapors by means of syphon bottles are useless, ineffectual and dangerous in cases of catarrh and lung troubles. Dr. Shores offers to all sufferers from catarrh, lung trouble and chronic disease a fair opportunity to all who apply in person before February 1 to thoroughly test his new and wonderful instrument by giving them a full test trial treatment absolutely free of charge. This enables the sick to judge critically of the merits of Dr. Shores' treatment and new instrument without paying out one cent.

## The Spasms of Asthma and Hay Fever Instantly Relieved in One Treatment.

## A PIONEER'S GRATITUDE.

Joseph H. Burke of Riverside. One of our Oldest Residents. Speaks for Dr. Shores.

Mr. Burke says: "Four years ago I was taken ill with catarrh of the stomach and liver trouble. I treated with many doctors, but got only temporary relief, and they told me they could not cure me. I came to Dr. Shores one month ago and the results have been simply marvelous. For years I have had to carefully digest my food, had no appetite, could not digest my food, had sour stomach and my life was one of misery. In one month I have regained my appetite and vigor and am like a new man. I can eat anything I can eat anything. Instead of carefully starving myself by scanty diet, I can eat anything I can eat anything. My system is as good and strong as when I was a young man."

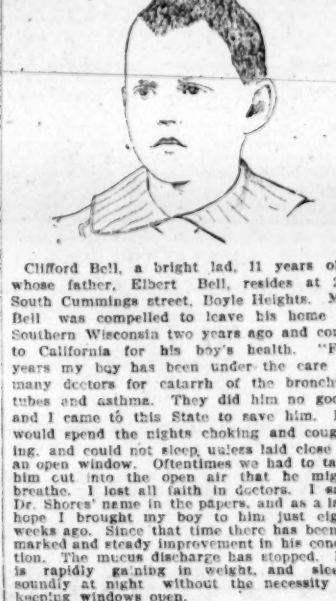
## GAINED TWELVE POUNDS.

Miss Mary Allen of Pasadena. Remarkable Experience.

Miss Mary Allen, whose parents reside at 154 Pasadena avenue, Pasadena, and who attends the arduous school, says: "I had catarrh of the head and throat since I was two years old. My symptoms became very much aggravated last August, my throat clogged up, my nose freely discharged mucus and I could not sleep. I lost sleep rapidly. I began treatment with Dr. Shores last September, and have gained 12 pounds and all disagreeable symptoms have disappeared. I am eating and drinking like a normal person, and my system is as good and strong as when I was a young man."

## CURING CATARRH AND ASTHMA

Clifford Bell, a bright lad, 11 years old, whose father, Elbert Bell, resides at 215 South Cummings street, Doyle Heights, Mr. Bell was compelled to leave his home in Southern Wisconsin two years ago and came to California for his boy's health. "For years my boy has been under the care of many doctors for catarrh of the bronchial tubes and asthma. They did him no good, and I came to this State to save him. He would spend the nights coughing and coughing, and could not sleep, unless laid close to an open window. Offentimes he had to take him into the open air that he might breathe. I lost sleep in doing so. I saw Dr. Shores' name in the papers, and as a last hope I brought my boy to him just eight weeks ago. Since that time he has been a marked and steady improvement in his condition. The mucus discharge has stopped. He is eating and drinking like a normal person, and is now able to sleep without the necessity of keeping windows open."



## NATURE'S WARNING.

Aches and Pains are Danger Signals that You are Sick and Need Treatment.

Great numbers of people suffer from the malice of nature, and from other chronic diseases, without any correct or definite idea of the nature of the affliction. The following symptoms have been carefully arranged by DR. SHORES to enable many sufferers to understand just what it is that ails them. Many of the symptoms are common to several diseases, and are really of catarrhal origin and nature. Every part of the mucous membrane, nose, eyes, ears, lungs, stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys and bladder are compelled to leave their normal position by the action of the disease. Mark the symptoms you feel in your case and bring or send them to Dr. Shores for a free test of his new instrument.

## CATARRH OF THE HEAD AND THROAT.

Is the breath foul?  
Is the voice husky?  
Do you spit up mucus?  
Do you sneeze all over?  
Do you blow out mucus?  
Do you snore at night?  
Does your nose discharge?  
Does the nose bleed?  
Is there a tickling in the throat?  
Is the nose sore and tender?  
Do you sneeze a great deal?  
Is this worse in the morning?  
Does the nose itch and burn?  
Is there pain in front of head?  
Is there pain in back of head?  
Do you have a small lump?  
Do you have a lump in the throat?  
Is there a dropping in the throat?  
Is there a burning pain in the throat?  
Are you losing your voice of taste?  
Do you sleep with your mouth open?  
Does your nose stop up and bleed?  
CATARRH OF THE BRONCHIAL TUBES.

## CATARRH OF THE LIVER.

Are you irritable?  
Are you nervous?  
Do you get dizzy?  
Have you no energy?  
Do you have cold feet?  
Do you feel miserable?  
Is your memory poor?  
Do you get tired easily?  
Do you have hot flashes?  
Is your eyesight blurred?  
Can't you explain what ails you?  
Have you pain in the back?  
Is your flesh soft and flabby?  
Do you feel low and tired?  
Is there a bloating after eating?  
Have you pain around the waist?  
Do you have burning in bowels?  
Is there throbbing in the bowels?  
Do you have sense of heat in bowels?  
Do you suffer from pains in temples?  
Do you have palpitation of the heart?  
Is there a general feeling of lassitude?  
Do these feelings affect your memory?

## Common Colds Cured Absolutely in One Treatment.

Home Treatment—No One Deprived of the Benefits of Dr. Shores' Treatment Because of Living at a Distance from the Office. The same wonderful and uniform success attending the treatment of Dr. Shores in his office is found in his home treatment of patients by mail. By the use of a symptom blank he is able to diagnose cases and prescribe for them, and by his reports he keeps a close watch upon them. Patients living in the country may enjoy the benefit of Dr. Shores' skill as well as those in the city. Write for symptom blank and have your case diagnosed. It will cost you nothing. The charges for home treatment are \$5 a month, all medicines free, including all instruments and appliances.

## A Guarantee.

The DR. A. J. SHORES COMPANY is incorporated and is composed of business men of Los Angeles. No figureheads in this company. As to the honesty and reliability of the DR. A. J. SHORES COMPANY, it might be well to mention its directors: DR. A. J. SHORES, President; WALTER ROSE, Director; HON. WM. BOSHVELL, Director; M. G. OGDEN, Director.

\$5. A Month for All Diseases. Medicines Free. \$5.

Dr. A. J. Shores Co.,

Redick Block, First and Broadway. Office Hours—9 a.m. until 1 p.m.; 2 p.m. until 5 p.m.; Evenings, 7 to 8; SUNDAYS, 10 UNTIL 12 NOON.

## WHY NOT COME TODAY?

## Stealing Railroad Engines During the Civil War.

(Contributed to The Times.)

AMONG the earliest and most perplexing problems that confronted the Confederate leaders in the civil war was that of railroad transportation. The territory controlled by them at the beginning of the struggle—roughly speaking, that lying south of the Potomac—was traversed by numerous railroads, the equipment of which was fully equal to the requirements of peace traffic, but when war came and there were masses of men, horses, food, ordnance and ammunition to be moved, the lack of sufficient rolling-stock became at once apparent. The southern railroads had a few shops, it is true, but their combined facilities were not equal to the manufacture of half the rolling-stock needed. Where were the much-needed locomotives, cars and machinery to come from? European markets were out of the question, and northern shops equally so, for obvious reasons, even supposing that the requisite funds had been forthcoming. Invention, lashed by stern necessity, soon found a way out of the dilemma, at once simple,

furnishing protection. The armed forces invested and picketed the country and left the railroad men free to operate. In speaking of the Baltimore and Ohio as a "northern" road, the term is used broadly, distinguishing it from the line from which it distinguished itself. What was at that period of the war a necessary part of the war effort, speaking, a good portion of the road traversed the border between the military North and South. It was frequently in the hands of both armies, though the Confederates inflicted nearly, if not all, the damage upon the road during the struggle.

In June, 1861, "Stonewall" Jackson acting under the orders of Gen. Johnston, went to the north and captured a number of cars and engines belonging to the Baltimore and Ohio road. The locomotives were but slightly injured (only the boiler of one was damaged) and were among those afterward carried off by the "railroad corps."

MANNER OF TRANSPORTING THE STOLEN LOCOMOTIVES.

The first capture of locomotives took place at Martinsburg on a bright morning in July, 1861. Everything had been previously arranged, the forces selected to do this work were made up of thirty-five men, including six mechanics, detailed from the ranks, ten regular soldiers and a detachment of left Winchester before daybreak and proceeded by the pike to Martinsburg. They were under the immediate charge of Hugh Longstreet, an experienced road man from Richmond. Forts, horses, hired, and where necessary in the hands of the men, were in the rich valley, and in some cases driven by their well-to-do owners, formed a highly picturesque feature of the expedition. They were to be furnished with horsepower. Fine specimens of horseflesh they were; big brawny-limbed, well fed and in the very pink of condition for the work they would need all their strength before the day was over, for there were some rough roads to be traveled, and the heavy ponderous iron horses were to be pulled. Upon arrival at Martinsburg, Mr. Longstreet, a swarthy, wiry little man, looked up his prize and eyes fell upon a big locomotive standing on a side track near the roundhouse.

"That's the fellow we've got to begin on. Go in, boys," he shouted. And then the skilled men and laborers began to work, using all expedients possible, for no one could say how soon they might be interrupted by the enemy. First, the tender was uncoupled, then the engine was raised by means of jacks, and the tender and all the parts that could be removed, such as side and piston rods, valves, levers, lamps, bell, whistle and sand-box. All the wheels were taken off except the flange-drivers at the rear. The stripping was done to lighten the engine, and to make it easier to handle, and for the better preservation of the running gear.

When this work had been completed, what had a few minutes before been a splendid iron Pegasus, was a helpless, inert mass; a mere shell, deformed and crippled, and ready to submit to any indignity, even to that of being hauled over a country road by the flesh and blood-horses whose office it had so long usurped. The next step was to swing the engine around until it hung poised in the air at right angles with the tracks, and to replace the missing forward wheels with a heavy truck, furnished with iron-shod wooden wheels and fastened to the engine's bumper by an iron bolt serving as a hitch pin. When the jacks were removed the engine rested on the flange-drivers, and the wheels of the truck. A powerful chain formed the connecting link between the locomotive and the team of horses. This chain was fastened to the single, double and "double" traces, means of which the horses pulled. The

arrangement was very ingenious, and insured united and steady effort. The horses went four abreast, and the four, when strung along in pulling position, covered the entire width of the road and over one hundred feet of its length. Probably no similar team had ever before been seen on an American road.

THE DIFFICULTIES OF THE JOURNEY.

When all was in readiness a train mounted the end of each four Longstreet gave the signal, the cracks of ten whips rang out and the locomotive's novel trip was begun. The off-start was merry and inspiring enough to such of the townspeople as happened to be in sympathy with the movement; and to the small boy who was as usual present in force. It was an event of the day, and long to be remembered, an experience to be treasured along with that of donning his initial pair of trousers, and a day to be remembered by workers who had the prize in charge, the trip was anything but a holiday jaunt.

The time made varied according to the state of the weather and the roads, the condition of the teams and various other causes. Sometimes the hauling distance to Winchester, eighteen miles, was made in a single day, while at others only three or four miles would be made in the same time. The average time of the entire trip was three days to Strasburg, thirty-eight miles south of Martinsburg, where the road branched off to the westward, and thence through under the unwelcome weight and let the iron monster down into the soft earth. Then there was hustling. The indispensable jackscrews came into use and timbers were placed under the wheels until, after perhaps an hour's work a fresh start could be made. On levels, where there was good, solid road, and all went well, the engine proceeded at a good pace; up the hills they generally went faster, because it was only by a good running start that they could get to the top at all. As it was, the big horses had to strain every muscle in ascending the grades.

Before the first trip was made a prospecting party went over the route and examined the bridges on the line of the pike. In most instances these were found to be in good condition, and it was necessary to go into the woods, cut timber and strengthen them for the unusual burden.

One of the hardest problems to solve was that of regulating the speed in descending hills. Just as the cyclist does for his bike with his little spoon-shaped brake, the men in charge of the locomotive did for that unwieldy mass of iron, for had it once got beyond control on a sharp down grade, nothing could have saved the horses or anything else that happened to be in the way. A considerable experience and thought, the all-useful jackscrew was again called into requisition and used to a brilliant effect. The engine frame and placed sideways against the drive wheel and tightened or loosened as the necessity arose by a man who rode on the engine. It is hardly needful to add that this man's position was no sinecure.

The tenders were conveyed to Strasburg in the same manner as engines, eight horses being employed to the team. Cars were not so much in demand as engines, but a number of them were taken in the same manner. They were not only used afterward for transporting war supplies on the southern roads, but served the immediate purpose of carrying the detached portions of the locomotives.

DISPOSITION MADE OF THE CAPTURED PROPERTY.

When the engines reached Strasburg they were placed on the tracks of the Manassas Gap road, which had the same gauge as the Baltimore and Ohio—five feet, eight inches half-inches. By the process employed in taking them from the rails at Martinsburg, a

matter of seventy miles more, they were hauled by means of other steam power, over the road mentioned and the Orange and Alexandria and Virginia Central, and thence to Richmond. At Richmond they were assembled and kept until all had been brought from the line of the Baltimore and Ohio. Nearly a year was occupied in conveying the seized locomotives, nineteen in all, from the Baltimore and Ohio to Richmond, most of them coming from Martinsburg, though a few were taken from Harper's Ferry and Pottsville. The reason so long a period was covered in the collection of the seized stock was that the Baltimore and Ohio road was continuously in the possession of the Confederates. Sometimes, by the fortunes of war, they were driven south of the Potomac and when, perhaps, after months of skirmishing, they regained the lost ground, the interrupted work of conveying the rolling stock was patiently and systematically resumed. Two or three of the locomotives which were started out of Martinsburg on the pike never got to Winchester, the Union forces having suddenly appeared upon the scene and driven them back to the pike between Martinsburg and Winchester. The elements, but still capable, after repairs, of doing good service.

Some of the engines were the long, lean freight haulers, the day-coaches were passenger locomotives, but the majority were of the now-vanished "camelback" type designed by Rosa Wiggins of Baltimore. These "camelbacks" were sturdy pullers and did excellent service in their time, but they were marred by ugliness. The cab was perched on top of and well to the front of the high boiler, and the engineer sat on a high seat, the front of the boiler being the "camelback" of the locomotive. In the "Battle of Manassas" he used to wield, with that robust voice of his, a long and hard struggle, and blood-curdling as was the sound emitted from his lips, it was but a faint reminder of the original. Now and then the squad in "turn-pike" the engines found it advisable in view of information received from scouts, to retire at night to Bunker Hill, a point well within the Confederate lines, to avoid the risk of capture. The loss of one of the skilled men would have been a far more serious affair than that of a private soldier, who was merely a fighter, or perhaps, even than that of some of the commissioned officers. Notwithstanding the length of time over which the operations extended and the frequent proximity of the Union forces, there was never as much as a skirmish. To carry off bodily such a great mass of heavy material from points at intervals within the clutch of the opposing forces, without the loss of a single man, was indeed a remarkable feat.

The last time the "railroad corps" handled one of the captured locomotives was in the spring of 1862, when the Confederates evacuated Martinsburg just after Second Bull Run. At that time the engines were taken to the last of the engines to be taken from Martinsburg, was at Strasburg ready to be conveyed by the way of the railroad to Richmond. The sudden move of the army rendered this impossible, as the direct route to the capital had been cut off, so the night of the evacuation the railroad force were ordered to get that "camelback" to Richmond by the only route left open, namely, the very circuitous one by way of Mount Jackson and Staunton. Accordingly, the "199," which had already cost so much time and trouble, was put on the tracks of the Manassas Gap Railroad, and taken to Mount Jackson, a distance of twenty-five miles, and thence by team over the pike, a matter of seventy miles more,

from the Baltimore and Ohio roundhouse at Martinsburg. More than this, at a late period of the war, the "railroad corps," who seem to have stopped at nothing, actually tore up and hauled away the ties, rails, cross-ties and spikes forming about five miles of the Baltimore and Ohio road between Duffields and Kearneysville, and relaid it from Staunton, Gap to the north, for the use of the army. Mr. Duke remembers and relates with dry humor how, after the strenuous exertions of this piece of track was got into position late Saturday evening, and how the very next day it was captured by the Union forces. This episode occurred just prior to Second Bull Run, and was a striking example of the extreme uncertainty of war movements.

It is generally understood that after the war the Baltimore and Ohio was reimbursed by the United States government for the damage done to the rolling stock, as well as for the destruction of numerous bridges, etc., by the southern forces. It is also reported, and generally believed, that a number of the locomotives were recovered by the road after the war, and were in service some time in the regular service of the company. Col. Sharp, who conducted the movements for the seizure of the rolling stock, was not only a master of the art of the Baltimore and Ohio road, but a number of years under President John W. Garrett, who was at the head of the road during the war, and who was able to appreciate the enterprise and ability, even when for a season directed against his own interests.

HARVEST SHIVER.

(Copyright, 1897, by S. S. McClure Co.)

The coming season will witness some of the greatest bicycle racing that has ever taken place in this country. This will be due in part to the presence here of a large number of foreign cracks, the intense jealousy and rivalry existing among themselves and between them and the native American riders. Jimmy Michael has announced his intention of remaining here, and his "partner," Tom Cooper, will probably do the same. The two Welsh riders are after each other's scalps, and when they meet it is likely that the "Paris 'Brassard," which yields him a very snug little income, if he wants to keep it, he will have to return to Paris next summer and defend it against all comers, but he probably thinks he can make more money here.

Parsons, the Australian champion, has stated that he will be here to follow the nations' lead next year, and English papers state that Jack Green and Platt Betts, two of the fastest riders in England, will join him in the contest in the United States.

Eden, the Dutchman, who beat Tom Butler in Paris recently, and Charles Crutcher, whose tandem work in England has attracted such attention, are billed to arrive here in April.

There are some old-time odds to anticipate the American riders. Eddie Bald's employers advertise him as the champion of last year, and show figures to prove the statements. The firm which pays Tom Cooper his monthly stipend for riding their outfit claims that he is champion, and they also prove by figures that this is a fact.

In the face of this, along come Tom Butler and his friends, and the wheelmen ride circles around both Bald and Cooper. All three of these young men say they can make "also rans" of their brethren from abroad any day in the week. Whether they can or not remains to be seen, and that is where the public comes in.

Two hundred thousand barrels of sovereign buttons made and sold in the last three months is the record of one factory.



## GOLD MINING IN SIBERIA.

## A VISIT TO THE MINES UNDER THE GUIDANCE OF A LARGE PROPRIETOR.

A Great Gold Field as Yet Scarcely Opened—Novel Customs and Methods in Prospecting, Mining, Transporting and Marketing—Present Extent and Promise of Siberian Gold Mining—The Government Smelting Works.

(Contributed to The Times.)

DURING my recent visit to Siberia I chanced upon a rather rare opportunity of obtaining at first hand some practical knowledge of the mines and mining methods in this little-known region of the globe. On the steamer which was conveying us down the Obi River from the temporary terminus of the Transiberian railway to Tomsk, I made the acquaintance of a Siberian gentleman living in that city, but who was engaged during the summer months operating several gold mines which he owned near the Chinese border line on one of the remote tributaries of the Yenisei River. When he learned that one of the objects of my visit to Siberia was to study, among other things, the gold-mining industry, he was the most urgent in his invitation to join him on an early trip to his mines, where every opportunity, he assured me, would be afforded for obtaining the information I was seeking. I may add, with considerable gratification, that my American nationality was by no means my least recommendation to him and the many other favors I experienced in Siberia. Owing to previous engagements, however, I could not leave with my host on the day of his departure, but I agreed to join him a fortnight later at his village home at Karatus.



LAST OF GOLD-WASHING PROCESS IN THE WHITE MOUNTAINS: GOLD MINE NEAR YENISEI.

some 300 miles on the way to the mines. From there the journey was continued by small Siberian skiffs over the rapids of the Yenisei tributary and on horseback through the taigas or dense Siberian forests.

Our party consisted of my host, interpreter and myself. Four sturdy Russian fishermen manned our two boats at stem and stern and with their long birch poles pushed us up slowly against the swift current of the mountain stream. My host was a typical Siberian gold miner. He had come up by sheer luck from the position of a common peasant and gold washer at one of the mines to that of a rich proprietor, and still retained all the superstition and illiteracy of the peasant, together with his peculiar nonchalant and open-hearted disposition. He had furthermore imbibed the Siberian gold miners' propensity for gambling; only last year, as he informed me, he had lost \$100,000 at card playing in the Tomsk gaming circle, which, I afterward learned included even the Governor himself. I found, however, after many hours of consideration, which the leisure of the journey afforded, that he was well versed at least in the points of his own vocation, and, by virtue of a life-long experience, was full of practical information about Siberian gold mining in general. And now as we proceeded on this wild journey through the most primitive Siberian regions, I propose to give to the reader some of the data I gleaned from this source regarding the localities in which gold is found in Siberia and how it is discovered and appropriated.

In the mountainous districts of the forest region countless brooks unite into rivulets, which, in accordance with the character of the landscape, have a strong fall, becoming very rapid in the spring and more so in the summer, after the melting of the snow. The waters uproot trees, undermine rocks and sweep along earth, gold and other metals with resistless fury, till the lowlands are reached, where the stream, having no longer the same force, allows the heavy gold to sink to the bottom to be covered, perhaps, next season, with more gold, or, perhaps, by earth and rubbish.

HOW THEY PROSPECT IN SIBERIA.

The professional prospector, or gold hunter, has to discover those auriferous layers; but this he cannot do alone. There must be a prospecting party made up, which may consist, say, of an overseer, a leader, eight or ten horses, eighteen saddlebags, provisions and tools, the whole of which may be estimated to cost about \$2500. Any one may go into the uninhabited taiga, to seek for gold (as the hunter may penetrate the same dismal region in search of game) provided, that he has a certificate from mining officers, which he may get by merely giving proofs of good citizenship. The taishchik knows, in the first place, that the Siberian gold deposits are almost always to be met with on the banks of streams or in their beds.

Again, gold is often hidden in crevices of the earth that have evidently once served as channels for running water. Moreover, he knows that those rivers that wash up gold are always those which have their sources in ravines, the rocks of which are very much weather-beaten. Gold is rarely found at precipitous spots, and is most abundant where the water, ages ago, had a calmer current.

The shape of the gold grains gives some idea of its previous history and travels. Are the particles flat and thin? Then they have been dragged over sand and rocks. Are they round like grains of wheat, they have been in some whirlpool, participants in a mad circling dance. Or, once more, are they fine dust particles, with here and there a larger piece, or with various minerals attached—particularly quartz, their original home? Then in this last shape the gold has probably had a comfortable and quiet journey.

With knowledge of this kind the gold hunter proceeds till he arrives at the valley of a stream, where the presence of pyrites, iron strata-clay, or quartz indicates the likelihood of gold deposits. In those parts of Siberia where the ground is unfrozen the exploration of these deposits is always made in winter by means of pits sunk into the frozen ground. The method adopted is as follows: In autumn the pits are carefully laid out and sunk to the water level, when the work is stopped and the pit left open for a certain number of days and carefully protected from the snow. When the pit has sufficiently frozen through, a wood fire is lighted at the bottom, and when the bottom of the pit has thawed to a depth of about one foot, the thawed layer is removed with a pick and shovel. The specimens are then taken into warm winter quarters, erected upon the workings and there washed and assayed.

Thus the work of testing a locality may take some little time; meanwhile the workmen and overseer live in their wretched hut, which often is not well roofed and heated only by a portable stove. The wind whistles through the cracks of the most caulked walls, and the intolerable heat reigns in the vicinity of the stove, while on the opposite walls icicles gleam like brilliant and melting snows fall from above. The air is rendered poisonous by the exhalations of the inmates and the vapor ascending from damp clothing hung near the fire to dry. In fact, as the workmen say, the atmosphere is thick enough "to hang up an ax in." However, in the wilderness, when such a shelter is longed for, when a fierce snowstorm is raging and the thermometer has sunk to 30 or 40 deg. below zero.

But supposing the overseer to have discovered a promising spot and to have tested the earth from several holes, he can raise an average as to the amount of gold that may be got from every hundred pounds; that is, say every ton and a half of sand. If the amount be five zolotniks, say three-quarters of an ounce, this is thought rich; if less than six-tenths of an ounce, it is very poor; sometimes, however, half a pound of gold even is to be found to 100 pounds of sand.

STAKING OFF A CLAIM.

If, when all things are calculated, the land promises to pay, the overseer sticks up two posts, one on each end of the area chosen. This area is limited by the Russian mining law to three and one-half miles in length, and one-half mile in width. The distance between the two mountains in which the gold seam lies. This is generally from 500 to 1000 feet. If this has been done and a courier dispatched to his employer, the place is registered at once by the commissary of mines or other competent authority from the local director of mines, and a thorough survey made by the government surveyors.

When a mine has been registered it must be worked to some extent or it is

river provided us with pure, cool water and the dense trees kept off the sharp north wind. Having carefully examined our weapons, and settled the watches in turn, we prepared to pass the night. When my turn came I threw fresh fuel on the fire, wrapped my fur coat around me, as the night was cold, and was soon lost in reverie. It was not quite dark, but though the moon shone brightly in the sky, its light could, with difficulty, pierce the thick darkness of the forest. The stillness was unbroken save by the distant cry of a wild beast. The echoes were so far reaching that the most distant murmur could be heard plainly. Imagination, ever on the alert, helped the delusion. I sometimes fancied that the rustle of the leaves was the rushing tread of a bear; the noise of the river splashing along its stony bed the rush of a pack of wolves, and the sound of an owl's screech an uncanny laugh. Sitting there by the fire, surrounded by these varied voices of the night, I felt that never before in the whole course of my checked life, had I so vividly realized the vastness of nature and man's nonentity.

The latter part of the third day's journey to Karatus was made on horseback through this dense forest over one of the most rugged and broken bridge paths I have ever had occasion to follow. The path was used only in summer when the rapids in the river render the waterway impassable. During the winter all transport is made over the frozen surface of the river. We reached our destination just at dusk without any serious mishap.

HOW THE SIBERIAN MINES ARE WORKED.

I was treated early the next morning to an inspection of the working of the mines. I was surprised to find no underground work going on, no digging of holes and sending up to earth the results of the work. The whole surface had been laid bare and cut into a series of terraces. There were a number of pits, some of them drawn by Siberian horses and men with pick-axes and shovels filling them. The extraction of the auriferous sand in nearly all the mines of Siberia is conducted in this simple manner by means of these implements. Explosives are used only in the Oleiminsk mining region of Eastern Siberia, where the terraces were drawn up an incline to a platform and emptied into one end of a large iron cylinder resembling a coffee roaster all around it. This was made to rotate by water power, and the large stones and pebbles were, by the formation and turning of the cylinder, tumbled out the other end, they were duly watched so that no nuggets should be overlooked.

In order that I might see how the gold was washed, my host caused some of the sand which had passed through the differentiating process to be emptied onto an inclined plane of clean wood, raised at either end, over which ran equally and slowly a stream of clear water. The mud was soon washed away, the man who performed the washing having a wooden scraper like that of a scavenger, with which he pushed back the grains of gold. This was repeated till about 200 pounds of washed earth had been placed on the board. After the mud and sand had been allowed to roll away, a brush was used instead of the scraper, and there remained behind perhaps a small teaspoonful of gold dust, or as much was roughly valued over. In the case of the mine, which was placed in a miniature frying pan and held over a small fire to dry.

A NOVELTY IN TRANSPORTING GOLD.

The gold thus gained is eventually poured into bags made of a linen cloth, which, after having been stamped with the brand of the mine, are sewn in leather sacks. Each bag contains about fifty pounds of gold, and two of them constitute a load for one horse. To the two bags are fastened a large cord and a piece of dry wood, so that the weight of the horses' burdens being washed away while crossing the swollen river, the floating wood will indicate the whereabouts of the sunken treasure. In the course of the day, at the end of the season, the gold is accompanied with pistol-firing and the booming of cannons and cheers and blessings bid the caravan bon voyage.

THE GOVERNMENT SMELTING WORKS.

All gold obtained by private individuals in Siberia has to be sent by them to the government smelting works, which there are two, one for Western Siberia at Tomsk, and one for Eastern Siberia at Irkutsk. The gold is there smelted and the less well-known branches of the kingdom. Every volume of an "American Encyclopedia" was a sketch of the history of the world. The dictionary and a book of quotations were receptacles for clippings on the origin of words or phrases. Sometimes these scraps were pasted around the margin or attached to the top of the page, but were usually lying loose in the bottom of the book. The family of the poet's life, a clipping from "Punch" on the occasion of his knighthood, a little explanatory note on the words, "bar of Angelo," that helped me to read "In Memoriam" more intelligently. In "Old Creole Days" were the words of George Cable, another of the French quarter of New Orleans and criticisms favorable and adverse to the writer. Hymns of the Church Missionary Society were filled with these five poems, often so beautiful in sentiment, that are read, admired and forgotten in the course of the day. The dictionary and a book of quotations were receptacles for clippings on the origin of words or phrases. Sometimes these scraps were pasted around the margin or attached to the top of the page, but were usually lying loose in the bottom of the book. The family of the poet's life, a clipping from "Punch" on the occasion of his knighthood, a little explanatory note on the words, "bar of Angelo," that helped me to read "In Memoriam" more intelligently. In "Old Creole Days" were the words of George Cable, another of the French quarter of New Orleans and criticisms favorable and adverse to the writer. Hymns of the Church Missionary Society were filled with these five poems, often so beautiful in sentiment, that are read, admired and forgotten in the course of the day.

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the wages derived directly from the mines amounted to \$5,000,000. The cost of the chief articles consumed was over \$8,000,000. These figures give an excellent idea of how vast an amount of money the gold industry distributes over the entire region and how it supports its population, trade and industry.

The rich gold miners themselves have aided the development of the region with a generous hand, laying down roads to inaccessible places and erecting steam navigation along the abundant Siberian rivers, and sacrificing considerable sums of money for the benefit of national institutions, such as schools, churches and every kind of charitable work. The rich Siberian gold miners no doubt have great many shortcomings to atone for, but we must acknowledge that charity covers a multitude of sins. We do not for a moment forget without their generous aid Siberia would never have reached its present development.

THOMAS G. ALLEN, JR.

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SUPREME JUSTICES' GOWNS.

Our Early Statesmen's Task in Selecting a Court Dress.

Ex-President Harrison tells of the contention created over the selection of an appropriate court dress for the Justices of the Federal Supreme Court in the January Ladies' Home Journal. The constitutional organization of the court had been settled and the high duty of selecting the justices had been performed by



## THE MORNING SERMON

## The Six Water-pots.

(CONTRIBUTED TO THE TIMES.)  
BY REV. GEORGE SLUTER,  
Presbyterian Church, Newark, N. J.  
(Through the Newspaper Sermon Association.)

And there were set there six water-pots of stone.—John 4, 6.

It was at a wedding banquet at Cana of Galilee, our Lord being one of the guests. The host was embarrassed by the sudden falling of the supply of wine. This being made known to Christ by Mary, He relieved the situation by miraculously providing wine from the water jars which were standing near.

Not alone in that household of Cana, but here in our times also, and in our own homes, there are set six water-pots of solid and enduring stone. Call them by what names you please, but the things they represent, you will find everywhere, in the bosom of every household, in joys or in cares, in labor or in anxiety, in embarrassment or in losses. "The web of our life is a mingled yarn," as a great thinker reminds us, "good and ill together."

The six water-pots of stone that were in this household of Cana were filled with water, and Jesus, by shortening the ordinary process of nature—of having the water first to descend upon the earth to produce the usual course of the growth of the vine—took a direct and immediate path to accomplish the same end, and changed the water at once into the wine that was wanted.

As our blessed Redeemer is "the same yesterday, today and forever," and, therefore, the same in His gracious compassion and interests in all that concerns the best welfare of the world He came to save, let us contemplate Him now, as we look not at these water-pots of stone, as the divine guest in our households, who changes the water of earth into the wine of heaven. In such a study we shall find a most refreshing phase of the influence of religion in promoting family happiness.

We will glance into these vessels in their natural order, just as they stand in all our homes. They are plainly marked. Let us examine the inscriptions.

On the first is written Joy. This is a conception intimately associated with marriage. A wedding is an occasion of joy. All the world loves a bride just as much if not more than it does a lover. Here is the commencement of the home. Our Saviour sanctifies and hallowes this sacred institution by His significant act, His presence and first miracle. The true unit of the family is the home. The man needs the woman, the woman needs the man, and they both need the children. That is distinctly the intention of God, nature and scripture.

The noble institution of the home was founded by God Himself. Its design was our happiness and welfare. It is an actual fact, borne out by the present aspect of the world, that the condition of men is best in those countries where home-life is most honored. When we compare France, Spain and Italy, England, Germany and the United States, the contrast is striking. Reason and experience confirm the Christian position upon this subject, and that the best condition to develop the highest and noblest possibilities of our nature, is in the sacred shelter of the Christian home. Home is the blessing of which heaven is the fruit. Heaven is the golden setting in which the brightest jewel is set.

If Care, Joyful as was this marriage feast, to which our Lord and His party had been invited, there burst in suddenly the unwelcome apparition of care. An unlooked-for want arose and the anxious question of the moment was how to meet the crisis that had so unexpectedly come. Care had arrived. This is the label upon our second vase. The first was Joy, but the second is Care. Anxiety will come to every household, and cannot be barred out.

But in the emergency which had arisen, how perfectly beautiful is the thoughtful sympathy of Mary. Her presence of mind does not for a moment forsake her. She turns to Jesus, and gently intimates what the embarrassment is that has thrown a damper upon what was few moments since a scene of hearty and unrestrained joy.

Happy indeed are we, and much to be envied, when in the midst of our cares we have such sympathy as that of Mary, which entered so fully and so heartily into the causes of the care, and that immediately set her hands to work to meet the emergency. I know not anything that is so much to be prized as sincere sympathy. There is nothing that is so calculated to lighten care. A kind and helpful word to one in trouble is often like a switch on a railroad track, but an inch between wreck and smooth-rolling prosperity. God intends the relationships of life for our mutual help and benefit. Oh, let us cherish and cultivate sympathy.

Happy indeed is our position, too, when like Mary we not only can tender the sweet and lovely sympathy of an affectionate heart, but also know the true secret of help—the appeal to Jesus. Here we have the influence of religion in promoting the happiness of the home circle at its high-water mark, its very best. When, like the disciples of John the Baptist, we can go and tell Jesus our perplexities and seek counsel and aid from him, then we need not be afraid that our family lies shall be safe and secure under his sheltering and protecting wings.

III. The third urn we come to is marked Labor. Not alone the bride, bridegroom and guests, but also the servants of this household of Cana appear in the picture. Let us represent the factor of Labor in a well-appointed house which has Jesus for its guest.

It is a great mistake to regard marriage and the home life as merely a scheme of happiness. It is also a bond of service. The new testament teaches as plainly as the old that he that will not work shall not eat. Every family should be a bee-hive of busy bees. "The hand of the diligent shall bear rule," that is, become influential in the community.

IV. Adversity. Returning now to the narrative of the text, it appears that for a time there was an awkward pause in the gaiety of the occasion. This suggests the name of the next of these six water-pots of stone that are set in every house. It has written upon it the word Adversity.

It is curious what surprises and vicissitudes occur in the lives of us all. I firmly believe that the real inner history of any family, or of any individual, would be more astonishing than the novels and romances of the most brilliant authors. Not a day passes over the earth but men and women of no mean great deeds, great words and suffer noble sorrows. How often do things come upon us that thwart our best plans and prospects. Obstacles loom up in our way for which we are entirely unprepared. Adversity is the lot of all, and there is no family so favorably situated as not to be liable to it.

But what a grand thing it is, when submerged in affliction and in deepest trouble, to have resources, to know just where to go, to have Jesus in our homes. There is something inexpressibly soothing and sustaining when in your adversity you can hear your dear

Savior say: "Call upon me in the day of trouble and I will deliver thee." Adversity is greatly alleviated and softened by the sympathy and love of the home circle. Home is the only spot on earth where the faults and failings of humanity are shielded by the mantle of charity—a world of strife shut out, a world of love shut in. V. But I must tell you of the next of the six water-pots of stone found in every house. Advancing years is the inscription. The love of life increases with years.

The best of living is the last. And life grows sweetest as it closes; And something richer than the past These days disclose.

Age is opportunity, no less Than youth itself, though in another dress; And the evening twilight fades away, The stars appear, invisible by day.

During the familiarity of long years of constant nearness in our home circles the heart gathers up in silence the nutriment of love, as the diamond even beneath the water imbibes the light which emits a time which deadens hatred secretly strengthens and deepens love.

VI. There is one more urn in every household. There it stands, covered with mourning drapery. That vase means Death. There is no flock, however well attended, but one dead in the grave. May we be united in our home circles, in love, in interest, in life—that we may also be united in hope, in heaven and in immortality, in the Father-house above, which is the glorious anthem of which our Christian homes are the fitting preludes.

Joy, care, labor, adversity, age, death—these are the factors that make up life. Of necessity these six water-pots are indispensable and inevitable. We may beautify our homes with affection and culture, and may decorate them with artistic furniture, paintings and sculpture, but it is impossible to exclude these. The practical question for us to settle is whether these vases shall be filled with the water of earth or with the wine of heaven? Shall they be hum-drum and unattractive, or interesting and charming? Shall they be shallow and empty or deep and full of life?

The answer lies before us. The Lord Jesus was the invited guest of this family of Cana. The consequence was that He was with them, and that He was the invited guest in our hearts and in our homes, and all will go well with us. Beautiful as is the aroma of the home, yet it is essential that that small circle should have its center in the Lord Jesus Christ. No where is religion so needed. Just because this precious circle is so small it requires all the more the noble virtues which religion produces. I commend to you the splendid sentiments of the sixth chapter of Deuteronomy and the third of Colossians.

Where such principles prevail the various relations of the husband, wife, child and servant, will each fill up their proper places. And then the home will become the fountain of love and virtue, temperance and patriotism. (Copyright, 1897, by Newspaper Sermon Association, Boston.)

## PULPIT VOICES.

## Religious Thought and Progress in the United States.

An Epitome of the Sermons of the Week.  
Delivered by Leading Clergymen,  
Priests and Prelates.

(COMPILED FOR THE TIMES.)

IMMERSION. The scholarship of the world agrees that immersion was the baptism practiced by the apostles. All other forms of baptism are in dispute.—Rev. B. B. Tyler, Baptist, New York City.

FAITH. Down deep in the faith of the human race is a faith, a faith in the love of Bethlehem, and it is this faith which, expressed in business changes the commerce of the world.—(Rev. William Rader, Congregationalist, Williams, Cal.)

BRAINS. There seems to be no fixed relation between the size of the body and the brain. A small man may have a large brain, and a physical giant may be only a great calf or a brute.—Rev. H. H. Harbour, Baptist, Columbus, O.

LIMITATIONS. Follow the labyrinthine windings of philosophy to the end, or probe the depths of the sea, or science, and you will find always our human limitations. Beyond these we cannot see.—(Rev. H. H. Harbour, Baptist, Philadelphia, Pa.)

RESURRECTION. Resurrection means ascent, not a going away and leaving this world, but a return to inhabit these mortal tabernacles. The word is found forty-two times in the scriptures, and in forty places has this meaning.—(Rev. R. Harcourt, Methodist, Philadelphia, Pa.)

BOUNDARIES. We should try to fix definite boundaries of the imperishable. The spirit endures; the body decays. The right remains; the wrong goes. Tribulation passes away; glory will always be with us.—(Rev. Dr. Lorimer, Baptist, Boston, Mass.)

INCARNATION. The incarnation sets us right with God and man. The incarnation teaches us simplicity of living. The incarnation teaches us a lesson of spirituality; and glory to God in the highest resounds from loving lips and lives wherever man is found.—(Rev. Dr. Marten, Presbyterian, Columbus, O.)

JUDAS. Modern civilization repeats the story of Judas. He was a man, like all. Every corporation which gets rich at the expense of its employees, every employer who takes his wages and shrinks deliberately an equivalent in work, is of the Judas spirit.—(Rev. R. A. White, Universalist, Chicago, Ill.)

PHILANTHROPY. A great deal of philanthropy that goes on today is of the buttonhole kind. We must become

acquainted with the emergencies of the social situation. What is wanted is a better experience. The truly Christian spirit is to love our neighbor as Christ loves us.—(Rev. George Hodges, Episcopal, Cambridge, Mass.)

THE LABOR QUESTION. No cut-and-dried method will be used as a solution of the labor problem. It may not be force, it may not be arbitration or cooperation, and it may not be education, although education will do a great deal. Whatever method is used it must contain equity, self-respect, brotherhood and character.—(Rev. J. F. Albion, Universalist, Malden, Mass.)

MODERN JERUSALEM. Jerusalem has a grand future. The hand of the murdered Jesus is upon the city, and dominion over it. Then its situation as a commercial center, and its other advantages, will restore to it something of its past glory.—(Rev. J. F. Albion, Universalist, Malden, Mass.)

PROGRESS. God's promises are not yet all fulfilled, and we are bidden for the most part to wait for the future. For man to be cherishing all the time large ambitions is a proof of genius and of the most fatal error. Every man, the ideal is floating above the future. The future is inexorably an issue and result of all that has gone before it.—(Rev. J. C. Jackson, Methodist, Columbus, O.)

REMEDY FOR SIN. The crucified Redeemer is the only remedy for sin. The church cannot save us. Priests and ministers cannot save us. Church rites and ceremonies cannot save us. Only a single human soul, Jesus Christ, can save every poor sinner. There is no other name under heaven given among men whereby we must be saved. There is salvation in the blood of Jesus Christ.—(Rev. W. G. Partridge, Baptist, Cincinnati, Ohio.)

CHRISTIANITY. There is no exaggeration in the saying that the hope of America is in the rising generation, and the hope of the rising generation is in the Christian religion. The individual and national character may be traced to the training imparted under the domestic roof, and its beneficial or baneful influence may be gauged by the religious and moral standard of the family circle.—(Cardinal Gibbons, Catholic, Baltimore, Md.)

ETERNAL FITNESS. God is a God of order, not of confusion; of principle, not of impulse; of law, not of chance. Everywhere in the divine administration there is visible the joy of the well-regulated system, proportion—"the eternal fitness of things." Look where we will and we cannot fail to note the plain hand of almighty, majestic, miraculous Providence operating according to fixed law.—(Rev. K. P. Tupper, Baptist, Philadelphia, Pa.)

A CLEARER VISION NEEDED. We need a clearer vision concerning our duty to the old and young, Christ was a redeemer and a teacher, but he was also a philosopher. In the picture of Christ clasping the little child to His breast we have the picture of what He wanted to hold the world. And He knew that if He got hold of the world it would be by holding the children. He wanted to hold the world in His arms.—(Rev. Sherman W. McCorkle, Methodist, Pittsburgh, Pa.)

ANTIQUEITY. It is a mistake to say that the ages of the dim past are the oldest age in the history of the world. We live in the oldest, not the youngest century, as in common parlance we say. The present is the real antiquity of the world. As we have been born into this antiquity we should feel more keenly than we do the responsibility of the present.

EXPRESSION. Music is an art, but of all art is the necessity for expression. There is in man a necessity for expression, a necessity which he must utter himself. It tries the metals and fashions the bells that sound alarms; it adds to the solemnity of death or deepens the joy of the wedding. It tests the wood and fashions the violin and makes the liberated spirit of the pine tree, the maple and the cypress swell the emotions that utter the life of the human soul.—(Rev. A. J. Wells, Unitarian, San Francisco, Cal.)

FOLLOWING CHRIST. To follow Christ demands, first, the preception and recognition of His claim on our obedience. This recognition arises from the enlightenment of a holy spirit, whose work in life is to reveal Christ to God and to the sinner. To follow Christ demands, secondly, sacrifice. The Christian must have a rejection of self to the holy law of Christ's kingdom and will. This subjection always involves sacrifice and demands conscious effort and divine help.—(Rev. G. S. Burnfield, Presbyterian, Philadelphia, Pa.)

THE RELATION OF TRUTH. The relation of truth to life may be inferred from the fact that truth, apart from personality, is worthless, and personality, apart from truth, is worthless. Truth is personal, the Christian must personalize truth. Living the truth as it is in Jesus is at once necessary to the man of God and to the existence of truth. Possessed as a mere matter of memory, it cannot give life to man nor be itself preserved. As an abstraction, it is valueless; as a life it is priceless.—(Rev. J. M. T. Chidrey, Baptist, Camden, N. J.)

THE POWER OF PRAYER. We need not only to be truthful, but prayerful. Prayer is a great power. Did you ever think that every time you pray you bring Christ and heaven nearer to earth? Look at the many men carrying on a great work just by prayer. Oh, if we could all pray truthfully, what great good would be done! And we must help one another. Happy, prosperous business men, think of your poor neighbor. Go and encourage him. Tell him why he does not succeed. Give him some of your wisdom. Be helpful and prayerful.—(Rev. A. C. Barron, Baptist, Louisville, Ky.)

THE REDEEMER. If one reads the Bible thoroughly, the reader cannot but be impressed by the fact that though some of its books were written at intervals of over fifteen hundred years, yet there is a similar thought, a similar hope, that runs through all. This is, that in the end there would arise a something that would crush out sin. At first this is a mere indistinct idea, but as a vague idea the later books it grows more decided, till at length, when you reach the Psalms, you find a definite promise. This promise is of a Redeemer who shall remove wrong.—(Rev. George C. Adams, Congregationalist, San Francisco, Cal.)

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Midwinter Number

48 Pages and Cover—189 Illustrations.

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## KATE GREENE.

The Girl Who Wedded a Revolutionary Hero.

A Gay, Brave Spirit Through the Awful Struggles of This Country for Independence.

(CONTINUED TO THE TIMES.)  
KATE LITTLEFIELD was a Black Island girl, but when very young she was sent with her sister to become members of the household of her aunt, the wife of Gov. Greene, whose home was in Warwick, and there the young Quaker, Nathaniel Greene, met her when she was a schoolgirl.

This serious young man, nine years the senior of the dashing Kate, was completely fascinated. She appeared to him as many a bright girl has done to a man whose disposition was at the antipodes of her own. She is described as having been of a fine figure, not very tall, of light complexion, with full gray eyes and regular, clear-cut features. Her movements were alert, and her mind quicker than her body. She was not over fond of study, but was a fascinating talker. The spirit of mischief was ever present, and even after

AND THERE THE YOUNG QUAKER MET HER.

the war was over and she had endured as many of the brave women did, it did not leave her. One time, during the year she spent in Newport, she dressed herself as an old and helpless beggar woman and went from house to house among her friends, with her pitiful story and sad appeal. From house after house she was turned away, not one suspecting her, unless it was to warn the servants to watch her carefully until she left the grounds. At last, when the rounds had been finished she threw off her disguise and, thoroughly enjoyed the joke against her friends, as she pointed to the one loaf of bread she had received after all her efforts.

AS A WIFE AND MOTHER.  
And yet, with all her spirit of fun, as a mother she was remarkably strict in her discipline, and demanded and received from all of her children the most implicit obedience. Perhaps the mil-



THE GREAT GENERAL, HIS WIFE AND CHILDREN ALL PLAYING "PUSS IN THE CORNER."

lary life of her husband aided in this; but she also entered into their childish sports with all her heart, and even compelled that great man, her husband, to join. That year in Newport, after the dangers of the war were over, perhaps made her, by a natural reaction, more gay than ever, and a visitor at their home recorded his surprise when one day he found the great general, his wife and children, all playing "puss in the corner."

How Nathaniel won this bright, happy girl, we do not know. She was coquettish though not a coquette, and in great demand; but perhaps she appreciated his manly strength and integrity the more because of her own vivacity. It must have been a source

of honest pride when she came to see his power over men, but is worthy of remembrance. A young man from New England, named Eli Whitney, had come to Georgia to be a tutor in a family near her, but had been disappointed, and, friendless and penniless, was received by Mrs. Greene into her family. There are various stories about his introduction to Phineas Miller, a large cotton-grower there, but she had mentioned his mechanical ability, although he was studying law at the time, and out of that interview, her encouragement and Mr. Miller's aid, came the cotton gin, which revolutionized the cotton industry of the world.

After Aaron Burr killed Hamilton, he wrote the wife of Nathaniel Greene that he would be her guest. Hamilton had been her warm friend, and she had no mind to be hostess to his slayer, and as Burr rode up to her home, which had been placed at his disposal, the resolute little woman left it in her own coach. It is needless to report that Aaron Burr's visit was not protracted one.

But, alas! that I must record it, the vivacious, resolute Kate Littlefield Greene had not only become interested in the cotton gin, but in Eli Whitney's supporter, Phineas Miller, and she who had been so devoted to the young Quaker general, became Mrs. Miller. Life thenceforward was easier, and so far as we know, she was happy, but alas for the story of the Quaker general, Penelope! But ever since Virgil's day, and Dido's also, various of mutable temper, and Kate was no exception. Her husband was devoted and kind, and if she followed the example of Ruth instead of that of Penelope, perhaps it was her affair and not ours.

She had five children by Nathaniel Greene, two sons and three daughters. The oldest son, George Washington Greene, a namesake of whom the great commander was extremely fond, was drowned in the Savannah River, and his mother never entirely recovered from the shock. The second son was named for his father, and was known as "Nat." He with his three sisters survived Mrs. Miller, and followed her remains, just as the second struggle with England was at its close, to their last resting-place in the family burying ground on Cumberland Island.

EVERETT T. TOMLINSON.  
**HELEN KELLER.**  
Probably the Most Interesting School Girl in the World.

She Ranks with Advanced Students of Her Own Age—Is Preparing for College.

(CONTINUED TO THE TIMES.)  
JUST back of Radcliffe College, in Cambridge, Mass., is the institution known as Arthur Gilman's Cambridge School for Young Ladies. Here girls are fitted themselves for college, and among them is a quiet, sweet-faced student, who is probably the most interesting school-girl in the world. Her name is Helen Keller. She is deaf, dumb, and blind from her babyhood until she reached the age of ten. Today, at sixteen, although she is hopelessly deaf and blind, she speaks English, French and French fluently, and

is mentally equal, if not superior to any girl of her age in Cambridge or elsewhere.

When an infant she was like any child until she was eighteen months old. Then she was attacked by an illness which spared her life, but robbed her of speech, sight and hearing. The lonely child seemed to shut away from the world and to live in an outer darkness which nothing or no one could penetrate. But one day a wonderful woman took the unfortunate child into her arms, and the apparently hopeless work of communicating with her was begun. That woman was Miss Annie M. Sullivan, who has taught Helen Keller all she knows and to whom the credit of the girl's wonderful record is due.

LEARNING TO READ.

The first lesson, she tells us, was given with a small doll as the object. Miss Sullivan took the pupil's hand and passed it over the doll. Then she made the letters d-o-l-l very slowly in the finger alphabet, Helen meanwhile holding her teacher's hand and following the motions of the fingers. The teacher began to make the letters a second time. The child immediately dropped the doll and followed the motions of the teacher's fingers with one hand, while she repeated them with the other. She tried to spell the word out assistance, but failed to give the double l, so the teacher spelled out the word once more, laying stress on the repeated l. At the next attempt the child spelled out correctly. This process was repeated with other words, "doll," "hat," "cup," "pin," "mug," "ball." When she was given one of these objects she spelled its name, but much patient teaching was necessary before she understood that all things were thus identified. As soon as she understood that everything had a name, and that by placing her fingers in certain positions she and her teacher could communicate these names to each other, Helen applied herself enthusiastically to the task of acquiring new words. The method was always the same—she felt the object and then was taught to spell it with her fingers. At the end of five months she knew 625 words.

In May, a year from the time of Miss Sullivan's arrival, Helen began to learn printed words. The teacher took an alphabet sheet and put her fingers on the letter A. At the same time making the letter according to the finger alphabet. The pupil moved her finger from the printed character to the fingers, as the teacher formed the letters. The child learned all the letters, both capital and small, in one day. Next Miss Sullivan turned to the first page of the primer, and made her pupil touch the word "cat," spelling it with her fingers at the same time. Helen instantly caught the idea, and asked Miss Sullivan to find "dog" and other words. She was much displeased because the teacher could not find the name "Helen" in the book, and as Miss Sullivan was unable to explain elaborately why it was not there this lesson ended



HELEN KELLER AND HER TEACHER, MISS SULLIVAN.

under a cloud. After that Helen sat for hours, feeling of each word in her book, and showing radiant happiness when she found the word she sought. About this time Mr. Anagnos, secretary of the board of trustees of the Perkins Institute, had a copy of the book "Cat does drink milk." This she carried to her mother, and was overjoyed when Mrs. Keller read it to her. Helen could scarcely restrain her excitement and joy as each word was read, and she was immediately understood that she could now communicate any thought that was passing through her mind. From this time her progress was so rapid that it attracted the attention of the scientific world.

THE BLIND GIRL'S HAPPY LIFE.

Today, at 16, Helen Keller sits in the classroom of Mr. Gilman's school four hours daily, and takes exactly the same studies pursued by her classmates. She is a member of the advanced German, English literature, history and mathematics. By her side sits Miss Sullivan, repeating silently to her the words that are said by the class teacher. You will see the two girls alone in the front row, as you enter the room, and enter and leave. From close observer you will notice that their hands, on the seat between them, are clasped together, and that each word uttered by the class teacher is repeated by these hands. Later you will observe a much more interesting sight. You will see the beautiful fingers of the blind student seek her teacher's face and rest there, the index finger on the lower lip and the thumb beneath the chin. Commanding thus the attention of the class, Helen Keller, by her sensitive finger-tips the message from the index finger of the class teacher. This success in teaching her pupil to read speech by laying her finger on the speaker's lips is, perhaps, the most wonderful achievement of her life. She could do that, Helen could communicate only with those who understood the shell, the shell of the world of the blind and deaf. Now she can understand anybody whose lips she can touch, and she has also been taught to speak readily and with surprising distinctness, considering her afflictions. Her speech is rather thick and her voice monotonous, and she is expected to consider that she herself has never heard speech since her infancy, and has no remembrance of having heard it then. But one understands her reality, and she, wholly unconscious of any peculiarity in her voice, talks so rapidly, earnestly and joyously. The joyousness and the eager interest she feels in all new objects and persons are among the girl's chief charms. She is so bright, so eager, so alert, so evidently and wholly happy, that the feeling of sympathy with which one approaches her seems quite uncalculated for knowing nothing of the sin and sorrow of the world she turns to the good and bright side of life as naturally as a bird soars upward toward a mass of green leaves.

Mr. Gilman's school, and only the constant presence of Miss Sullivan would attract special attention to her if one did not know her history. In appearance she is a well formed, graceful perfectly healthy girl of 16, with simple gown, reaching to her knees, and a small, curly, brown hair falling over her shoulders. Her complexion is clear, her features are good, and only her eyes show her affliction. Her expression is wonderfully sweet and winning and her manner thoroughly well-bred and lacking the self-consciousness, the shyness and characteristics are her joyousness and her eagerness to learn. She laughs frequently and contagiously. She has already become very popular with her

schoolmates with whom she plays and dances during the morning intermission of half an hour. She learned to dance by following the motion of the girls' bodies with her hands as they danced and she feels the vibrations of the music and keeps perfect time. She boards in Cambridge, but a short walk from Mr. Gilman's school. Here she meets and mingles with the girls in the evening. Some of them have asked her to teach them the hand alphabet.

"They get along very well," she told the writer, in speaking of her attempts. "But some of their mistakes are very funny."

Helen's life at present is a regular one. She is in school from 9 o'clock in the morning until 11. In the afternoon she reads, walks, visits her friends, studies, and has long and delightful conversations with Miss Sullivan. She is interested in all the national questions of the day, and discussed the gold and silver question with the writer with great earnestness. "I should be very glad to get all I could of either gold or silver," she declared, "but, of course, I think the gold standard is best for America."

She also confided to the writer that her ambition is to go through college, and that she is fitting herself for this career with purely unselfish motives. "I wish to be able to help others," she said, "and I think that the world has looked with tender sympathy. That is frequently been asked whether Helen Keller dreams of seeing and hearing. She was asked about this the other day, and her reply was prompt, cheerful and wholly to the point. "Of course not," she said, "I'm blind and deaf." She added that, like other girls, she dreamed of the persons and the incidents of her waking hours. It is naturally impossible for her to understand all that is implied by the words "seeing" and "hearing." She cannot wholly realize her lack and certainly there are compensations for these in the awakening of her young soul and the development of her wonderful mind."

ELIZABETH C. JORDAN.

THEATATRICAL SOUVENIRS.  
Suggestions for Women Who Care to Turn an Occasional Penny.  
One way for a woman to add to her income during the winter season, is by the manufacture of souvenirs for special record performances at the theatres. The woman who would turn this particular penny should be clever with her needle, quick at originating good ideas and business-like in her methods. But to explain further. It is usual in large cities, where a play enjoys great favor and runs prosperously many nights, for the management to graciously express their thanks for public favor, by presenting, on the night of the fifteenth or twentieth performance, a souvenir to every woman who attends.

Two of these souvenirs take the form of some piece of silver, rather meaningless in form, engraved with the name of the play, the date of its first and perhaps hundredth representation and the compliments of the management. Of course the feminine element in the audience are glad to receive the trifle, but often it displays no special significance, usefulness, or even beauty; partly because some well-meaning but not very astute man makes his choice, and because anything really nice in silver costs rather too much for a wholesale gift.

A few years ago a keen-eyed woman noticed this and though a busy, admired actress, she is a most capable little amateur artist, and decided to try her deft hand as souvenir manufacturer. For a half dozen plays she made all the hundredth-night gifts and not only, she says, earned money, but amused herself greatly over the work until the demands of her profession quite precluded any continuance in her hobby. "It isn't a paying profession all in itself," she explained, "but a splendid little investment for some woman to make if she is apt and busy over decorative art work." The way to go about the business is simple enough. First of course you must select a play and that a comedy or melo-drama, which has made its success and has run some twenty-five nights to five houses, go and then it is a matter of good points, and then plan with feminine wisdom.

"To make clear what I mean, let me tell you that I designed and made the souvenirs of that bright little comedy, 'All the Comforts of Home.' My notion was to manufacture something that would make a strong appeal to women, so on a broad piece of satin ribbon I sewed little silk pockets—one to hold a thimble, socket for spools, scissors and emery; fastened on flannel leaves, and stuck them full of needles, then rolled the whole thing up and tied it with ribbons.

"On the ribbons I lettered out in gilt the dates of first and fiftieth production, the name of the play, and my traveling mending-case up in a box and sent it to the play's manager. Also in the box I enclosed a perfectly business-like letter saying that, as the play promised to run for at least half a hundred nights, I would like to offer a sample of a good souvenir. I gave him a statement of just for what I could make fifty, a hundred and five hundred of the same little cases. I also said I would wait two days, and call to either receive back my sample or take his order. Well, he gave me the order, and I made hundreds of those little sewing cases at my own price.

"I also decorated, hundreds of the daintiest little doll baby baskets, which were given away at the souvenir performance of 'Jane,' and made many other trifles I can't remember now. The whole secret lies in keeping a sharp lookout for the plays that promise to be so successful that the management will recognize the public with a gift-night, and then in beguiling the manager's eye with something sure he

knows to please the women in the audience.

"There was for example that most successful play in New York, 'Rosemary.' Think what a pretty souvenir a pretty sachet would have been each with a spray of Rosemary stuck through the ribbon for 'The Princess of Zenda,' a penwiper doll dressed as 'Black Michael.' Those are little things a woman's deft fingers can make easily, fashion by the hundreds as tens and in, bargaining with the manager a neat profit is calculated on every souvenir, the small amount to a fine figure. As I said before, there is not sufficiently brisk trade in souvenirs to keep a woman employed at making them alone, but once or twice a winter there is a good bit of extra money to be earned at it and it is yet a very rich field for talent and enterprise."

FANNIE ENDERS.

A Sample Free-Trade Argument.

(San Francisco Bulletin.) The New York Times finds in the fact that California exports prunes proof of the ability of California fruit-growers to produce prunes without even the present duty. "These prunes are sold in large quantities abroad at prices which make them a very profitable export," says the Bulletin. "As I said before, there is not sufficiently brisk trade in souvenirs to keep a woman employed at making them alone, but once or twice a winter there is a good bit of extra money to be earned at it and it is yet a very rich field for talent and enterprise."

prunes are sold abroad. There has been a good deal of money lost in this State in the effort to make a sign market for our fruit products. One of the largest and most successful of California fruit-growers devoted a portion of his home sales of fruit to a futile effort to make a market for our fruit in Europe. But the fruit he sent to Europe was sold at a loss to his own loss, can hardly be cited as proof of the ability of California fruit-growers to compete on an equal basis with fruit from other countries. The fruit-grower of California needs the East for a market. He finds that the fruit-growers of Europe can sell their product at less cost for transportation than Atlantic ports either by 3000 miles of land transportation or by 18,000 miles of water transportation. The European fruit-grower reaches the same ports by 3000 miles of water transportation. These facts, which are perfectly well known to the Times, do not count for anything when it sees a chance to make an argument against the protection of an American industry.

Anti-County Division.

(Oakland Tribune.) The speculation in the organization of new counties is about to begin. Randburg, a mining town, is ambitious to become a county seat. A Sacramento correspondent of the Los Angeles Times, gives this information: "It is intended to take a slice out of Los Angeles, Kings and Tulare counties each, and establish the new county, which will be the chief city, the commercial metropolis, the head-center and the county capital. Whether the measure will go through is by no means certain, but I know that a number of members of each house have already expressed their belief in the wisdom of thus establishing the proposed new county. It is therefore more than probable that the proposition will go through. That is the sort of speculation that should be killed promptly.

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"PEGGY."

## An Interesting Little Story of a Burglar.

Jimmy McGovern and His Sister in the Disseminator Office—Winning the City Editor.

(CONTRIBUTED TO THE TIMES.)

WHEN Peggy first made her appearance in the Disseminator office, none of us paid any attention to her. Certainly, none of us even dreamed that she was likely to prove a heroine.

Peggy was Jimmy's sister, and Jimmy—otherwise James McGovern—was one of the Disseminator office boys. On a certain spring afternoon, when I entered the city department of our justly celebrated journal, I found my

self and their fun, when the burly form of Buchanan loomed up in the doorway. Bless you—these happy urchins never even saw him, and for full fifteen minutes he stood on the threshold looking out, and feeling his ill-temperament oozing out, like Bob Acres's courage, as his anger-tips.

Presently Peggy, in one of her frantic rushes from the pursuing Jimmy, ran plump into Buchanan's outstretched arms. Poor little thing! She almost fainted with fright when she saw who her captor was (and for the matter of that, Jimmy was quite as horrified), but the very first words Buchanan spoke reassured her. When entered he was telling her about his own little girl—particularly about the one that was dead.

Peggy became quite a feature of the Disseminator's city department. She had a funny little piece of needle-work which she called her "embroidery," meaning embroidery, I suppose, and at this she stitched or made believe to stitch assiduously. But she had a quick eye and wit, and Peggy, and little by little, she managed to pick up all the technicalities of the office—the manner of managing that wondrous being, the telephone—the mysteries of proof-slips and the files appertaining thereto—and most of the accumulated lore of Disseminator office boys.

One day, while sitting at a table, gravely calling up "Theatrical" on the phone, and asking with visible importance for "This hundred and thirty-seven." On another occasion I met her toddling down from the composing-room with a bundle of proofs in her chubby arms, while from the printer's landing that usually dignified person, the foreman, watched her daring voyage.

III.

About the middle of January, two notable events occurred. One was the breaking of Jimmy McGovern's leg in a "coasting" accident, and the constant loss of that invaluable youngster for office purposes. The second—well, you shall hear about the second event as Buchanan is never tired of describing.

We had all gone home for the night—or rather for the morning. The office was deserted, and supposed to be closed. The second—well, you shall hear about the second event as Buchanan is never tired of describing.

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a night resort for printers—across the way.

The saloon was empty, save for a group of three men at a table in a far corner. One of these men Buchanan recognized as Bolton the swindler—an other was the discharged printer Healy. Even as they entered a bundle of papers lay in the middle of the table, while Bolton was counting out some greenbacks.

Buchanan set down the child, and sprang like a cat upon a mouse, at the documents.

"Hold those men. They are thieves," he cried, seizing the papers and wading off a frantic blow from Bolton's sledge-hammer fist.

In the confusion Buchanan made good his escape, catching up the frightened Peggy as he went, and still clutching the Bolton papers. In the street he met a policeman, and dispatched him to the saloon, where the erring Jimmy was probably paying for his carelessness in a tussle with the Bolton gang.

But Buchanan did not care, so long as the papers and Peggy were safe.

In the office, while they waited for the "seat of war," the city editor found time to tell Peggy what he thought of her.

"You have done a great thing for the paper, Peggy," he said. "I don't know anybody better fitted for the job than you."

The great Bolton case as published in the Disseminator made a sensation; and when Jimmy McGovern got well and came back to work, found himself obliged to take a subordinate position—as Peggy's assistant.

GERALD GREENAN.

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## A BOY GENIUS.

He is One of the Greatest Living Violinists.

Cares Nothing for Football, Shiny or Mumble-the-Peg—Loves Ice Cream.

(CONTRIBUTED TO THE TIMES.)

BRONISLAW HUBERMAN has been in America four weeks now, and artists speak of his performances as "soul-inspired," the great singers at present congregated in New York admire and pet him; music-lovers clamor for his photographs and great ladies beg him to play for them. His name, to be kept as a souvenir. Even the stony-hearted critics admit his genius and declare that his violin-playing is something exceptional and not to be measured by ordinary standards. All this adulation and admiration he accepts as a matter of course and with far less enthusiasm than an every-day boy would show over a new bicycle or a pair of skates. In spite of his rare endowment, his marvelous memory, and handicraft with the bow, Bronislaw is as much a boy as any round-cheeked youngster in these United States.

BRONISLAW'S TASTES.

His boyishness shows itself in two distinctive ways. He loves ice-cream, and nuts and raisins, and goodies galore, and he loves to have his own way. He has special preferences as to the manner in which he shall spend his time, and he does not like interruption in his favorite pursuits. He never has a lad for outdoor sports. Football and baseball, shiny and mumble-peg have no charm for him. He would not be apt to challenge a champion to wrestle or box or to engage in a running contest or match game of marbles, but he likes to show his collection of postage stamps, to display his favorite books and pictures, and to sit down to a game of chess. All the over-flow of spirits and vitality that he has poured out on his finger ends in the scrapping and staccato that he does on his beloved violin.

"Show me your violin, Bronislaw," you ask, wondering if the small dictator will choose to do so. He hesitates, and then has the instrument brought for inspection.

"People who know about such things, will not believe its value, will not believe that it cost \$10,000," he says, as he fingers it tenderly.

"But it did cost that much?" is questioned.

"Yes, indeed," speaking eagerly, his cheeks coloring with earnest feeling. "The Queen gave it to me. Queen Carmen Sylva of Roumania. She knows it is no ordinary violin. It was violinist to her court at Bucharest."

A QUEEN'S FRIENDSHIP.

"And she was kind to you?"

"Kind? She is my friend," he explains quietly. "She tried her best to get my stamp album brought back, but I never got it. These stamps I have now are all my new collection. The other collection was lost."

"Tell me about it."

"We were traveling through Austria going to Roumania, and, at the frontier, at the custom-house, the gen-

darmes charged almost a hundred francs duty on the collection. We thought that a very high charge and refused to pay it, so the album was kept at the custom-house until we should come back. At least that was the story. I told the Queen, and she was angry with the officials and told me not to worry, that she would have it searched for. She never could find it, though, so I began another collection. I have now over 500 specimens of stamps. Bronislaw did not tell this incident as it is written. He is a Pole, born in Warsaw. He speaks French fluently and has a fine command of German, but English bothers him much, although he is learning it surprisingly fast.

Asked how he liked New York, he answered in distinct English, "Very nice!" and smiled as though much pleased.

"I like much the cyster," he added voluntarily, "and the terrapin and soles; we have not oysters at my home. They are very good."

A MARVELOUS MEMORY.

Most boys would think the life Bronislaw leads in America very tame. He has no boy acquaintances. He goes to walk three times each day with his father and mother, but they do not go

very far from the hotel because they are strange to the ways of the country. He has no pets to keep him company. He does not practice much on his violin unless he has something new to learn, then he devotes himself to studying the score, and does not stop for hours, until he has mastered it. Just to think! There are 400 difficult concertos and sonatas, and individual compositions that he can play from memory. He learns each additional number accurately from the notes, and after that plays it entirely from memory.

His memory serves him well in other ways than music. He remembers historical dates and occurrences with unfailing accuracy, and all the poetry and fairy stories, and ancient legends, of German and Norse origin, stick in his brain. It is these beautiful fancies and imaginings culled from Goethe and Schiller, and the great master of his native land that inspire the boy to such wonderful playing.

It is a peculiar thing, but playing on the violin makes his throat dry and husky. There is a certain German waiter that he likes to take after his percolator. Invariably this waiter is in his throat. Perhaps if the music in him had not found this outlet at his finger tips, he would have been a singer. It would have had to come out some way. He throws himself so completely into his performance that it leaves him as exhausted as though he had been talking a long time. And he has been talking to himself.

AN IMPRESSIVE APPEARANCE.

He is not a handsome boy strictly speaking, but his face lights up wonderfully when he gets interested and there is something distinguished and unusual in his appearance.

Little Bronislaw seldom goes out except in the evening. The boy's appearance attracts attention and the manager likes to avoid this if possible. Most boys of fourteen, and even older, were fourteen on the 10th of December, wear long trousers. Bronislaw wears tight-fitting knickerbockers, a sailor blouse and a very high, blue-bordered, sailor cap, and his hair is well down over his collar, thick, glossy brown hair, parted neatly for the middle of his head. His odd dress would naturally attract attention, but even in ordinary habiliments people would recognize something extraordinary about him. There is a strength and maturity in his face not usual in a boy of fourteen.

ARTISTIC PREFERENCES.

"Did you go to school to be educated, Bronislaw?" you ask.

"Never," he answers. "I had always professors at home to teach me."

"How old were you when you first began to love reading?"

"Oh! very young. A long time before I had a music teacher. I think I always could read in Polish."

"How old were you when they taught you the violin?"

"Six years. I only took lessons two months. I picked it up very fast. At the end of the second month my teacher told my father that he could not help me any more. In less than a year after that, I was playing before the public. I have never had a teacher since."

"How was it that you elected to learn the violin?"

"I love the cornet," he answers, his face flushing up. "I play the cornet well when I try. The violin is the best interpreter."

Asked who was his favorite musical composer, he answered promptly "Beethoven," and stated that the greatest musical artist to his mind was Rubenstein.

Rubenstein said I must be a genius or I could not play as I do. He added, but without a touch of self-consciousness, "Ah! it was said that Rubenstein died. He said that about me in 1892."

From the left pocket of Huberman's boyish blouse there angles a massive gold chain and the young violinist frequently draws the watch from its resting place and refers to it proudly, as though pleased with its possession. He regulates his walks and his meal hours by this timepiece, and is careful to have it keep exact time. This is the only thing about him that is methodical. Only when the mood seizes him does he play. The rest of the time he is absorbed in his books and his study of English. He shows three or four new English books that have been given him as Christmas and birthday presents.

AN IMPROVISED YOUNG MAN.

Most boys like to experiment at money-making. When they get to the age of 13 or 14 years they begin to think of certain little ways in which they can make some spending money of their own.

Not so Bronislaw. He apparently has no business sense, and the manager has a time with him to make him understand that he must let the public like to hear, and not such pieces as suit his own taste.

"Seidel will not have the second number you have selected for the Sunday night concert," Mr. Johnstone tells Huberman. "You must change it for some other piece."

"But I like that; it is Goldmark's concerto. There can't be anything better," says the boy, with an obstinate look on his face.

"It is not a matter of what you like, it is what the people like," urges Mr. Johnstone.

"The people liked that in Vienna," says Bronislaw, twisting a piece of paper nervously in his thin fingers. "This is not Vienna, Berlin, nor London, this is America, New York," says the manager. "Seidel must have another selection."

"Then I won't play anything," says Bronislaw, flying into a passion. "Goldmark is beautiful; I like him." A long argument followed, and after the young violinist has been coaxed into a good humor and peace is restored, the manager laments the difficult task he has in hand.

There is one thing that Bronislaw has enjoyed since coming to America, and that is making up his mind as to what psychologists to study. He dips his hand in the basin of blue ink and plunges it down on the outspread paper with great zest. It amuses him very much.

Bronislaw's Christmas was made memorable by gifts from a number of world-famous singers. Jean and Edward de Reske both remembered him, the tenor's fancy for the boy taking form in an exquisite jeweled set of plectrums representing a violin. Carmen Sylva sent a diamond ring; Melba sent a presh-chest of drawers of fine material, and the boy wears on his little finger a ring sent from Berlin by Carreno, with a late picture of that artist herself.

The extent of the Christmas presents ever received by the little violinist was a new concerto, dedicated to him by Tschajkovski in December, 1894.

O. F. GUMBY.

A Uniform Divorce Law.

(Chicago Times-Herald.) The World-Herald of Omaha editorially suggests that this winter would be an excellent time to bring the proposition of a uniform divorce law before the various Legislatures that are or will be in session. It proposes that the Nebraska Legislature adopt a resolution favoring the uniformity and enjoin the Governor to appoint three commissioners, whose duty it shall be to inquire into the divorce laws of the other States to name similar commissioners, and then all are to meet to frame a divorce law, which shall thereafter be submitted to the various Legislatures for action.

The plan is circuitous, but is probably as good as any that can be devised, and the Times-Herald would like to see it tried. It would at least be a step in the right direction, and might result in an agitation of the subject

that would finally lead to good results. The great obstacle to progress on the subject heretofore has been the apathy of the people. The mischief arising from hasty and ill-considered divorces affects but a limited circle of people, so that the evil of bad divorce laws is not generally felt, and it is almost impossible to awaken much interest in it. The most earnest of humanitarians and reformers in the face of what they consider so much greater evils, make but a languid interest in the divorce question, though morally and socially there are few things more important.

The Nebraska commission could undoubtedly bring together a great array of facts illustrative of the evils of our present system, and thus show the necessity for some change.

Another thing that would result would be the ascertainment of the sentiment of the people of the various States on the question of uniformity. If as many as thirty-four States, or three-fourths of all, could be brought to an agreement, then it might be well to go to Congress and obtain a resolution for a Constitutional amendment. Three-fourths of the States could then adopt the amendment and thus establish it as a law for all the States.

There will be that many State Legislatures in session this year, and an immediate field is thus open for the Nebraska commission when it is appointed.

NOT GOOD CAN BUY.

To purchase heaven, has gold the power? Can gold remove the mortal hour? Are friends like those that can be bought? Are friendships pleasures to be sold? No; all that's worth a wish, a thought, Fair Virtue gives, unbrided, unbought. Case, then, on trash they hope to bind; Let nobler views engage thy mind. JOHNSON.

## A PROMINENT WOMAN, FRANCES E. WILLARD.

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Miss Willard endorsed the Keeley Treatment at the late National Convention W. C. T. U. held at St. Louis, by saying: "I had known the Keeley Cure long before it was generally known to the world and recommended it, and have taken occasion often to endorse it."

I feel bound to put myself on record. I have been very slow, as you know, to take this position, and I have stood a great deal of criticism, but I think the time has come when we should put ourselves on record."

Dr. Norman Kerr, the Eminent English Physician, says: "Drunkennes is a disease and can be cured if properly treated."

Dr. Leslie E. Keeley, the Great Scientist, says: "Drunkennes is a disease and I can cure it."

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THE CHILD COULD ONLY POINT TO HIS DESK.

accustomed chair occupied by a rosy-checked, wide-eyed, duffy-haired young person, whose brief skirts at once proclaimed her sex and her extreme youth.

The watchful Jimmy, seeing my perplexity, instantly darted forward and half pushed, half lifted the usurper from my rightful throne.

"It's my sister," he explained (clearly somewhat ashamed of owning such a commodity). "You see mother-dead, an' father's to work all day, so Peggy here couldn't stay home all by her lonesome; and I thought—"

"You thought you might bring her here," I interrupted. "Well, she's a pretty little thing, and if you don't let her get in the way, I fancy the boys won't mind."

"I won't get in the way," piped Peggy, with superb self-consciousness. "An' zen-an' zen, I can help Jimmy."

I laughed at the idea of a little six-year-old maiden helping in the busy whirl of a newspaper city room, and gave Peggy an encouraging pat on the head, and a very modest coin of the realm for certain services rendered. Thereafter Peggy adopted me as her special friend and champion.

It was a day or two later that, on entering the city room I came upon a curious sight—no less a sight, indeed, than old Buchanan, the city editor, with Peggy on his knee. Now, if ever



PEGGY.

there was a surly human bear it was Buchanan, and it spoke volumes for Peggy that she had been able to tame him. Indeed, I had feared that, when my chief discovered her daily presence in the office, he would instantly order her to decamp. Quite the contrary had occurred, and I was stricken with amazement, which did not decrease when Jimmy subsequently narrated to me the events leading up to Peggy's conquest.

Buchanan, it appears, had come growling into the room, as was his wont, and looking for some one upon whom to vent the spleen generated by a half-digested breakfast. He was a terrible man, was Buchanan, when his breakfast did not agree with him! But this morning the city editor was not expected for an hour to come, and so Jimmy and his sister had been indulging in a merry game of "tag." They were rushing wildly hither and thither, upsetting chairs and wastepaper baskets, and utterly unconscious of all

else but their fun, when the burly form of Buchanan loomed up in the doorway. Bless you—these happy urchins never even saw him, and for full fifteen minutes he stood on the threshold looking out, and feeling his ill-temperament oozing out, like Bob Acres's courage, as his anger-tips.

Presently Peggy, in one of her frantic rushes from the pursuing Jimmy, ran plump into Buchanan's outstretched arms. Poor little thing! She almost fainted with fright when she saw who her captor was (and for the matter of that, Jimmy was quite as horrified), but the very first words Buchanan spoke reassured her. When entered he was telling her about his own little girl—particularly about the one that was dead.

Peggy became quite a feature of the Disseminator's city department. She had a funny little piece of needle-work which she called her "embroidery," meaning embroidery, I suppose, and at this she stitched or made believe to stitch assiduously. But she had a quick eye and wit, and Peggy, and little by little, she managed to pick up all the technicalities of the office—the manner of managing that wondrous being, the telephone—the mysteries of proof-slips and the files appertaining thereto—and most of the accumulated lore of Disseminator office boys.

One day, while sitting at a table, gravely calling up "Theatrical" on the phone, and asking with visible importance for "This hundred and thirty-seven." On another occasion I met her toddling down from the composing-room with a bundle of proofs in her chubby arms, while from the printer's landing that usually dignified person, the foreman, watched her daring voyage.

III.

About the middle of January, two notable events occurred. One was the breaking of Jimmy McGovern's leg in a "coasting" accident, and the constant loss of that invaluable youngster for office purposes. The second—well, you shall hear about the second event as Buchanan is never tired of describing.

We had all gone home for the night—or rather for the morning. The office was deserted, and supposed to be closed. The second—well, you shall hear about the second event as Buchanan is never tired of describing.

When I entered the city department of our justly celebrated journal, I found my

self and their fun, when the burly form of Buchanan loomed up in the doorway. Bless you—these happy urchins never even saw him, and for full fifteen minutes he stood on the threshold looking out, and feeling his ill-temperament oozing out, like Bob Acres's courage, as his anger-tips.







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## STORING UP SUNLIGHT.

### A WONDERFUL SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY OF A NEW MEANS OF ILLUMINATION.

A College Professor in Alabama Has Been Able to Take Photographs by Means of Light Thus Given Off—This Light Will Even Penetrate Wood Two and One-half Inches in Thickness—Missing Link Between the X-Ray and Ordinary Light.

[Contributed to The Times.]

THE wonders of X rays have been very much overdone lately, but here is a bona fide achievement which surpasses anything that has been accomplished in this line. Prof. A. F. McKissick of the Auburn, Ala., Polytechnic Institute, has demonstrated that a piece of common granulated sugar which has been exposed to direct sunlight for two hours and then placed in a dark room with a photograph plate, will emit light enough to photograph several small objects on the plate through an intervening thickness of two and one-half inches of wood.

The merit of the announcement of this discovery lies in its legitimacy. Prof. McKissick is a recognized authority in his department. He does not claim to have discovered that sunlight is stored in and afterward given off

could be polarized, refracted and reflected. He found that the potassium platinum compound of aurum, after exposure to sunlight, emitted these rays for many days. "Inasmuch as the Roentgen rays can pass through aluminum or cardboard, but cannot be polarized or refracted and reflected only slightly, it seems that the Becquerel ray is the connecting link between the Roentgen rays and ordinary light."

"It occurred to me that probably a phosphorescent compound would give radiations of this kind, and with this idea I tried all of the known fluorescent inorganic compounds. I found that barium chloride, calcium sulphate, quinine chloride, quinine sulphate, calcium nitrate, sodium tungstate, stearic acid, ammonium phosphomolybdate, chalk, glucose and sugar.



FIGURE 1. A PHOTOGRAPH OF TWO KEYS AND TWO COPPER CENTS TAKEN IN THE DARK WITH URANIUM NITRATE.

by certain translucent objects. This is the theory of Becquerel, well known to the scientific world. But he has reduced this theory to a practical working basis. His experiments prove the word "darkness" to be only a very relative term. Total darkness cannot exist in fact. Objects all around us are continually storing up sunlight during the day and giving it off at night. The human eye is not finely enough attuned to such light rays as to be able to detect them, but the rays exist, as is proved by the photographic plate. Prof. McKissick gives a long list of substances which are continually storing up sunlight during the day and then emitting it at night with such an X-ray intensity as to cause it to penetrate surrounding objects such as tables, chairs, clothing, etc.—a wonderful physical or chemical transformation of the sun's rays.

This discovery involves the question of how certain animals are enabled to see in darkness. A cat will prowls about a dark room, or a horse will gallop furiously along a dark road under conditions which would not allow a man to see his hand before his face. How do they do it? Are they enabled to see beams of previously stored up sunlight? It has been contended that there is some light by means of which animals are enabled to see; that if total darkness existed, not even a cat could see around a dark room. The old-time scientist who made this statement built on better than he was aware of. It is now contended that a cat is enabled to see in the dark by the light emitted from its own eyes. Prof. von Helmholtz was enabled a short while before he died to take a photograph of his own eyes in the dark by means of the light of his own eyes. Now if some scientist were to discover that the human eye emitted a light of X-ray properties, the old saying relative to the burning quality of a person's glance would have some foundation in fact. First, as to the discovery of Bec-

"Some of the negatives obtained were much clearer than others, and some peculiar effects aside from the pure light effect were obtained. An examination of the plates will show this. Figure 1 is a photograph of two keys and two copper cents taken in the dark with uranium nitrate. The peculiar effect connected with the radiation already mentioned is that generally when the object is placed in the dark with uranium nitrate, the object is produced on the plate (although the object has been placed in contact with it). Close inspection will show this to be the case. For simplicity call the sharper or more pronounced image the primary and the less distinct the secondary, the latter being marked with the letter 's'.

"Of all substances tried I found that white granulated sugar gave the best results. Figure 2 is a photograph of a key, three cents and a nickel, an irregular piece of glass obtained from the light emitted from a small quantity of sugar (secondary images marked with 's'). Figure 3, however, is a photograph of two coins, a key and a piece of glass obtained from sugar, but far more interesting than Figure 2 from the fact that the emitted light was made to pass through a piece of wood 2½ inches in thickness as well as the plate-holder, before it could reach the sensitive plate.

"The various images of the same object which appear on the plate are very erratic or at least irregular in position. Their appearance, however, have noticed as many as five images of one object and sometimes on the same negative there would be two images of one object and only one of another object two inches away. The element of phosphorescence does not seem to enter into the process by which these photographs are taken. Prof. B. B. Ross suggested to me that inasmuch as quite a number of fluorescent and phosphorescent substances possessed high molecular weight, although not known to be either fluorescent or phosphorescent, might give off these rays. With this idea in mind I tried stearic acid, ammonium phosphomolybdate. Both of these substances emitted the rays. Stearic gave them off but slightly, molybdate more strongly, producing a fairly clear and sharp negative."

This is Prof. McKissick's account of his experiments, related in a technical manner to his scientific interest, however, is paramount. It proves that Old Sol has been dominating us to an even greater extent than we imagined. It is a revelation that here at least is the connecting link between Roentgen rays and ordinary light, possesses peculiar scientific interest. Taken in connection with the recent feats of Prof. Elihu Thomson it forces the supposition that very few substances under the sun, are really impervious to light rays. They penetrate everything and everywhere. The achievements of Prof. Thomson just mentioned have just been announced by the fact that the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, succeeded in forcing Roentgen rays through two plates of cast iron 9-16 of an inch thick. They succeeded in forcing them through a ½ inch wrought iron plate at a distance of six inches from the platinum surface of a Crookes tube. The Becquerel theory is developed more thoroughly. It will doubtless be found that many substances in more or less common use are really storage batteries of light, gathering up energy during the day and dispersing it during the night. This is of course the picture of a thing in its most practical element. It is a very necessary very remote. Two hours' storage of sunlight requires months for use of dispersion. Here is an immeasurable quantity of light practically going to waste. It requires a slight stretch of imagination to suppose a system which would gather in, so to speak, all this wasted light and reduce it to a usable condition, thus compelling the sun to do duty for us during the night as well as during the day, yet capital has been hoarded on still more nonsensical ideas.



FIGURE 2. A PHOTOGRAPH OF A KEY, THREE CENTS AND A NICKEL, TAKEN IN THE DARK WITH SUGAR.

quired: Becquerel discovered that certain chemical substances were constantly storing sunlight and then radiating it under favorable conditions. Thus uranium after being exposed to direct sunlight for a few hours, was found to emit the stored energy in fine streams of light for long periods of time. Subsequently it was found that the period of dispersion is indefinite, for recent reports from Europe state that substances acted upon by sunlight ten months ago are still radiating light-rays strong enough to effect a sensitive plate, even though no direct sunlight had acted upon them in the meantime. Thus it was found that certain substances are really storage batteries of light in almost interminable quantity. Becquerel's field, however, was limited. It remained for Prof. McKissick to develop the theory and discover its inherent and most picturesque qualities. Concerning his discovery he says as follows: "Some time ago Becquerel discovered that certain uranium salts emitted, after exposure to sunlight, radiation which, like the Roentgen rays, could pass through thin plates of aluminum or cardboard and affect a photographic plate behind, and also that these rays

which is far below the range of the human eye, but which can yet be reduced to so practical a basis as to materially affect a photographic plate. The fluoroscope has enabled us to view the minutest X rays as they are taking place. Might we not go a step farther and devise an instrument which would enable us to see the sunlight which is stored in sugar, in glucose, or in chalk.

It is suggested by a local scientist that this discovery of unknown light rays capable of being photographed, may serve to throw some light on the methods pursued by spiritualist photographers. That negatives have been produced bearing spirit pictures presumably taken in totally dark rooms, there can be no doubt, but the assurance of the legitimacy of such photographs has always been opposed by scientific laws. Now, the chance arises that some of the negatives may have been bona fide to a certain extent. The ability to take photographs in the dark might have been stumbled upon by any method which would naturally make the most money out of his flend by working it secretly and playing or deceiving the public. The negative, a little prepared sugar and the thing is done. The "primary" image on the plate is real enough; the "secondary" image, which appears singly or in several folds, is spiritual enough almost to convince the most skeptical.

But leaving the hypothetical side of the discovery entirely out of the question, there is enough of scientific interest in this discovery to provide a dignified investigator with food for reflection and scope for further research. In the Auburn, Ala., Polytechnic Institute, experiments are being actively carried on which will tend to develop whatever there is in the discovery. All kinds of substances are being tried with a view to finding out how much of this storage of sunlight exists around us, and in what degree it is taken up by various substances. Plates are being used to photograph all kinds of objects; for the X-ray quality of the stored light sometimes makes a difference in quality. The question as to why so many peculiar images of the same object should appear on the plate is also being looked into. This would make it seem that the shafts of light must be constantly changing, or at least emanating from different quarters—it will be remembered that the secondary images of the key on one plate were removed from one another to the extent of 45 degrees of a circle. At least we may expect an interesting outcome, for that common granulated sugar is capturing the sunlight and afterward radiating it in the dark in a manner so changed as to bid defiance to two and a half inches of wood, is a discovery that is not being made every day in the week.

THEODORE WATERS.

#### A PRETTY WELSH CUSTOM.

Penitential Singing and its Twofold Trick.

The custom of penitential singing as practiced by the Welsh in Pennsylvania is described by Gertrude Henry in the New York Evening Post as follows:

The harper began playing an ancient Welsh air, plain of harmony and of strongly marked rhythm. This melody he kept up as an endless accompaniment to the song. For a while he played two or three bars, Alarich Mon sailed in on an up-beat. She did not follow the air, only the harmony, obligate fashion, in measures that were half recitative, half warble—unlike anything I have



COMMUNING WITH THE CLOUDS AND THE WINDS.

ever heard, and in its essence absolutely indescribable. The trick—for there is a trick in it—appears to be twofold; it consists first in catching up the strain at some unlooked-for place; also—and this is where the real skill lies—in adapting every conceivable meter to the one unvarying melody, by the rapid utterance or the slow lengthening out of syllables. The result is peculiar, often very amusing, and when, besides this musical feat, every enlivened a spark of timely wit at the end, Cymric enjoyment has reached its highest.

It was worth days of woe to witness the fury and delight Alarich Mon and her penitential caused. She had a verse for everybody on the platform—conductor, presidents, adjudicators—turning round and facing each one she addressed, delivering her poetry epigrams in a way to turn a not too strong heart quite upside down.

It was all very fascinating and queer. The harper harked his eternal tune of a quaint background of sound for the fluttering, bird-like chant; the wonderful voice of the singer; the very quality of which seemed modified by the texture, create a demand for these strange, strange language in which she sang; the effect of improvisation in the words, reminding one of those days when the memorial poem of Cambrif was when the gift of improvisation was not so rare as now.

## A Horrible Poison Which is New to Science.

[Contributed to The Times.]

THE wonderful poison concocted and used with deadly effect by the Indian tribes of middle British Columbia have baffled the keenest medical experts for years. They can find no antidote, and no analyses have been able to throw the faintest light on the nature of the poison.

These words were spoken by Dr. Aaron Ripley of Winnipeg to a small circle of listeners. He went on to say that the medical fraternity is firm in the belief that no poison exists, or could exist, which cannot be positively identified after the victim's death, either by the lesions produced in the organs effected, or by extracting from the corpse and testing the poison itself. "No doubt this is true," he continued, "of the poisons that may be called staples on the market, from the painless morphia, and similar narcotics, on through the series of hydrocyanic or prussic acid. Chemical tests are very effective and precise—so much so that no poisoner could ply his trade without detection. There was really no mystery whatever about the poisonings perpetrated by the Borgias. Their crimes and methods were no secret, but their power protected them."

"Yet among the Cree and Salteaux Indians, a thousand miles north of Winnipeg, the 'medicine men' juggled with poisonous drugs that defy analysis, and achieve results unmatched and unheard of in any other part of the world."

"We first learned of the almost incredible particulars through missionaries who had passed many years among these tribes in making vain efforts to overthrow the power of these conjurers. We smiled at their stories in our self-confident, medical way, until the proof came to stampede us. We had been told, for example, of one drug in use which caused a horrible eruption to break out upon the victim's body. The poison might be administered at any time of the year, but no signs of its presence could be detected before spring, when the sores would appear. Later, these would heal, to all appearance, and scales would appear in their places. Then the scales dropped off and were replaced by an abnormal growth of hair. Shortly after this, death always ensued."

of his hated rival. After that his anxiety is over, for the drug can always be depended upon to do the rest. When called upon to perform this death-dealing service, the conjurers steal off in great secrecy to the depths of the forests, where they collect various unknown herbs and barks. These are brewed into a potent medicine, one but a fellow-conjuror being allowed to witness this dread ceremony. So the conjurers kept inviolate, and the conjurer's power in the tribe is unshakable. Even the chiefs take a back seat when the conjurer appears on the scene.

"Do these conjurers constitute a sort of hereditary priesthood?" was asked.

"Not exactly hereditary," replied the doctor, "but the line is almost exclusive. It seems, from all I can learn of these strangely murderous people, that a conjurer is held to act on some sort of inspiration which he takes from the highest cliffs to join the order. He goes through a singular and severe course of training, mounting to the summit of the highest cliffs to hear the messages borne to him by the winds. During the daytime he lies hidden in a cave, surrounded by great mystery. For months he will be controlling his appetite, starving himself meantime until he is little more than skin and bones. When the period of his spiritual probation is ended he returns to the tribe and is then looked upon as qualified to practice the conjurer's art. Undoubtedly the secret recipe by which he brews his poisons is passed on to his master or craft, for the secret has been so carefully preserved for generations that none outside of the order have been able to fathom it."

"The conjurer has a store of avengers on hand. All the men of these tribes are remarkable long-distance runners. Rivalries and animosities spring up among them, and the endurance and speed, and it often happens that some overmatched young brave will feel led to square things with a victorious hawk. As the case is not thought extreme enough for mortal vengeance, the 'life-for-life' rule will be content with a store of avengers on hand. All the men of these tribes are remarkable long-distance runners. Rivalries and animosities spring up among them, and the endurance and speed, and it often happens that some overmatched young brave will feel led to square things with a victorious hawk. As the case is not thought extreme enough for mortal vengeance, the 'life-for-life' rule will be content with a store of avengers on hand. All the men of these tribes are remarkable long-distance runners. 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**T**he torrents of rain last week had a dampening effect on the spirits of festivity-givers as on everything else, and though a few affairs went through in the hope that Jupiter Pluvius might relent at the last moment, there were a number of postponements and most of the evenings were enjoyed by home firesides. The Tuesday Night Club, which has been very successfully reorganized, gave its first dance last Tuesday at Turner Hall and brought together a lot of congenial people who thoroughly enjoyed the evening. The dances are to be held fortnightly, and will assist materially in cultivating the very quiet season. The card clubs, among the best known of which are the Neighborhood, Bonnie Bore, Fortnightly and Saturday Whist Club, furnished much amusement in an informal way for the lovers of the painted pasteboards, and the fortnightly meetings are counted among the pleasant events of the season. The card party which was postponed by Maj. and Mrs. E. F. C. Klokke last Thursday on account of the downpour, will take place tomorrow evening.

The first meeting of the card club which has been formed in the Bonnie Bore neighborhood was held last Wednesday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Akin. The next meeting will be held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. Akin. The club members are as follows:

**Messdames—**  
H. J. Akin, Clifford Fleming, J. A. Fairchild, J. H. F. Peck, J. A. Akin, Frank Hines, A. H. Braly, Frank Burnett, Frank Kins, M. L. Moore, C. N. Flint, Fred Parke, Booth, Bushnell, W. G. Wedemeyer, T. E. Gibbon, L. S. Thompson, Miss Coleman.

**Messrs—**  
A. A. Hubbard, Saunders, H. J. Akin, J. M. Moore, J. A. Fairchild, Maj. Wedemeyer, J. A. Akin, C. Fleming, A. H. Braly, J. H. F. Peck, Frank Kins, Frank Burnett, C. N. Flint, Fred Parke, Booth, Bushnell, Hubbard, T. E. Gibbon, L. S. Thompson.

Miss Kittie Daniel gave a delightful party yesterday afternoon at her home on West Seventh street in celebration of her twelfth birthday. The Misses Daniel, Leila, Daniel, Patty Miller, May Reiman and Mr. Akin assisted in entertaining the little guests. Out-door games, and the "tailless donkey" furnished much amusement. Lorraine Enos won the first prize in the latter game, and Ethel Reiman the second. The luncheon table was prettily decorated with pink roses and carnations and smilax, while the centerpiece was a pyramid of tempting fruit heaped upon a mirror. The huge birthday cake was illuminated with twelve pink and white candles. Quantities of handsome gifts were received by the little hostess. Those present were:

**Misses—**  
Pauline Botts, Lucy Howell, Josephine Lath, Edith Buchanan, Lillian Moore, Margaret Buchanan, Josephine Botts, Eloise Watson, Ethel Reiman, Inez Thomas, Lillian Moore, Myrtle Harrison, Willie Anderson, Myrtle Schaefer, Gertrude Russell, Helen Ferris, Lorraine Enos, Ellen Staub, Clara Cook, Florence Avery, Maggie Kenny, Gertrude McCaffery, Della French.

The wedding of Miss Anita del Valle, daughter of the late Ignacio del Valle, and Philip Bradley Corey, took place yesterday at 12 o'clock at the First Presbyterian Church. The ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. Burt Estes Howard, was witnessed by about twenty-five relatives and friends. The bride was dressed in dark-green broadcloth, with vest of brocade in pink and green shades, and carried with her a large bouquet of pink and white roses. The bride's maid, Miss Helen Castille del Valle, the bride's cousin, was dressed in brown and white broadcloth, with hat to match, and carried pink carnations and maidenhair ferns. W. H. Barnes acted as best man. Mr. and Mrs. Corey will be at home after January 25, at No. 432 California street.

A pleasant party was given Monday afternoon by Mrs. H. Hookstraten for her little niece, Della Preutz. A delicious luncheon was followed by music and games. Mrs. Hookstraten was assisted by Mrs. T. Lugo. The parlors were decorated with carnations and ferns. The dining-room was in pink, ribbons and carnations being prettily arranged about the mantel and table. Souvenirs were placed at each cover. Among the little guests were the Misses Marie Sutherland, Gladys Wilson, Olga Vick, Della Preutz, Stella Faulkes, Iris Conner, Genevieve Hesse, Lotta Hesse, Teresa Russell and Master Harry Preutz.

The members of the Thimble Club and their husbands were pleasantly entertained at high five by Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Lindley, Friday evening at their home on West Sixteenth street. The rooms were prettily decorated with

was beautifully decorated throughout, the Japanese room being particularly striking, the deep coloring of the poinsettias, the fringe of magenta and violet wafted their perfume through the parlors and the dining-room and table were effectively decorated with cyclamen, maidenhair ferns, magenta and green ribbons. The menu cards bore very pretty sketches. Mrs. Hoag wore a beautiful gown of magenta silk, with garniture of black chiffon. Mrs. Raymond was in rose-colored silk, with garniture of gold applique and sable. Other guests were: Meses. Kingsley, Russell, McKnight, George Stinson, Bell, Marshall and the Misses Titoston and Barrett.

A birthday party was given by Miss Meta Ferguson last week at her home in East Los Angeles. The rooms were tastefully decorated with smilax, ferns and potted palms. The evening was devoted to games, cards and dancing. Those present were the Misses Mae Lawrence, Ethel Tuttle, Sadie May, Maud Groves, Anna Cook, Messrs. Sidney Graves, Percy Lawrence, Clay Groves, Fred Ferguson and Spencer Maguire.

A reception was given the members of C. S. de Lano's Guitars, Banjo and Guitar Club at the residence of Dr. and Mrs. J. M. White on West Beacon street Friday evening. During the evening several selections were rendered by each club, and refreshments were served by the ladies of the Philomela Club. Among those present were: Miss Cora Holland, Miss Van Doren, Goodfellow, Hamlin, J. M. White, C. B. Flemming, the Misses G. Hamlin and E. Lucille Turner, composing the Philomela Club. The band of Paul C. Brown of the De Lano Club; Dr. and Mrs. E. A. Clarke, Mrs. M. A. Buckingham, Miss Ruth Goodfellow, Messrs. Van Doren, Hamlin, Ralph Hays, Dr. J. M. White and Master Paul White.

**NOTES AND PERSONALS.**  
Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Van Nuyt left yesterday for a two weeks' visit in San Francisco.  
Miss Fellows of Chicago arrived last Tuesday to visit her sister Mrs. John R. Haynes.  
Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Loomis of Manchester, Iowa, will arrive today and spend a few weeks with their daughter, Mrs. C. C. Hubbell.  
Drayton A. Morse of Cleveland will arrive today to spend several months with his aunt, Mrs. J. A. Morse.  
Mrs. Gabriel Morton, wife of the president of the Mexican National Railroad, has just returned from a house on Figueroa street for the winter.  
Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Slaughter of New York are visiting Mrs. Obeah of Figueroa street.  
Co. F, Seventh Infantry, N.G.C., will give a military ball Friday evening at the new Masonic hall, 1215 Broadway.  
Miss Genevieve Averill of San Diego is visiting her friend, Mrs. S. P. Durand.  
Miss Anna Cullen, after a year's visit with her uncle, C. Connell of Court street, left last Wednesday for her home in Muskegon, Michigan.  
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Barnwell and Miss Nana Barnwell entertained Wednesday evening at their home on East Street. The dinner was given by Mrs. Salow and daughter, of Yonkers-town, O.

The Assistance League will meet next Saturday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. F. W. Thompson, No. 1938 Estrella avenue.  
Miss Albina C. Bennett is convalescing from her recent illness.  
Mrs. Frank Neubauer left for San Francisco last Monday on a visit to friends.  
A dinner was given last week at the residence of Mrs. Ed Botello on Central avenue, in honor of Mrs. L. J. Christopher. The dining-room was artistically decorated. Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Christopher, Mrs. E. B. Botello, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Fretz, Mr. and Mrs. T. Lugo, Mr. and Mrs. de St. Clair and Mr. and Mrs. Hookstraten.  
There will be no meeting of the Monday Musical Club this week on account of illness in the family of Miss Phillips, at whose home the meeting was to have been held.  
Richard White, who has just returned from an eight months' European tour, will be the guest of Mrs. J. A. Akin, at her home on West Seventh street, Friday evening.

**REDLANDS.**  
C. H. Lineau, L. C. Groce and Charles Kitching have gone to the City of Mexico.  
Mrs. Henry Fuller and son, Leslie, have returned from a visit to Plattsburg, N. Y.  
J. C. Stubbs has located his wife and daughters in this city for the winter.  
R. R. Varis of Bedford, Ind., visited his brother, W. H. Varis, in this city, last week.  
Mrs. Faxon and two daughters are guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Estes.  
Miss M. E. Wells of Denver is visiting the family of her uncle, Curtis Wells.  
Mrs. O. A. Worthing is visiting her daughter, Mrs. R. C. O'Brien, in Los Angeles.  
The Virginia Quigley and Miss Jessie Palmer of Los Angeles are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Buckmaster.

Mrs. Lillian Norton was given an enjoyable surprise party Thursday evening by a score of young friends.  
**RIVERSIDE.**  
Miss W. H. Avery left last week for Sacramento.  
C. P. Hancock has returned from an eastern trip.  
Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Ingham have gone to the City of Mexico.  
R. D. Smith of Santa Barbara spent the week-end at the home of his mother, Mrs. A. B. Smith.  
A party of Riverside people visited

the Highland Asylum last Sunday, and while there entertained the inmates with a musical programme of high merit.

**COLTON.**  
James Hopkins of Watsonville has joined his wife in Colton, where they will spend the winter.  
Richard Sweet has returned to Los Angeles after a month's visit with his mother in the city.  
Mr. and Mrs. Gerard of Wisconsin are guests of Mrs. Stone.  
Mrs. J. W. Davies and daughter, Marguerite, have left for a visit to Washington, D. C.

Col. J. B. Shephardson and his grandson, E. D. Shephardson, have returned from an eastern visit.  
Mrs. Bridgman of Cripple Creek, Colo., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Beach.  
Mr. and Mrs. H. Boettich and Miss Georgia Butler of Tomales are visiting Colton, where they formerly resided.

**SAN BERNARDINO.**  
Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Jeffery gave a masquerade ball at Liberal Hall Saturday evening.  
Prof. S. D. Briggs and E. R. Lyman of the High School, with their pupils, Messrs. Johnson, Dickson, Collins and Allen, will make a scientific tour to Devil's Canon Sunday.  
T. A. Henderson has returned from a trip to Northern California.  
John Barton has returned from a visit to El Paso, Tex.

J. E. Miller left Tuesday for Indianapolis, Ind.  
Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Easton visited Pasadena friends the past week.  
Mrs. F. M. Johnson has returned from a short visit in the East.  
Mrs. E. L. Park of Los Angeles was a guest of Mrs. C. D. Dickey the past week.

Arthur Jones of Tennessee, brother of H. M. Jones, has arrived in the city to make his future home.  
Miss Elsie Dewar has returned to her home in Los Angeles, after a visit with friends in this city.  
Mrs. Robert Croft of Salt Lake is a guest of Mrs. J. A. Akin.  
S. C. Benjamin is visiting his son, I. Benjamin, in this city.  
Lewis Meyerstein of San Francisco is in town.

J. L. Jones will attend the Grand Lodge, L.O.B.B., at Stockton.  
Mr. and Mrs. George Gaines have returned from a visit to Los Angeles, after a visit with friends in this city.  
T. T. Bell of St. Paul is a guest of his brother, Dr. D. R. Bell.  
**ELSINORE HOT SPRINGS.**  
The third annual ball at the Lake View Hotel at Elsinore Hot Springs was given Friday evening, and much enjoyed by the many guests.

The hotel was decorated with a profusion of flowers and evergreens. Among the guests were: Daniel Innes, W. L. Pease, D. R. Collins, Messrs. C. M. Stimson, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Chase and Mrs. H. L. Pilkington and Mrs. J. Nichols of St. Paul, John Grose, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Grose of Chicago, Mrs. H. B. McEwen of Massillon, O., and Mrs. S. B. Ames and Jennette Jackson of Streeter, Ill. Elsinore society was well represented. The Scheneman & Blanchard Orchestra furnished delightful music.

What may be the first of a series of monthly entertainments and balls by the Country Club was given Friday evening at the clubhouse in Montecito. Society of Santa Barbara and the Montecito Valley was well represented, and among the guests were several of the officers of the Monadnock. A little one-act play, "As Strangers," was given by local talent. Dancing followed.

The regular Saturday night hop was given at the Arlington Hotel, and the presence of the Monadnock officers added interest. There is a probability that a ball will be given at the Arlington Monday evening in honor of the officers.

A large number of socially-inclined young men have deserted the city in the heights of the season, being attracted to the mountains by the regular hunting season. The hunting season is now in progress, and many of the young men are in the mountains. The hunting season is now in progress, and many of the young men are in the mountains.

The visitors to Santa Barbara the past few days included Prof. Bernard Moses, the well-known educator at the State University and head of the department of history. He inspected the High school while here.

W. S. Paul and Miss Leonora Moyer were married Monday evening at the home of the bride's parents on East Haley street. Both of the young people have been residents of this city since childhood.

The social life of the Young Men's Christian Association was successfully inaugurated on Tuesday, when the new rooms were opened for the first time to a public reception. The decorations were very tastefully arranged. The "open house" extended from 2 o'clock in the afternoon till 10 o'clock in the evening. The rooms were well filled during that entire time. The general secretary, R. A. Lang, was in charge, and was ably assisted by Mrs. Lang, who entertained the evening guests with numerous recitations. An orchestra furnished the music, and several of the directors were present to receive the visitors. The board of directors is composed of the following named: President, John F. Diehl; vice-president, J. T. Crane; secretary, D. W. Pierce; treasurer, Henry Dawes; J. M. Warren, R. B. Lamb, Frank Viehman, C. W. Rosey, E. D. Bates.

At the wedding took place at Miramar, when Cyril R. Doulton, son of Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Doulton, of Miramar, and Miss Marian Natalie Virgoe of this city were married. Rev. Mr. O'Brien, rector of the Episcopal Church of Montecito officiated. In the evening a breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Doulton left for

their new home at the Ayers ranch in Casitas Pass, Ventura county. Miss Virgoe recently leased the ranch, some five thousand acres in extent.

The St. Cecilia Club will give its annual entertainment for the benefit of the free ward at the Cottage Hospital, Friday, February 12, instead of on St. Valentine's day, as usually held, at that day comes on Sunday.  
Rev. and Mrs. William Ramsey entertained the choir of Trinity Church at the rectory on Tuesday evening.  
The music festival will be the society event of this week; two evenings will be devoted to the concert.

**FOLLOWED THE WAGON.**  
Two Union Bakers Take Notes on Their Former Employer.  
A. H. Edwards, who runs the Cottage Bakery on Fifth street near Sprink, and who placed his shop on a non-union basis a short time ago, has heard from the union men who formerly worked for him.

Yesterday morning as one of his delivery wagons was making the usual rounds, a vehicle containing two men was noticed by the driver to be following him.  
One of the occupants of the vehicle he recognized as a union baker who recently refused to remain at work in Edwards's shop while non-union men were employed there. The other he recognized as an official of the Bakers' Union.

The driver of the delivery wagon saw the men in the act of taking down notes at frequent intervals, and immediately called to the address of patrons of the Cottage Bakery.

One morning the two men drove around after the delivery wagon but as they stopped at nearly every saloon on the route, by the afternoon they were no longer able to follow it.

**DELAYED OVERLAND TRAINS.**  
West-bound Trains on the Santa Fe Held at Ash Fork.  
The two Santa Fe overland trains, one due in Los Angeles last Friday and the other yesterday noon, and the California limited, due here at 6 o'clock last night, were consolidated yesterday in Ash Fork, Ariz., and will come through over the break in the line early this morning.

The combined trains will probably reach this city at an early hour, and the overland, which left Los Angeles yesterday morning, will go straight through to Chicago.

Additional delay has been caused by the fact that the Santa Fe trains, one due in Phoenix and Maricopa over the Southern Pacific.

The plan was not carried out on account of some damage to the local lines between those points sustained in the storm on Friday night.

**BROKE HIS NOSE.**  
James Hansen Meets with a Severe Accident.  
James A. Hansen of Gardena lies at the Receiving Hospital suffering from the effects of an accident he met with yesterday evening.

Hansen attempted to board a street car at the east side of the Downey road, and while attempting to do so, he missed his footing and fell about twelve feet, landing face downward.

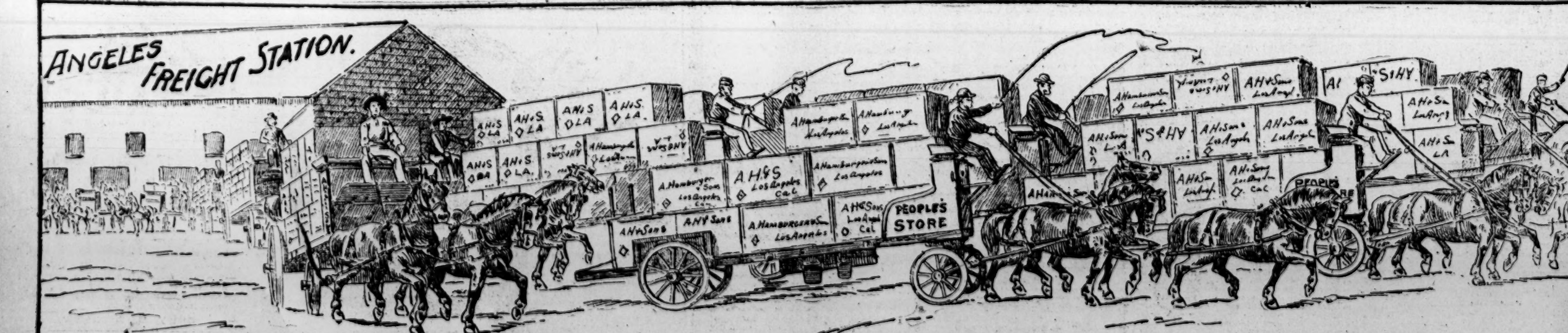
He was picked up and carried into a drug store, and later removed to the Receiving Hospital, where Police Surgeon Hagan made an examination and found that Hansen's nose was broken, and that he had been severely bruised about the body.

**Outdoor Amusement.**  
Louis W. Buckley, the amusement manager who lately arrived in Los Angeles from Philadelphia, and who expects to permanently locate here, opening and managing an amusement park, left last evening for Sacramento, where he will unite with the Grocers Union in holding a big pure-food and health show, opening February 20 and continuing for eight days. He was accompanied by C. H. Pease of Behmer & Pease, who will act as business manager of the show.

Mr. Buckley considers Los Angeles is one of the most favorable places on the Pacific Coast for operating an outdoor amusement place on lines similar to those of eastern resorts. He has planned to establish a park equipped with pretty casino, cafes, small theater, band shed and promenade walks, steeple chase, gravity railway, toboggan slides, chutes, lake, groves and other accessories to pleasure and picknicking, before the spring is far advanced. He is a veteran at this line of work, and as he is meeting with great encouragement he feels confident of ultimate success.

**Park Band Concert.**  
Following is the programme of the concert at Westlake Park today by the Seventh Regiment Band:  
Medley overture, "All Around the City" (P. Beyer).  
Concert Mazurka, (L. Gartner).  
Selection from "Athalie" (Mendelssohn).  
American patrol, (F. W. Meacham).  
Intermission.  
Overture "L'Enchantresse" (E. Maréchal).  
(2)—"Menuet Céleste" (Bocherini-Cann).  
(b)—"Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep" (Walden).  
Selection from "Macbeth" (by request) (Verdi).  
Waltz, "Española" (Waldteufel).  
March, "The Seventh Regiment" (M. B. Howard).

**Baseball.**  
In today's game the Francis Wilsons will play: Infield, P. Wilson; c. Frank Moore, 3 b.; J. Moore, 1 f.; Held, c. f.;



A Scene at the Freight Depot—Loading the Trucks with Goods for The Greater People's Store's "White Carnival."



# LEGAL HOLIDAY.

OFFICES AT THE CITY HALL  
CLOSED FOR THE DAY.

Only a Few Officials Were at Their  
Desks and Little Business Was  
Done—Reports Filed.

THE COURTS WERE CLOSED.

LEGAL BUSINESS WAS ABANDONED  
YESTERDAY.

The Judges of the Superior Courts  
Were Parading with the Manu-  
facturers and Merchants in  
the Street Procession.

At the City Hall yesterday nearly all  
of the offices were closed. The Board  
of Public Works and the Finance Com-  
mittee filed reports. The City Clerk  
will bring certain matters to the Coun-  
cil's attention. Chief Glass filed his  
bond.

At the Courthouse all business was  
suspended in the courts and county  
offices. The legal holiday was ob-  
served by all the officials.

## BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

REPORTS ON NUMEROUS PETITIONS  
AND PROTESTS.

Recommend That an Ordinance Be  
Drawn Prohibiting the Opera-  
tion of Oil Wells Within Two  
Thousand Feet of Any Public  
Park.

The Board of Public Works has  
filed the following report to the Coun-  
cil with the City Clerk:

"In the matter of petition from W.  
A. Fruhling et al., asking that Thalia  
street from the east line of Central  
avenue to the west line of San Jose  
street, be graded, graveled, curbed with  
cement and sidewalked, under the bond  
provision of the Vrooman Act, recom-  
mend the same be referred to the City  
Engineer for estimate and if the same  
exceeds amount required by law, then  
to present the necessary ordinance of  
intention therefor.

"Recommend that petition from C.  
L. Logan et al., asking to have a five-  
foot sidewalk constructed on the north  
side of Ingraham street between Union  
and Bellevue avenues, be granted, and  
the City Engineer instructed to pre-  
sent the necessary ordinance of in-  
tention.

"In the matter of petition from Mrs.  
J. M. Bates et al., asking that San  
Jose street between Palmer avenue  
and Eighth street be graded, graveled,  
curbed with cement and sidewalked  
with cement four feet wide, under the  
bond provisions of the Vrooman Act,  
recommend the same be referred to the  
City Engineer for the necessary  
estimate of cost, and if the same ex-  
ceeds the amount required by law, then  
to present the necessary ordinance of  
intention.

"Recommend that petition from J.  
W. Allen et al., asking that the ob-  
structions be removed from Colby ave-  
nue and Nadeau avenue in Vernon  
Park tract, be referred to the Street  
Superintendent to have obstructions  
removed as petitioned for.

"Recommend that petition from F.  
Wanka et al., asking that certain  
property be excepted from street work  
proceedings, to improve Central ave-  
nue between Thirty-second and Jef-  
ferson streets, be referred to the Street  
Superintendent to investigate.

"Recommend that petition from S.  
A. W. Carver, asking that the loca-  
tion of Railroad avenue and a certain  
alley in the Highland View tract be  
changed, and certain portions of said  
avenue and alley vacated and aban-  
doned, be referred to the City En-  
gineer to investigate and report the  
feasibility.

"Recommend that protest from N.  
Roberts against the construction of a  
cement sidewalk on Pleasant avenue,  
be denied.

"In the matter of petition from F. W.  
H. Zahn et al., asking for the improve-  
ment of Court street between Lake-  
shore and Belmont avenues under the  
bond provisions of the Vrooman Act,  
be referred to the City Engineer for  
estimate of cost, and if the same ex-  
ceeds the amount required by law,  
then to present the necessary ordi-  
nance of intention.

"In the matter of petition from A.  
C. Alken et al., asking for the aban-  
donment of an alley west of Hoover  
street between Twenty-eighth and  
Twenty-ninth streets, recommend the  
same be referred to the City Engineer  
for frontage and investigation.

"In the matter of petition from H.  
G. Wilshire et al., asking that the op-  
eration of oil wells be prohibited  
within a distance of 2000 feet of any  
public park, be referred to the City  
Attorney to prepare an ordinance pro-  
hibiting the construction and opera-  
tion of oil wells within 2000 feet of  
any public park.

"Recommend that all proceedings  
be abandoned in the matter of con-  
structing a sidewalk on Fourth street  
between Wall and San Pedro streets,  
as the work is already done."

## FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Recommend That Bonds of City  
Officials Be Approved.

The Finance Committee has filed the  
following report with the City Clerk:

"Recommend that the demand of  
Felipe Bottler for \$60 be referred to  
the City Attorney for his opinion as to  
the legality of the claim.

"Recommend that the demand of S.  
C. Gordon for \$15 be referred to the  
City Attorney for his opinion as to the  
legality of the claim.

"Recommend that the following offi-  
cial bonds be approved: W. A. Har-  
well, City Treasurer, original and sup-  
plemental bond; John H. Drain, Street  
Superintendent, original and supple-  
mental bonds; L. S. Seamans, bond as  
City Assessor.

"Recommend that the communica-  
tion of Messrs. Lane and Hoyt, regard-  
ing unpaid claim for groceries vs.  
Charles Story, be filed.

"Recommend that F. E. Lopez be  
continued in the work of completing  
the official records of F. H. Teale,  
formerly City Auditor, until the work  
is completed, provided there are funds  
sufficient to compensate him there-  
for, withheld from the salary of said  
F. H. Teale.

"Also recommend that the Chief of  
Police be instructed to enforce the re-  
gulations contained in sec. 9 of ordinance  
No. 1874 (new series), prohibiting the  
sale of fruits, etc., at wholesale at  
any other location than the public  
market.

"Recommend that the claim of L. T.  
Clemons for electrical work per-  
formed on the new City Jail be denied,

it being a demand against the con-  
tractor and not the city.  
"Recommend that the report of the  
City Auditor on the condition of the  
funds for the week ending January 9,  
1897, be filed."

## CITY CLERK'S REPORT.

Time for Protest Against Wall  
Street Improvements Expires.

City Clerk Glass has prepared the  
following report which will be brought  
to the attention of the Council at their  
next regular meeting on Monday:

"I have to report to your honorable  
body that the city's contract with  
Messrs. Grimes & Stauffer for sta-  
tionery expired the 17th day of June  
last and said city has been buying such  
supplies from that date without con-  
tract.

"In the matter of the improvement of  
Wall street from Twelfth to Pico street,  
notice of street work was published De-  
cember 15, 1896. Time for protest ex-  
pired December 31, 1896. No protests  
have been received. Proof by affidavit  
of the posting and publishing of all or-  
dinances and notices required being on  
file, Council acquired jurisdiction Janu-  
ary 12 to pass the final ordinance. It  
will now be in order for your honorable  
body, if you so see fit, to pass the ordi-  
nance ordering the work, which said  
ordinance is herewith presented."

## Street Superintendent's Office.

Street Superintendent Drain took ad-  
vantage of the holiday yesterday and  
proceeded with the cleaning and white-  
washing of his two rooms in the City  
Hall. The work will be finished before  
Monday, a thorough overhauling of the  
office being in process.

## Holiday at the City Hall.

Nearly all the offices at the City Hall  
yesterday were closed in the morning  
on account of the legal holiday, the  
City Clerk's office closing at noon and  
the City Engineer's office being the  
only one open all day.

## Chief Glass's Bond Filed.

Chief Glass's official bond was filed  
in the Clerk's office yesterday, J. M.  
Elliot and F. C. Howes signing as  
sureties in the sum of \$5000 each.

## Cut His Hand.

E. Humphreys, a butcher who lives  
at No. 502 Sierra street, severely cut  
his left hand between the thumb  
and forefinger yesterday. Humphreys  
went to the Receiving Hospital, where  
Dr. Hagan took five stitches in the  
wound.

## CONSUMPTION CURED.

Abundant Evidence by  
Reliable People

As to the Efficiency of Dr. Ballard's  
Improved Koch's Tuberculin.

The remarkable cures of consumption heretofore made by Dr. Ballard continue to be repeated, and the number of people who owe their life and health to him is constantly on the increase. Some of the details of Dr. Ballard's experience with the disease, in his own case, of his study into the remedies in use, and his improvement upon the original Koch's tuberculin, have been previously published, and the facts are too generally well known to the public to need further explanation.

The high estimation which the public holds of Dr. Ballard and his wonderful results is shown by the continued and increasing patronage given him.

How well Dr. Ballard's treatment of his patients succeeds is best left to the patients themselves to be told. A few testimonials are appended. They are from people who can be seen and questioned.

The facilities for the treatment of all diseases of the respiratory organs which exist in the office of Dr. Ballard are unequalled. Every disease of the air passages receives specific treatment, and tuberculosis is treated by the use of specific remedies which, injected into the blood, act as direct antitoxins to the germs and cause their death and removal. In addition, by the use of specially devised apparatus, the bronchial tubes which are more or less obstructed with collections of mucus and pus, all laden with the germs of disease in one or more forms, are thoroughly cleansed by forcible dilation with heated air. The heated air destroys and removes the germs. They cannot exist and flourish when a high temperature is reached, and the superheated air thus inhaled effectually destroys all germs either present in the mucus or located near the surfaces of the bronchial tubes, and in the pulmonary tissue itself, which comes in immediate contact with the superheated air in the alveoli. This forcible alveolar distension also serves to remove small collections of mucus and pus which, if left, being permeated by the germs, become a sort of focus where further supuration and destruction of lung tissue may result. All collections of matter are thus kept constantly removed, and the disease is accordingly constantly limited. The repair of damaged tissues is further aided by the direct application to the diseased surfaces of remedies to assist the processes of repair, the air inhaled being medicated and administered under pressure.

Persons suffering from lung troubles are invited to call and examine this apparatus and Dr. Ballard's facilities for treating all diseases of the air passages.

Testimonials of cured patients are on file at office. Literature sent on application; consultation free. Dr. W. Harrison Ballard, 404 S. Main street, corner Spring and Third streets, Los Angeles.

Riverside—Office of Dr. C. C. Sherman, County Coroner.

Phoenix, Ariz.—Office of Dr. A. M. Tuttle, City Health Officer.

## TESTIMONIALS.

December 30, 1896.  
Dr. W. Harrison Ballard—Dear Sir: I take the pleasure to write to you and to thank you for what you have done for me by your treatment for tuberculosis. I was afflicted with tuberculosis of the lungs and of the glands of the neck, and went to some of the most prominent physicians of Los Angeles, and tried everything possible to reduce the swollen glands, including electricity and everything suggested by the different physicians. I got no better, and the trouble in my lungs increased. I was sent to the mountains to try change of climate, all to no purpose. The cough and expectoration increased, and were very severe, and all the treatment by other physicians did no good. Fortunately, I learned of your treatment and decided to try it, with most happy results, for I now consider myself absolutely cured of tuberculosis. The symptoms, including the swelling of the glands, have entirely disappeared, and I am now perfectly well, have gained in weight, and feel as well as ever in my life. For this happy result I am sincerely thankful to you and to your treatment, and I heartily endorse it and recommend it to all sufferers from tuberculosis.  
Yours truly,  
MISS A. SPRY,  
No. 1614 Orange street, Los Angeles.

December 30, 1896.  
Dr. W. Harrison Ballard—Dear Sir: I cheerfully give my testimony in favor of your treatment for diseases of the lungs. I was suffering with consumption, and was in a very bad condition, having a cough, with a great deal of expectoration, and night sweats, and was reduced in weight and strength so that I was unable to do anything. I consulted four other physicians, but got no relief, and finally went to you and took your treatment, which benefited me immediately, and continued to do so all the time while taking it, until now I seem perfectly cured, having no cough, no expectoration, no night sweats, no fever, have gained in weight and strength, and am able to attend to my daily duties, feeling perfectly well and enjoying perfect health. I am confident that your treatment has cured me, and I recommend it as a perfect cure for consumption.  
Respectfully yours,  
MRS. LEAH JOHNSON,  
No. 224 Broadway, Los Angeles.

Other testimonials and references furnished on request.

# SEE OUR MISSION



## AT THE HOME PRODUCTS EXPOSITION

At Hazard's Pavilion, - Los Angeles.  
Mission attendants will distribute free samples of Mission Eucalyptus Lozenges and Mission Eucalyptus Cigarettes.  
CALIFORNIA EUCALYPTUS COMPANY, Los Angeles, Cal.  
P. W. Brown & Co., Selling Agents.

# N. B. Blackstone Co. DRY GOODS.

## MAKING ROOM FOR NEW GOODS.

While our buyers are in the East purchasing new spring stock, we are making sweeping reductions in the various departments.

Commencing Monday, Jan. 18, and for three days, we will sell black dress goods, all fresh new stock bought for fall trade, at the following reduced prices:

Figured Burber and Canvass Weaves, small figures, at 69c per yd.; reduced from 85c and \$1.00.

Stylish Brocades, rough effects, at \$1.10 per yard; reduced from \$1.50.

Figured and Brocaded Novelties, some of the best of this season's productions, at \$1.25 per yard; reduced from \$1.75.

Brocaded Silk Finish Velour, very choice styles, only two dress patterns in each piece, at \$1.50 per yard; reduced from \$2.00.

A line of Figured Mohair, 44 inches wide, special value, at 50c per yard; reduced from 75c.

NOTE—All our Imported, Fancy Colored Dress Patterns are reduced 30 per cent. to 40 per cent. on original price, to insure quick sales.

# N. B. Blackstone Co.,

Telephone 250. 171-173 N. SPRING ST.

# Auction! Auction! 100 SELECTED HORSES



These horses were all bred by D. Freeman on the Centinella Ranch. Sale

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 27,

At 10 o'clock a.m.

Agricultural Park.

THOS. B. CLARK, Auctioneer.

OFFICE—333 W. First Street.

# THE CHASE NURSERY COMPANY

RIVERSIDE, CAL.  
TREES ORANGE, LEMON AND GRAPE FRUIT

75 ACRES IN CULTIVATION.  
LARGEST CITRUS NURSERY IN AMERICA

Inspection and Correspondence Solicited.

## ANY TAILOR CAN MAKE

A cheap suit of clothes at a cheap price. But to get a nobly made "honest" suit at a reasonable price, you want it made by

POLASKI BROS., 224 W. Third St., Bradbury Bldg.

ANDERSON'S Kalmosol

Warranted Cure for Headache, Cold and La Grippe.

SALE & SON, 220 S. Spring St.



Parry Shirt Company

Hatters and Men's Furnishers.

120 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

## CONSUMPTION AND KINDRED DISEASES

Cured by "Butcher's Direct Contact Method."

155 N. SPRING ST.

# BROADWAY DEPT. STORE

LAST WEEK OF THE

# "GREAT SALE"

—OF—

H. Phillips' Stock, Bought for 25c on the dollar. Prices are slaughtered, goods sacrificed. Manufacturers wonder what things are coming to. Our reputation for cutting prices has traveled East. We are told the people of Los Angeles are actually buying goods cheaper than in New York or Chicago. We intend keeping it up. You Shall Have Bargains.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
8 a.m. to 6 p.m.	8 a.m. to 6 p.m.	8 a.m. to 6 p.m.	8 a.m. to 6 p.m.	8 a.m. to 6 p.m.	8 a.m. to 10 p.m.
SALE	SALE	SALE	SALE	SALE	SALE

## 6 Days' Bargains

10c Cutter's Machine Silk, 100 yards, all colors: spool	4c	50c Ladies' "Boston" Rubbers, "best quality," all sizes	25c
10c Aluminum Thimbles, Genuine article, warranted	1c	\$4.00 Ladies' Fine Kid Shoes, \$2, \$4 and \$5 Shoes cut to	\$1.48
15c Rubber Dress Shields, Large or small size	4c	\$1.00 Ladies' Felt Slippers, solid Comfort and "Warm"	43c
35c Ladies' Ribbed Vests, Piece lined, fine finish	19c	\$10.50 Men's Black Cheviot Suits, round or square cut, splendid fit	\$6.78
50c Hair Brushes, "Solid" Bristle, rubber back, "Bargain"	19c	\$2.25 Boys' Cheviot Suits, All sizes, strong and durable	\$1.28
25c Window Shades, 36 inches wide, spring roller, are	10c	25c Men's Wool Sox, Heavy and warm; bargain	11c
35c Bleached Table Linen, 60 inches wide, good patterns	19c	35c Boys' Shirt Waists, All sizes, dark or light	21c
7c Bleached Muslin, 36 inches wide, "no dressing"	4c	\$3.50 Ladies' Cloth Capes, The greatest bargain on record	\$1.38
\$3.50 Bagdad Portiere Curtains, 66 inches wide, handsome styles; pair	\$1.68	\$12.50 Ladies' Plush Capes, Beautifully trimmed, and silk lined	\$5.88
6c Calicoes and Ginghams, Light and dark patterns	3c	\$1.25 Ladies' Persian Wrappers, Very stylish, and good fit	58c

Positively the last 6 Days of this immense Cut Price Sale. "Bargains in Every Department." See 'em.

# Broadway Department Store,

4th and Broadway.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
8 a.m. to 6 p.m.	8 a.m. to 6 p.m.	8 a.m. to 6 p.m.	8 a.m. to 6 p.m.	8 a.m. to 6 p.m.	8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Retail Less than Wholesale Prices.

# Ladies' Razor Toes, Razor Toes, Hanan & Son Razor

Fine Vici Kid But-  
ton, hand-turned  
sole, \$5 grade;  
now

\$3.50

Fine Vici Kid Lace,  
cloth top, Louis XV  
heel, hand-turned  
sole, \$5 grade; now

\$3.50

Fine Tan Kid Lace,  
Welt Sole,  
\$5 grade;  
now

\$3.50

Fine Tan Kid Lace,  
Welt Sole,  
\$5 grade;  
now

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## The Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday and Weekly

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cents. 18385 cents. 18397 cents. 1840



## THE WEATHER

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Jan. 16.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.11; at 5 p.m., 30.08. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 44 deg. and 53 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 82 per cent.; 5 p.m., 78 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., northeast, velocity 3 miles; 5 p.m., southwest, velocity 5 miles. Maximum temperature, 60 deg.; minimum temperature, 42 deg. Character of weather, clear. Barometer reduced to sea level.

## The Games

## ALL ALONG THE LINE.

"The thought has been brought out" that Dr. McLean's congregation is not deliriously happy over the results of the doctor's well-meant, but injudicious, attempts to abolish the wicked and make the way of the transgressor hard in Los Angeles.

Gov. Budd may felicitate himself on the grand celebration by Los Angeles of his suddenly-declared holiday. Los Angeles is jubilant over the defeat of the Funding Bill, and her big Trades' Parade may be regarded as an expression of her satisfaction, although it was not organized as such.

It seems very doubtful whether the District Attorney of Riverside county, an appointee of the Populist Supervisors, has any right to practice law in any of the courts of the State, as he was not admitted to the roll of attorneys admitted by the Supreme Court, which now alone has authority to admit to the bar. But there is no doubt of his authority to pass on the bills of justices and constables.

Should the new county, which it is proposed to create from portions of Los Angeles and Kern counties, around the new Randsburg mining district, materialize, it will hasten another project that has been frequently talked of in the past, namely, the creation of a city and county of Los Angeles, extending from the mountains to the sea, as the proposed new county would cut off the northern portion of Los Angeles county, and not leave much more than would make a respectable city and county of Los Angeles.

A San Diego county judge renders an opinion that water companies can make contracts with consumers, but that the companies cannot arbitrarily double the rates. This opinion is directly opposite to an opinion recently rendered by the United States Circuit Court. If lawyers are like doctors, disagreement on a vital question as that involved in the opinions referred to might be bitter medicine for ranchers. And if an ounce of prevention is worth pounds of cure, the prevention of possible large future litigation should be forthcoming speedily in the form of a permanent authoritative decision on this water-rate and contract subject.

## MUSIC AND MUSICIANS.

Miss Anna V. Metcalf of San Diego, who is well-known in musical circles in this city, having studied under Prof. Morrison and sung at several churches and concerts both here and at Pasadena, is winning success abroad. Her voice is said to have greatly improved under the tutelage of Vincenzo Vanini, one of the most noted of Italian masters, and she recently appeared in London as the leading soprano in Mendelssohn's "St. Paul." Last May, in Florence, Miss Metcalf took part in a concert in the famous Philharmonic Hall, in company with several of the most popular singers and violinists of Italy.

The Feast of the Holy Name will be solemnized at St. Vincent's Church at the 10:30 service, this morning. The choir will render Gounod's "Messe Solennelle" complete. The soloists will be Herr and Mme. Rubo, Mrs. L. P. Collette, Miss Anna Metcalf, J. F. Nuelle, W. E. Defty and F. H. Lockyer. Before the sermon Herr Rubo will sing Mozart's "Veni Creator." For the offertory, Charles Lange's trio for piano, contralto and baritone, "O Quam Suavis," will be sung by Mrs. Collette, Mme. Rubo and Herr Rubo.

The oratorio concert under the direction of C. S. Cornell, which was postponed last Friday on account of the weather, will be given at Simpson Tabernacle on Tuesday evening. A sacred concert will be given at the American Baptist Church this evening. The soloists will be Miss Edna Tinker, Miss Goddard, Messrs. Ray Cogswell and Harry Parker. Mrs. Leopoldine Harvey will give a pupils' recital Thursday evening at the Blanchard-Fitzgerald Hall.

## DENTIST AGAINST DENTIST.

Dr. Schiffman Causes the Arrest of a Former Employee.

Dr. C. A. Cobalt, a well-known young dentist of this city, who was arrested on a warrant sworn out by Dr. Schiffman, another dentist, who accuses Cobalt of misadventure embezzlement. The defendant formerly worked for Dr. Schiffman, but resigned his position. This, it is said, enraged Schiffman, and he caused to be inserted an advertisement reflecting on Cobalt. In retaliation, Cobalt sued his former employer for back salary.

Friday Schiffman swore to a complaint against Cobalt charging him with misappropriation of funds and embezzlement of gold, which had been extracted by Cobalt. Detective Hawley arrested the young dentist yesterday, and he put up \$100 cash bail for his appearance in court Monday.

Dr. Cobalt characterizes his arrest as a piece of spite work, and says he has another side to the story which he will tell at the proper time.

## A BAD COLORED MAN.

H. K. Williams arrested on a Charge of Petty Larceny.

H. K. Williams, a brawny colored man, who is not known to the police, was arrested by Officer Harris and locked up at the City Jail last night on a charge of petty larceny. Harris, it is said, was standing on Los Angeles street, when he saw Williams take a suit of oil-skin "slickers" and a quilt out of a wagon. Williams is said to have served sentences for petty larceny and prior conviction will probably be filed against him.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE TO RANDBURG On Southern Pacific. Leave Arcade Depot 2:05 p.m., night stop at Mojave. Leave Arcade Depot 8:30 p.m., through without stop to Randburg. Through tickets, \$6.75.

Does Your Roof Leak? I will guarantee to find and stop it. Charges given. Charges reasonable. J. R. Watson, No. 250 Grand avenue.

Resting Houses, Churches, etc. With hot air is made a specialty by F. M. Brown, No. 123 East Fourth street.

## HARD TO GET AT.

## THE FACTS ABOUT DR. McLEAN'S CHURCH CONFERENCE.

There Was No Discussion, but There Was Conversation and Thoughts Were "Brought Out" in Disapproval of Parkhursting.

The Rev. C. C. McLean is in "a state of mind" over an item, based upon information supplied by persons closely connected with the Simpson Tabernacle, stating that the Rev. Mr. Bland would preach in his place, and that the trustees were emphatic in their disapproval of the Parkhurst business. Dr. McLean makes the sweeping declaration that the item was wholly inaccurate, and taking advantage of immaterial error as to the date of the meeting, which was Tuesday instead of Monday, he says, "no such meeting occurred," and that there was "no discussion whatever of the matters alluded to in The Times." Dr. McLean told the Times yesterday that Dr. Bland had been preaching at his request, and had not been engaged for any definite term. He also said there was no disapproval of his own course by the trustees or congregation, except, possibly, on the part of two or three people who are not friendly to him. It appears that the trustees have no authority to suspend their pastor or prevent him from preaching, and that consequently no official action was taken to that end.

In the effort to ascertain just what did take place at the meeting, church conference, or whatever the gathering may be technically termed, The Times has encountered much evident equivocation and a very obvious disinclination to tell the facts. Statements made by Dr. McLean and some of the trustees do not agree in important details.

Trustee S. H. Fairchild says there was discussion of the Parkhurst business at the meeting, and that the trustees do not indorse Dr. McLean's methods of conducting his investigations. "I can't say we just approved of his course," said Mr. Fairchild, "but we don't censure his motives." Mr. Fairchild admitted with reluctance that "some of the persons at the meeting rather thought Dr. McLean better not preach in the Tabernacle any more." He also said statements were made regarding the number in the church who opposed Dr. McLean's course, and that there was discussion of that matter. Dr. McLean says there was no discussion at all.

Mr. Fairchild says Mr. Bland has been engaged to supply the pulpit for two months. Dr. McLean says that is not so, and that Mr. Bland is only assisting him at his request and pleasure, for no fixed term.

Trustee G. J. Cochran makes a long statement denying some things that never have been asserted, and others that he finally admits are true. For example, he denies that "resolutions reflecting upon Dr. McLean have been passed." Nobody ever said they had. He also denies that Dr. McLean's course is disapproved of by the trustees. Dr. McLean is engaged to preach in his place, and that the trustees "are reported to have been emphatic in their disapproval of the Parkhurst business." All that is in a typewritten statement.

In conversation, Trustee Cochran says Dr. McLean's course has been disapproved by himself, as the leader of the church, from the beginning of the "crusade," that he frequently advised Dr. McLean against going into the crusade; that there have been frequent discussions of the matter in the church, and very recently a question as to whether the church should disapprove of the methods of the committee. Trustee Cochran further declares that there will be no more Parkhursting by Dr. McLean, and Trustee Cochran specifically assumes to speak as the leader of the board. Dr. McLean declares that the trustees "are reported to have been emphatic in their disapproval of the Parkhurst business." All that is in a typewritten statement.

When asked if anything was said in disapproval of Dr. McLean's Parkhursting methods, Dr. Beckett replied: "There was a thought brought out that a number of the congregation were dissatisfied. We all regret the Parkhurst movement. It has hurt the church."

The doctor said the number involved in the "thought" was not definitely stated; it was just "a number." The gist of the whole trapot tempest seems to be that the church quietly sat upon the Parkhurst excursions and concluded to let Dr. McLean down easy by giving him an understudy to take his place in the pulpit, while he rustles for money to pay the church debt. And Dr. McLean views this as a vindication and approval of his course and says there was "no discussion." He also talks about suing everybody who has ventured to disapprove his Parkhurst performances.

Fronts Predicted.

A telegram from the Weather Bureau in San Francisco gives warning of moderate frost this morning and heavy frost on Monday morning.

LOOKING FOR A SNAKE.

\$300 positive income secured on investment of \$7500; close-in, modern cottages. Goetz, the Hollenbeck, \$3000 can stand.

An Old Novel.

full-bearing 10-acre orange ranch on Magnolia avenue, Riverside, worth on a cash basis \$10,000 to trade for eastern property. Will trade for full value or half. This ranch will trade for close investment. See J. W. Langworthy Co., Lawyers, No. 226 S. Spring street.

DELIGHTFUL TRIP FOR TOURISTS Around the Kite-shaped track. Observation car leaves at 8 a.m., returning at 6:05 p.m., a stop being made at both Redlands and Riverside for sight-seeing. Particulars at Santa Fe ticket office.

GOOD Samaritan Mission, No. 759 Upper Main street. Neat and comfortable night lodging and hearty, wholesome meals, 5 cents each, for men. Freely given to worthy men out of means and work until they get wages. A golden opportunity for the charitable to make a little help go far in meeting pressing need. Cash needed for the charitable work, all sorts of clothing for single men and boys and for the family. Men will be supplied for all kinds of labor, guaranteed to be trustworthy and competent, and for very moderate wages. Address Times office, or Capt. J. A. Frazier, No. 759 Upper Main street.

The Delaware, a first-class family and tourist hotel, on the European plan, is now ready for guests, having been renovated and newly furnished under new management. Parties looking for light, sunny rooms will do well to give us a call before locating elsewhere. No. 534; S. Broadway.

USE Smith's Dandruff Pomade, the only sure cure for dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair, guaranteed to give satisfaction, by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

## THE GARDEN OF EDEN.

## The Best Place on Earth for Consumptives to Winter in.

This delectable spot, sheltered in by the San Jacinto Mountain Sierras from the sandstorms of the Great Colorado Desert, is situated about three miles south of Palm Springs, Riverside county, Cal., at the head of Palm Valley, which takes its name from the indigenous beautiful palm groves in the immediate outings of the Garden of Eden, which are worth a transcontinental trip to behold. Here are three hundred and fifty days average sunshine per annum to bask in. About two and three-fourths inches is the average rainfall, and water as pure as the Waukegan of Wisconsin, in steel pipes. The dedicated air of the desert without its desolation, an outlook to gladden the heart, while Climatic Nature is administering its healing balm. Camping ground and cabins to rent for season only. Inquire of

B. B. BARNEY, Riverside, Cal.

## An Unscrupulous Paint Dealer

May tell you that such and such a brand of Paint is as good as Harrison's. Don't you believe him. There is a reason for him telling you so. Larger profits, you know. Remember the name, "HARRISON'S."

P. H. Mathews, 238-240 S. Main St. Middle of Block, Bet. Second and Third Sts.

See Parker's Window Display OF THE RUBAIYAT OF OMAR KHAYYAM IN 17. Different Editions. 17. Ranging in price from 20 cents to \$25.00. FOR SALE BY C. C. Parker, 246 S. Broadway Near Public Library. The largest, most varied and most complete stock of books on the Pacific Coast.

BUY Gloves of a Glove House. THE UNIQUE, 247 South Spring St.

SOAP FOAM Washing Powder. Is now used by thousands of Ladies, and they are thankful that it is on the market. Comes in 5c, 15c and 25c pkgs.

HALF PRICE MILLINERY At... Moffatt's 330 South Spring Street.

FIT is everything in Glasses. FIT OF LENSES, FIT OF FRAMES, FIT OF PRICES. Perfectly correct fitting glasses or no sale is our motto. Solid Gold Frames from \$1.75 up. J. J. Marshall, 245 S. Spring Street, Established 1880. Look for CROWN on the window.

## The Newest Book

Can Always Be Rented at

The M. K. 242 South Broadway.

For only 10c for three days; over three days, at the rate of 25c per day.

NEW BOOKS to Arrive This Week: Sentimental Tommy; Phos; The Gray Man; Tagliamara; Sir George Treassey; Rodney Stone (Doyle); Quo Vadis; The Towers, and many others.

We have just added the following magazines to our list: The Bookman; Literary Digest; Little's Living Age; Scientific American; English Illustrated Magazine; Table Talk; and Le Costume Royal. You can read FIFTY magazines for the price of one. Our charge is only 50c per month; 3 months, \$1.50; one year, \$4.

We can take a few more subscriptions at HALF RATES to the following Fashion Magazines: Royal; Bon Ton; L'Art de la Mode; Toilettes; French Dressmaker; Delicieux; and Standard Delineator.

Buy Your Next Suit From Polaski

After you have tried ready-made, after you have tried all the cheap tailors—and then make up your mind that you want a really good suit of clothes, then try Polaski Bros. Any man who has ever had a suit made here will tell you that our work has a style and fit that is not approached by any tailor in this city—Suits \$25, and up—Trousers \$8 and up.

Polaski Bros.

224 W. Third St., Bradbury Building.

It Takes Sound Money to Buy PILLSBURY'S BEST, But you get value for your money every time. All grocers sell it.

CROMBIE & CO., Coast Agents - - Los Angeles.

H. JEVNE

The Secret of Having Good Coffee

Do you know there's economy in having your own coffee mill and grinding the coffee as you need it? Good Coffee Mills at 60c, 75c and \$1.00. We have the Marion Harland Coffee Pots in three sizes, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75. Our best fresh roasted coffee is 40c a pound. Fresh roasted, fresh ground and a Marion Harland Coffee Pot is the secret of a good cup of coffee. You're safe at Jevne's.

208-210 South Spring Street, Wilcox Bldg.

## Vote for the New Charter

Election Wednesday, January 20.

Every Good Citizen should Vote for the Amendments to the City Charter. They call for

Lower Taxes. A Business Administration. A Definite Location of Responsibility. Cutting Off Superfluous Offices. Civil Service Reform. Income to the City from Railway Franchises. And Many Other Important Reforms.

DON'T LOSE YOUR VOTE.

Voting Precincts and Polling Places:

FIRST WARD. PRECINCT A—All of precincts 5 and 6. Polling place, 300 Downey Ave. PRECINCT B—All of precincts 1, 2, 3 and 4. Polling place, 110 Truman Street. SECOND WARD. PRECINCT A—Precincts 7, 10, 11 and all of 12 south of Sunset Boulevard. Polling place, 83 Alpine Street. PRECINCT B—Precincts 13, 14, 15 and 16. Polling place, 222 New High St. PRECINCT C—Precincts 9, 16, 17 and all of 8 south of Sunset Boulevard. Polling place, 120 Temple St. THIRD WARD. PRECINCT A—All south of First, west of Main, north Seventh, east of Flower to Fifth, and East of Hope from Fifth to First. Polling place, City Hall. PRECINCT B—Balance of ward west of Flower street. Polling place 6th and Pearl. FOURTH WARD. PRECINCT A—Precincts 28, 29, 30, 31. Polling place, Ninth St. Engine House. PRECINCT B—Precincts 32, 33, 34 and 35. Polling place, Pico street Engine House. PRECINCT C—Precincts 36, 37 and 71. Polling place, Ninth St. Car Barn. FIFTH WARD. PRECINCT A—All of Fifth Ward lying east of Figueroa street. Polling place, 301 S. Main street. PRECINCT B—All of Fifth Ward lying west of Figueroa street. Polling place, Marlborough Stables, 23rd street. SIXTH WARD. PRECINCT A—South of 9th to city limits, east of Main, west of San Pedro. Polling place, corner Main and Washington. PRECINCT B—South of 9th, north of Washington, east of San Pedro to river. Polling place, Central avenue and Washington street. PRECINCT C—East of San Pedro to river, south of Washington to city line. Polling place, Central avenue and 21st street. SEVENTH WARD. PRECINCT A—East of Wolfkill to 3rd, west of river, north of 9th to 3rd and Hewitt to First, south of First from Hewitt. Polling place, Central Ave. between 4th and 5th. PRECINCT B—Precincts 42, 53, 54 and 55. Polling place, 420 South Los Angeles street. PRECINCT C—East of Main, west of Wolfkill, south of 5th, north of 9th. Polling place, 410 East 9th street. EIGHTH WARD. PRECINCT A—Precincts 61, 62 and 63. Polling place, 1133 N. Main street. PRECINCT B—East of Main to the River, south of First to Alamo, north of corner of North Main and Alameda, to corner Alameda and Alamo. Polling place, corner Sanchez and Arcadia streets. NINTH WARD. PRECINCT A—All of 9th Ward north of 1st street. Polling place, 1611 Brooklyn avenue. PRECINCT B—All of Ward south of 1st street. Polling place, 1836 E. 1st street.

Information about the Amendments may be had from the League for Better City Government, 219 Byrne Building, Third and Broadway.

Allen's Closing Out Furniture Sale Prices Tell. 332-334 South Spring Street. Ladies' Writing Desks, Parlor Cabinets, Fancy Rockers, Parlor Tables, Rattan Rockers, Music Cabinets, Pedestals, Rugs, etc., etc.

Drink Coronado Water. It is the Purest. Sold in 10 gallon tanks, Wilcox Bldg., and 1000 bottles. Call at 204 S. Spring St., get a drink free. W. L. WHEDON, Agent.

## J. T. SHEWARD

113-115 N. SPRING ST.

We have sold nearly every make of corsets. We have had some extra qualities for \$1. We have had corsets that were almost perfect in the fit, and yet we now have a corset for \$1 that has points about it that no other corset ever possessed. It is made of better materials. More work. Better work and better fitting. It is a corset that any lady will say when she examines it, "There is a corset that will fit perfectly." Do you want one? Try a pair on. See how finely it shapes itself to the figure. You will buy it sure.

We have another new corset for 50c a pair. Still better than any 50c corset we have ever sold. It is made over the same forms as the \$1 corset. Not quite so many bones. Just as well made. Good materials. Try a pair if you want something good. A corset that will wear well and give good service.

A few extra fine corsets for \$1.25. Some as good as the usual \$2 quality. We have added a new line. We have added this line for the reason we think we have added better qualities for the same money we have been selling other makes for. Don't ask for the brand but look to the quality. That is what you are interested in. A new extra long corset. A very fine quality for \$2.

Remember we are selling a lot of night gowns that have always sold for \$1.25 to \$1.75. Now \$1. A mixed lot, but some excellent values in them.

Newberry's

ON January 20 and 21 OUR GREAT SPECIAL SOAP SALE TAKES PLACE.

Remember we are headquarters for California Olive and Olive Oil. Howland's Olive Oil 5 lbs. 75c. El Monte's Gold Seal " " 75c.

40c will buy one roll Westminster Butter. 40c for our Gold Seal Mocha and Java Coffee, nothing better. 25c for 6 lbs of East-ern Buckwheat Flour. Eagle Milk 10c can.

Our Wholesale Price List is out; those who buy in original packages should have a copy. Correspondence solicited. 216-218 SOUTH SPRING STREET. Branch 741 Pasadena Avenue, East Los Angeles.

The Excellency of BISHOP'S Princess Soda Crackers IS DUE TO THE MATERIAL AND MANNER OF BAKING

Cash & Smurr Store Co. 314 & 316 SOUTH SPRING ST. Hot Air Furnaces.

Fourman's 131 S. SPRING ST.

Encourage Home Industry. SPENCE'S PREMIUM BAKING POWDER

Is made in Los Angeles and we challenge the world to produce a better Powder for Purity and Strength. Analysis on every can. Ask your grocer for it.

J. M. SPENCE & CO., MANUFACTURERS, 383 and 385 S. Los Angeles Street, Los Angeles.

TRUE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE FRUIT BRAND RAMONA FLAVORING EXTRACTS Not only a Home Product, but unequalled for Purity, Strength and Delicacy of Flavor—Free samples at Home Product Exhibit. NEWMARK BROTHERS, Manufacturers.

BUY TEA HERE We are direct importers of all the teas and coffees we sell. That's why we have made so many tea and coffee friends. LOTS 25x120 ft to ALLBY. On 9th, 9th and 15th Sts near Central Ave. car line. \$300, \$325, \$350, \$375. Terms—\$25 cash and \$10 per month. We charge no interest on deferred payments. RICHARD ALTSCHUL, Sole agent. Alexandre Wall Track, 60 S. Broadway.



# \$5.00 Wanted.

We have leased the adjoining store (formerly Bartlett's Music House) and will at once begin tearing down walls. In a short time we will have an elegant double store—the finest Clothing Room on the Pacific Coast. Meanwhile we must turn our Entire Stock into CASH to make room for a new and elegant line, now being selected.

## A Gigantic Alteration Sale

Begins Monday,  
January 18, At Noon.

Our Store Will be Closed Monday Morning to Mark Down Stock  
all lines are cut so deeply that only four figures are up for your consideration.

Everything sacrificed. Nothing saved in the effort excepting to YOU,  
and that's worth thinking about. On Men's Suits in Sacks and Frocks

Table A.	Table B.	Table C.	Table D.
All Men's Suits Marked \$10 and \$12 at.....	All Men's Suits Marked \$10, \$15, \$14 at.....	All Men's Suits Marked \$22, \$20, \$18 at.....	All Men's Suits Marked \$30, \$28, \$25 at.....
<b>\$8.50</b>	<b>\$10</b>	<b>\$13</b>	<b>\$17</b>

### A Few Hints

Men's Overcoats, from \$18 to \$45 cut \$5 to \$10 on each.

All Rubber Goods at Cost.....

Children's Waists (Star and Mother's Friend) from \$1 to 75c.

You already know us, and you can realize the genuineness of this offer.

.....The Slaughtering is general throughout the Store.

Get in Early---You Can't Miss a Bargain.

# Mulen, Bluet & Co.

LEADING CLOTHIERS.

101-103 North Spring Street.

201-203-205-207-209 West First Street.

### CHARTER FRIENDS.

#### PUBLIC OPINION GAUGED AS TO ITS MERITS.

The Essential Features Providing for the City Government Meet with General Approval.

#### CONCENTRATION OF AUTHORITY

INCREASE OF THE MAYOR'S POWER COMMENDED.

A Reduction in City Taxation, Better Value for Expenditures, and a Business, not a Political, Administration Desired.

Only three days remain before the amendments to the new charter are submitted to the suffrage of the people.

The evidences are that the people of Los Angeles are willing to decide upon the momentous question, and have during the last week bestowed a considerable amount of study and quiet thought upon the several sections of the new charter wherein are contained what may be denominated the radical features.

These may be epitomized as follows: (1.) Concentration of legislative power in the hands of the Mayor, under suitable check from the Council, with the necessary accompanying responsibility. (2.) Appointment of minor officials under civil service rules. (3.) Election of Council and Board of Education at large. (4.) The enforcement of a definite and systematic financial system. (5.) Abolition of unnecessary offices. (6.) Restrictions in the granting of franchises so that they may yield a revenue to the city. (7.) City elections to take place in the spring instead of the fall, so as not to be affected by national or State elections.

#### THE FIGHTING FEATURES.

While each of these points are of the utmost importance, and are a radical departure from the provisions of the old charter, the first three mentioned are practically those which cover the entire city government. These provide for an administration of affairs on a business, and not ordinary circumstances, are not particularly taxed of conscience, and there is a shrewd suspicion that under the new system there will be not only a reduction in taxation, but almost as a necessary consequence, a full return for all expenditures. There is no more sense in a loose, unsystematic way, than there is in an individual business man showing the tax collector that he is a taxpayer, and the tax collector, in turn, showing him that he is a taxpayer. In the case of the city, the tax collector is the Mayor, and the taxpayer is the citizen. In the case of the city, the tax collector is the Mayor, and the taxpayer is the citizen. In the case of the city, the tax collector is the Mayor, and the taxpayer is the citizen.

These being the ends sought to be

obtained by the new charter a number of prominent business men were seen yesterday, and asked to state very briefly their opinion regarding the new charter. These citizens now stand forth boldly at the bar of public opinion to testify to what they believe to be the cause of right of progress and of business advancement.

#### BEFORE THE BAR.

H. Jevne, wholesale and retail grocer, Spring street: "A reduction in taxation, and fixing responsibility—these are the two points that above all others will move me to vote for the charter. We will save money in salaries by lopping off superfluous salaries, and get better value, because the responsibility, which is the necessary accompaniment to authority, will be vested in the Mayor."

Johnston, Los Angeles Furniture Company, Broadway: "I am heartily in favor of the new charter, because of the concentration of authority in the hands of the Mayor. He is to be the head of the city's business, and can more wisely make selection of his business assistants than the people can. At first I was opposed to this feature, but when I studied the matter out in connection with other sections of the charter, I realized that to fix responsibility we must give authority. In all essentials the new charter is good, and I shall support it."

George H. Bonebrake, president First National Bank: "It is not possible to make a perfect or an ideal charter. I helped to prepare the first and am glad to see it set aside, but I realize that with the city's growth changes will have to be made. In these amendments are many good features, and some bad ones. I think the fixing of the tax rate especially good, and the reduction in taxation is an essential to insure the city's proper development."

A. H. Fleishman, cashier Farmers' and Merchants' Bank: "The city has outgrown its present charter, and its continued increase in wealth and population demands progressive legislation. The new charter is therefore a necessity, any while possibly defective in minor particulars, even this can only be determined by the practical working of the charter that has been maturing during the past months in experienced and capable hands. The introduction of civil service regulations into local affairs will give the city capable men in office, who will no longer be overshadowed by political influences and consequently will render good and efficient service. The concentration of power in the hands of the Mayor is on the lines of ordinary business. An active, energetic, capable and honest Mayor is typical of the successful business man of the present day. I am heartily in favor of the election of the Councilmen and members of the Board of Education by a general vote, and trust the charter will carry by a heavy majority."

#### THE SITUATION DEFINED.

H. W. Frank, of the firm of Harris & Frank, London Clothing Store: "I think that it is a matter of no controversy that the new charter is infinitely better than the old one, and any impartial business man will concede so much. If that is so then there is every reason why the new charter should carry on election day. A point that appears to me of the utmost importance is that under the new system there will be not only a reduction in taxation, but almost as a necessary consequence, a full return for all expenditures. There is no more sense in a loose, unsystematic way, than there is in an individual business man showing the tax collector that he is a taxpayer, and the tax collector, in turn, showing him that he is a taxpayer. In the case of the city, the tax collector is the Mayor, and the taxpayer is the citizen. In the case of the city, the tax collector is the Mayor, and the taxpayer is the citizen. In the case of the city, the tax collector is the Mayor, and the taxpayer is the citizen."

that the head of the city's affairs should have the appointment of his lieutenants. Under the new charter the Mayor, for selfish if for no other reasons, will select capable men. With Councilmen representing every ward of the city, and yet elected by a general and not merely a ward vote, broad-minded men will be returned; men whose minds will be large enough to realize that their wards are mere units in the larger whole, and apply themselves accordingly to devising ways and means to advance the city's interests, and incidentally the particular wards which the members may respectively represent.

F. K. Rule, auditor and treasurer of the Terminal Railway: "The good qualities of the new charter are many, and it is an adoption of the best of the old charter, and a carrying-out of the other excellent provisions of the charter is to be conducted in a strictly business way, and not, as now, in such manner as to benefit or continue in power, some particular set of politicians."

W. C. Bluet, of the firm of Mulen, Bluet & Co., First and Spring streets: "I am unqualifiedly in favor of the amendments to the new charter. The rapid increase in the city's wealth and population demand that the affairs of the city be put on a business basis. The Mayor, for himself if for no other reasons, will select capable men. With Councilmen representing every ward of the city, and yet elected by a general and not merely a ward vote, broad-minded men will be returned; men whose minds will be large enough to realize that their wards are mere units in the larger whole, and apply themselves accordingly to devising ways and means to advance the city's interests, and incidentally the particular wards which the members may respectively represent."

A. H. Gould, attorney-at-law: "I have heard some people adversely criticize the new charter, but not upon its essential features. In all vital points it is an immense advance upon the old charter; that did not subvert the best interests of the city even in the days when it was devised. That being so, I shall vote for the amendments. At present authority is so divided that responsibility cannot be placed; but by opening the Mayor to the public, the power then there will be some one that can justly be brought to task. The election of the Councilmen and Board of Education at large instead of by ward is proper, and with the concentration of power in the hands of the Mayor, is the very foundation of the reforms that will result from the adoption of the new charter. It is a wise provision, too, that prescribes that the sessions of all the boards and commissions shall be open to the public. In fact, the new charter aims to have the city's business carried on upon a perfectly open, above-board and legitimate basis, and I can't imagine any one understanding its provisions voting against it, save the professional politicians, whose prosperity is largely insured by the maladministration of public affairs."

T. L. Stassforth, of the firm of Grimes & Stassforth: "It appears to me that the charter has been drawn up on the line of business and not politics, and in that it suits me. Heretofore it has been impossible to fix the responsibility for anyone's shortcomings, but by permitting the Mayor to appoint the heads of the several departments, we know if anything goes wrong just where to place the responsibility. The election of the Councilmen at large insures good men being returned to sustain

the Mayor in his efforts to administer the city on better lines than heretofore. At present the needs of the 'push' are everything; under the new charter the needs of the public will be everything. The charter suits me and I shall vote for it."

J. T. Sheward, dry goods, etc., Spring street: "Most assuredly I am in favor of the new charter. The concentration of power in the hands of the Mayor, election of the Council at large, and the civil-service feature assures us of a good business government, and a carrying-out of the other excellent provisions of the charter is to be conducted in a strictly business way, and not, as now, in such manner as to benefit or continue in power, some particular set of politicians."

Robert McGarvin, real estate, Spring street: "Reform in city government has been much needed, and it is now not a question of having an ideal charter which everybody assents to—in itself an impossibility—but which charter is the best, the new or the old. The present one is acknowledged to be a failure. There is constant conflict between the several departments of the city; there is no fixing any responsibility. The new charter obviates all this and ends to the jobbery of petty politicians."

NO INNOVATION MADE. G. J. Griffith, who recently so strongly intrenched himself in the public regard by his magnificent donation to the city of a public park: "There are perhaps one or two minor points in the new charter that might have been improved upon, but they are mere blots upon the sun. In its general essential features the charter is to be commended. It is absurd entangling the duties of the executive and legislative branches of the city government together. All political writers agree on the specific functions of each, and experience has proven their words correct. In permitting, then, the Mayor to appoint his cabinet, so to speak, we are making no innovation excepting so far as Los Angeles is concerned. It is the wise and proper thing to do, and ought to have been done long ago. The same remark applies to the election to the Council and Board of Education. With these offices filled by the public at large and not made the subject for ward politics there is every reason to believe the municipal government will be carried on as a business concern, and not as part of the political machinery. The civil service rule, in its application to all minor appointments, will insure a competent corps of assistants in all the city departments. The new charter will no longer be made a matter of barter during the political campaign. The separation, too, of the city election from the national and State elections, by making it take place in the spring, is an excellent idea and removes the city election altogether out of the heat of a national or State campaign."

W. D. Woolwine, Savings Bank of Southern California: "I think the President makes his Cabinet appointments rightly, and establishes a good precedent for us. By clothing the Mayor with authority we at the same time fix responsibility. There can be no 'stacking of the cards,' he will be the responsible head of affairs, and to him the citizens can look for relief when anything goes wrong. The civil-service feature of the charter is also a strong one, and its application to city affairs has passed the experimental stage. The amendments were

drawn up by the best men in the community, who have given to the task the thought of years. I am in favor of it most decidedly."

#### AN EXPRESSION OF FAITH.

The above expressions of opinion, it will be noted, are from men known in business circles, but representing varying shades of political faith. No effort has been made to obtain a close poll of the business section of the city, but only to gauge public opinion by obtaining the views of men in close touch with the law and the varied commercial enterprises of the city.

TO SEE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA You must go around the Kite-shaped track. Get descriptive matter Santa Fe office.

DECLINE  
DECLINE  
DECLINE

Growing  
Weak.

DECLINE  
DECLINE  
DECLINE

MEANS NOTHING MORE OR LESS than wasting away of the tissue of the body, and this comes too often (in men) from dissipation, abuse, loss of self-control and insidiously sapping bad habits. Nature never intended you should rack and harass yourself; that you should stay out all night, drink all day, or abuse yourself. It is this very abuse that creates this wasting away of the forces of nature.

REPEANCE COMES too late if you get counsel of a good, reliable doctor, such as the Hudson Medical Institute. These doctors have created the world-famous Hudson Remedy treatment for diseases and disabilities of men, women and children can only be had from Hudson. No one else knows the secret process; no one else can give you Hudson. Sometimes Hudson

Cures in a Week.  
Cures in a Week.  
Cures in a Week.

Cures in a Week.  
Cures in a Week.

Cures in a Week.

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Cures in a Week.

Cures in a Week.

There  
Are  
Other  
Stores

But none just like ours. We keep a-talking about, and in fact, make a specialty of our

**\$3.00**

Shoes. But don't get the idea that that is all we carry. We have all grades.

SCHOOL SHOES ARE  
ANOTHER STRONG  
POINT WE HAVE.

**M. P. Snyder Shoe Co.**

258 S. BROADWAY.

231 W. THIRD.

You Sometimes  
Have Visitors. That's Sure.

How to Best Please Them

Is foremost in your thoughts.

You Know They'll Criticize.

You feel nervous about the dinner. You wonder if their criticism will be favorable. If everything served is of the best quality—the desert wines of a high grade, the cordials and liquors 'genuine,' you can feel at ease. If the labels bear the name of 'Woollacott,' THEY KNOW the goods are 'genuine' and the quality the best, and they'll appreciate it.

**H. J. WOOLLACOTT**

124-126 N. Spring St.

**Hudson Medical Institute.**  
Junction Stockton, Market and Ellis  
Streets,  
San Francisco, California.



**J. O'Brien & Co.**  
NORTH SPRING STREET,  
NEAR TEMPLE.

## Our Annual Clearance Sale.

**J. O'Brien & Co.**  
NORTH SPRING STREET,  
NEAR TEMPLE.

# ...THE BUSINESS LULL...

Incidental to the recent storm, gave us a much desired opportunity of making further and active preparations for the continuation of this Popular Sale, with the result of the following lines of seasonable and reliable goods being forced to share in the

## Extraordinary Reductions

That have made the great bargains a current topic with buyers of all classes.

### Flannels, Gingham, Blankets.

- AT 3<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> YARD—Genuine Indigo Blue Prints, fast colors, a good, heavy cloth and a large variety of styles, former price 5c and 6 1/4c; cut to... 3 3/4c yard
- AT 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> YARD—Apron Gingham, 27 inches wide, a good grade and fast colors, former price 6 1/4c; cut to... 4 1/2c yard
- AT 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> YARD—Outing Flannels, 27 inches wide, in dark and medium colors, with a good, heavy fleece, former price 8 1/4c; cut to... 4 1/2c yard
- AT 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> YARD—Outing Flannel, 27 inches wide, an extra heavy grade, very soft and fleecy, in dainty light colorings, former price 8 1/4c; cut to... 5c yard
- AT 7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Outing Flannel, 27 inches wide, an extra fine grade, fast colors, a large variety of styles, former price 10c; cut to... 7 1/2c yard
- AT 7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> YARD—Canton Flannel, 30 inches wide, an extra heavy grade, with a good, heavy fleece, former price 10c; cut to... 7 1/2c yard
- AT 25<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> YARD—Fancy Flannels, 27 inches wide, all wool and very pretty effects, former price 35c and 40c; cut to... 25c yard
- AT 25<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> YARD—Fancy Wool Elderdown Flannels, 27 inches wide, in neat and pretty colorings, former price 35c and 40c; cut to... 25c yard
- AT 35<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> YARD—Fancy Wool Elderdown Flannels, 27 inches wide, in handsome effects, former price 50c; cut to... 35c yard
- AT \$1.15 PAIR—11-4 White Blankets, extra size, a strong, durable material, with a soft, fleecy finish; former price \$1.50; cut to \$1.15 pair
- AT \$2.65 PAIR—10-4 Blankets in both white and gray, nearly all wool, a fine fabric and thoroughly shrunk, former price \$3.50; cut to \$2.65 pair
- AT \$4.25 PAIR—11-4 White California Blankets, full 72 inches wide, a very soft, fine finish, silk bound and thoroughly shrunk, former price \$6.00; cut to \$4.25 pair

### Ladies' Skirts, Hosiery, Underwear

- AT 10<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Ladies' or Children's Fast Black Seamless Hosiery, double heels and toes, all sizes, former price 15c; reduced to... 10c pair
- AT 16<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Ladies' Imported Hosiery, Hermsdorf dye, double soles, heels and toes, also boys' Heavy, Strong Corduroy Ribbed School Hose, sizes to 9 1/4; both these lines are regular 25c quality; reduced to... 3 pair for 50c
- AT 20<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Boys' Sanitary Gray Shirts or Drawers, wool and cotton mixed, silk bound, with pearl buttons, sizes 24 to 32; former price 35c; reduced to 20c each
- AT 15<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, 25<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Ladies' Egyptian Cotton Jersey Ribbed Vests or Pants, fleece lined, finished with crocheted edge and satin fronts, with silk ribbon in neck; former price 25c and 35c; reduced to... 15c and 25c each
- AT 69<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, 95<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Ladies' Sanitary Wool Underwear in either plain or Jersey rib, silk bound and silk fronts; the 69c quality is mixed with cotton, the 95c quality is strictly all wool, former price \$1.00 and \$1.25; reduced to... 69c and 95c each
- We are closing out all our Winter Undershirts at greatly reduced prices. Knit Skirts in cotton, wool and cotton mixed, and all wool, in plain and mixed colors and stripes, that sold for 60c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25 reduced to, each
- 43<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, 59<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, 73<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, 93<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>
- Ladies' Outing Flannel and Dark Gray Flannel Skirts, made full width and trimmed with black and red rick rack braid and fancy trimmings, former price 90c, \$1.00, \$1.15, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00, reduced to, each
- 69<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, 73<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, 83<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, 93<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, \$1.15, \$1.39
- Ladies' Black Satin Skirts, either quilted or heavily lined; the quilted goods are reduced from \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00 to 70c, \$1.17 and \$1.39; the lined goods are reduced from \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$2.00 to, each
- 79<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, 93<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, \$1.39

### Dress Goods, Black and Colored.

- AT 15<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 40 pieces Cheviot Suitings in diagonal and mingled effects, regular price 30c; sale price... 15c per yard
- AT 15<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 35 pieces Plain Colored Suitings, in whipcord and serge weaves, regular price 30c; sale price... 15c per yard
- AT 25<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 20 pieces Striped Cheviots, 38 inches wide, all pure wool, firm texture and desirable colorings, regular price 50c; sale price... 25c per yard
- AT 30<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 15 pieces Camelhair Suitings, 39 inches wide, two toned colorings and heavy weave effect, regular price 50c; sale price... 30c per yard
- AT 35<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 25 pieces All Wool Suitings, 38 inches wide, rich colorings, broken checks and fancy weaves, regular price 50c; sale price... 35c per yard
- AT 40<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 24 pieces Novelty Suitings, 42 inches wide, all pure wool, popular colorings and heavy, rough weave, regular price 60c; sale price 40c per yard
- AT 50<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 12 pieces Novelty Suitings, 52 inches wide, attractive colorings and stylish effects, regular price 75c; sale price... 50c yard
- AT 50<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 10 pieces Bourette Suitings, 38 inches wide, all pure wool, extra weight, plain colors and rugged effect, regular price 75c; sale price 50c per yard
- AT 25<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 18 pieces Black Figured Brilliantines, 38 inches wide, stylish designs and silk effects, regular price 50c; sale price... 25c per yard
- AT 35<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 24 pieces Black Fancy Weaves, 38 inches wide, all pure wool, in conventional patterns of scrolls, arabesque and figures, regular price 50c; sale price... 35c per yard
- AT 50<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 15 pieces Black Figured Mohairs, 45 inches wide, all pure wool, neat patterns and fine silk luster, regular price 75c; sale price... 50c per yard
- AT 65<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 20 pieces Black Figured Sicoletta, 45 inches wide, extra quality, rich silk gloss and stylish effects, regular price \$1.00; sale price... 65c per yard

### Lace Neckwear and Handkerchiefs

- AT 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> EACH—Ladies' White Hemstitched Silk Initial Handkerchiefs, regular price 15c each; reduced to... 5c each
- AT 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> EACH—Ladies' White Hemstitched Lawn Handkerchiefs, lace initial, regular price \$1.00 dozen; reduced to... 5c each
- AT 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> EACH—Ladies' White Lawn Embroidered Scalloped Edge Handkerchiefs, assorted patterns, regular price 10c each; reduced to... 5c each
- AT 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> YARD—Cream Normandy Valenciennes Lace, 3 1/4 inches wide, regular price 10c; reduced to... 5c yard
- 75<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> to \$1.25 Collarettes, ruffles and yokes made of chiffon lace and velvet, regular price \$1.75 to \$2.50; reduced to... 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25 each
- Men's Underwear, Neckwear and Boys' Waists.
- AT 6<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, 8<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, 12<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Men's Full Finished, Heavy Cotton Sox, double heels and toes; the 6 1/2 quality comes in brown mixed shades only, the others come in solid black and tan, also in mixed shades, former price 10c, 12 1/2c and 15c; reduced to... 6 1/2c, 8 1/2c and 12 1/2c
- AT 25<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Men's Heavy Camelhair Underwear, silk bound, pearl buttons, French collars, and ribbed bottoms, former price 50c; reduced to... 25c per garment
- AT 45<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, 75<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Men's Sanitary Gray Underwear, half and three-quarters wool, shirts have French collars and are silk bound, drawers have spliced seats, former price 75c and \$1.00; reduced to... 45c and 75c per garment
- AT 15<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Boys' Calico and Cheviot Waists, light, medium and dark patterns, also Men's Fine Silk and Satin Neckwear in 4-in-hand, and neck shapes, in a large variety of patterns, both these lines sold for 25c and 35c; reduced to... 15c each

## Story of a Union Spy

[From a Special Contributor of The Times.]

SOME years ago a Holland officer who had served in the Indian army during the famous Sepoy rebellion, and resigned his commission when the East India Company was dissolved and the country came under the control of England's Queen, entered the military service of the Russian empire and was detailed as instructor of musketry to the cadets of infantry stationed with a corps of the army encamped a few miles outside of Archangel. Eager to mount the ladder of military distinction, which, at that time was occupied by but few foreigners, the Holland departed from Moscow to his field of labor in the bleak, dismal regions washed by the White Sea. In company with three sons of the Russian nobility, who were to join the cadets, as their wild pranks in the capital had incurred the displeasure of the Czar, he traveled by druska and sled till arriving at Wellka, on the eastern Dvina. During the steamboat trip from Wellka it happened that the swimming instructions received by the Holland when a youth enabled him to aid one of the young Russians in preserving his life when the latter had the mishap to take an involuntary bath in the cold tide of the Dvina. The rescued cadet swore eternal brotherhood with the foreigner, and nobly did he prove in the days to come that the promise made under dripping circumstances had not evaporated. After arriving at the camp near Archangel, the Holland soon observed that the position which he occupied was one which would have won out the elastic patience of Job, and as he was a sprig of an old French family, the ever-lustful spirit of his forefathers brought him into situations entangling and unpleasant.

At an officers' dinner, the captain of a Cossack regiment took upon himself the duty of insulting the foreigners, but when he made a loud-voiced, insulting remark about the women of Holland, his features received in the twinkling of an eye an ablation of champagne conveyed by the hand of the Holland officer that not only moistened his countenance, but blinded his vision for the moment. Of course the demonium reigned for a few moments,

Liverpool, taking passage there for the United States of America.

Being provided with letters of recommendation from European soldiers, he found no difficulty in entering the volunteer service of the Union army, and for two months was attached, as second lieutenant, to a regiment whose colonel was an old regular, and took a liking to the foreigner. When sent with some official papers to the War Department at Washington, he casually learned that volunteers were needed to enter the United States military secret service, a branch of army duty which carried with its possible promotion the certainty that failure would be followed by death; but eager to perform good service for a country that was waging war for liberty, fraternity and equality, attributes of humanity not prominent in other lands, the foreigner offered his little mite to aid in the struggle, and a private interview with Edwin M. Stanton, secretary of War, was obtained.

This meeting, which took place in the Ebbitt House, was attended by the Secretaries of War and Navy, and five other gentlemen, one of the latter representing a prominent private detective firm. It being a matter of common report that the dispatches, etc., forwarded by the different departments to military or other persons in the Southern States were often copied, or their import gleaned in some mysterious way, and so arriving in the hands of the Confederate authorities at Richmond, it was considered necessary that means should be found by which secret communication could be had with the commanding officers of the Union forces without the danger of having the mode of intelligence discovered by the sympathizing friends of the seceders. Therefore, three persons were present received instructions from the Secretary of War to form a corps of secret-service couriers to be attached to the War Department and under the sole control of the gentleman whom the three should decide upon as chairman. The ways and means of formation, etc., were left entirely with these persons, and the expense connected with it charged to an account upon the books of the department in such a manner that no one would be able to investigate the items.

Every man engaged in this secret service entered it with the clearest knowledge of its duties, dangers and responsibilities, and was sworn to obey implicitly all orders received, and was made to understand that any hesitancy or delay would bring with it instant dismissal. The Southern States were divided into four sections, each section given in charge of one individual, who

had to forward in a manner to be by himself chosen all the dispatches received from the department in Washington, and see to it that the commanding officers in his territory were informed of all the movements made by the Confederate authorities in their immediate vicinity. To prevent the possibility of the names and appearances of the officers engaged in this dangerous service being known to the enemy through the connivance of leaky officials in Washington, the headquarters of this bureau of military and naval intelligence was established in Philadelphia, and the Quaker family on Girard avenue, who rented their second story to the two middle-aged gentlemen, never dreamed that in their residence more Union lives were saved than by the whole medical profession in Uncle Sam's service.

An order was written directing all military, naval and other officers in the service of the United States to extend the bearer all the assistance in their power. This order was signed by the Secretaries of War and Navy, and approved by the pen of Abraham Lincoln. It was printed by a banknote company of New York, upon a slip of very thin, though indissoluble paper, and the likeness of the bearer photographed upon the back. It was not necessary to carry a pocketbook to bear credentials, and it will never be forgotten with what a peculiarly helpless look the naval commander of the frigate Wabash gazed upon the narrator when the latter had undergone a searching investigation from the skin out, and being declared incapable, pulled his likeness from his mouth, where it had been safely en-cased between his lower teeth and cheek.

The Holland was detailed from his regiment, instructed to study a cipher code, the key of which was handed him, and for nearly four years served in the military secret service of the United States, passing to and fro from Union camp into Confederate city and bivouac, associating with sailors, soldiers and civilians of both parties, carrying his life in his hands, as it were, and yet, in his opinion, exposed to less actual danger than the thousands of heroic men who faced death at cannon's mouth.

ALBERT DE LEUR.

## Clearing Away Broken Lines

## MEN'S HOSIERY and UNDERWEAR...

At prices lower than were ever known on such high-grade merchandise.

### 90<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Men's Fine Underwear.

Fine Camelhair and fine natural wool shirts and drawers, worth every cent of \$1.25.

### \$1.15 Men's Fine Underwear.

All Wool, natural gray, fine finished; worth \$1.50.

### \$1.20 Men's Fine Underwear.

Suits Condé make, all wool and worth \$1.50.

### \$1.35 Men's Fine Underwear.

Wright's health make "all wool fleece," worth \$1.75 and fine wool cashmere worth \$1.35.

### 25<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Men's Hose.

Fast black spun silk, worth 40c; fine natural wool, worth 35c; fine silk mace in leather shades, worth 35c.

### 22<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Men's Hose.

Heavy camelhair, worth 35c, and heavy natural wool, worth 33c.

### 75<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Night Shirts.

For men; fine silk embroidered.

### \$1.50 Night Shirts.

Fine saten, handsomely embroidered, worth \$2.

Under Nadeau Hotel.

**SIEGEL,**

Under Nadeau Hotel.







## PASADENA.

## MYSTERY OF McADAM'S DEATH STILL UNSOLVED.

Dead Man's Betrothed Seeks the Theory of Suicide—A New Chapter This Year—Fun in the Mountain Drifts.

PASADENA, Jan. 16.—(Regular Correspondence.) Hawkshaw continues to hover around Lamanada Park in the hope of unearthing some clue by which to unravel the mystery surrounding the tragic death of David W. McAdam. The consensus of opinion seems to favor the murder theory, but whether the crime was premeditated or a mere incident connected with the lesser crime of burglary, is still a matter of conjecture.

A detective who has been investigating the matter stated today that he inclined to the burglary theory, although he confessed that he had yet no clue toward the apprehension of the red-headed burglar. Ex-United States Marshal Gard, who was in Pasadena today, gave it his opinion that it was a case of unintentional murder, committed by a burglar who was taken by surprise by Mr. McAdam, and who shot in self-defense. Mr. Gard desired to have it understood, however, that he was not investigating the case, and that his knowledge of the affair was simply of a hearsay nature.

The burglary theory is strengthened by the fact that numerous burglaries of the kind have recently been perpetrated in the foothill towns along the line of the Santa Fe Railroad. Pasadena itself has not been entirely devoid of burglaries, though the city has been comparatively free of occurrences of this sort this winter. The most important burglary that has occurred of late being a daylight operation on New Year's day, when a house on South Madison street was entered by thieves during the absence of the family, and about \$150 worth of plate, jewelry and clothing made away with. None of the booty has yet been discovered. This and other burglaries are laid at the door of a gang of marauders who have been operating in the foothill districts. It is thought, however, improbable that one of this gang shot McAdam while attempting to rob Turner & McAdam's store.

But there are others who do not take stock in either the suicide or the robbery theory. They say bluntly that McAdam was murdered in cold blood to gratify private malice. One of these is Miss Grace Banbury, the handsome daughter of J. Banbury, Jr., and niece of Ex-City Treasurer Banbury. Miss Banbury was the dead man's betrothed, and was one of the last persons to see him alive.

Times reporter, Miss Banbury this evening said: "No one can make me believe that David committed suicide, and he was not murdered by burglars, either."

"Then you are of the opinion that Mr. McAdam was murdered by some one who had a grudge against him," ventured the reporter.

"That's exactly what I believe," replied the young woman. "He had no reason to commit suicide. There was no reason why he should and I do not believe that he had a fight with burglars. I think he was murdered by some one who was guilty of the crime. Had he any bitter enemy?" was queried.

"I do not like to accuse any one," she said. "Two or three detectives have been to see me already, and have cautioned me not to say too much. But I know that Mr. McAdam was murdered by his former partner, Mr. Crandall. He told me that he carried a revolver because he was afraid of that man."

Miss Banbury is in deep mourning since McAdam's death. She says she knew him for about four years, and became affianced to him in the month of November. They were to be married March 12, and his tragic death was a sudden shock to her, all the more so because he left her presence but a few hours before he received his death wound. They attended church at the Methodist Tabernacle last Sunday evening. After the services he was escorted to her home at the corner of Mountain street and Summit avenue. He remained about fifteen minutes, then started for his home at Lamanada Park. He was seemingly in a most happy frame of mind, and nothing could convince Miss Banbury that he committed suicide. She did not hear of the tragedy till Monday afternoon, and she never saw him again alive.

Miss Banbury showed the reporter her dead lover's photograph, which represented him as a good-looking young man of 23.

The dead man's partner, Mr. Turner, when seen today, denied Mr. Crandall's statement that he (Turner) swept the yard back of the store, before officers could look for the photograph of the alleged assassin. Mr. Turner says the yard was not swept until after the funeral.

McAdam's brothers were in town this afternoon. They denied that D. W. McAdam owed the Union Savings Bank over \$400. They say they themselves were responsible for that debt. The McAdams and Turner scout the suicide theory. They profess the belief that it was a case of murder, and are reticent about giving their opinion as to whether it was an act of private malice or incident to burglary.

Deputy Sheriff White has been at the scene of the tragedy, as have been sundry other officers. Although the affair is now nearly a week old, interest in the increase. Sensational developments are looked for in a very short while.

## NO NEW CHARTER.

Pasadena, which has long ago outgrown its swaddling clothes, as a municipality, will have no new charter just yet. A committee which was appointed some time ago to formulate a bill, for the purpose of attempting to have been voted upon by the citizens of the city, has made the following report, which explains itself.

"PASADENA (Cal.) Jan. 16, 1897. "P. M. Green, chairman citizens' meeting—Dear Sir: The committee, consisting of Henry G. Reynolds, Colin Stewart, W. E. Wright, W. E. Arthur and George F. Kernaghan, appointed by you to consider the advisability of procuring a new charter for Pasadena, beg to report that after some deliberation we find that it will take a longer time for the preliminary work of preparing a new charter and having the same voted upon by the citizens of Pasadena than is possible between now and the adjournment of the present Legislature; and, as you know, it will be two years before the next Legislature will convene, and nothing can be done in the mean time except for this committee to prepare the necessary charter to be submitted to the people for their approval, and to this work in the mean time your committee will address itself, and report at the proper time."

"In view of these facts we respectfully

## ORANGE COUNTY.

## GOV. BUDD'S LEGAL HOLIDAY ATTRACTIONS LITTLE ATTENTION.

The County Offices and Other Public Buildings Remain Open—An Old-Fashioned Spelling Match in G.A.R. Hall—News Notes.

SANTA ANA, Jan. 16.—(Regular Correspondence.) The legal holiday created by Gov. Budd to celebrate the defeat of the Funding Bill in the United States Congress was not observed to any great extent in Santa Ana today, as it was not generally known that the day was to be a holiday. The County Clerk received a telegram from the Governor late Friday afternoon, informing him that the following day had been declared a legal holiday, but as the public buildings had not been advised of the action of the Governor, the Clerk, as well as the other officers of the county, concluded to keep their offices open during the day. While but little business was transacted, the banks and other public buildings were kept open during the day. While business moved along about as usual, the people were not at all interested in the Funding Bill had been declared.

AN OLD-FASHIONED SPELLING SCHOOL.

There was an old-fashioned spelling school in G.A.R. Hall Friday evening, under the auspices of the Presbyterian Church. A prize was offered for the best speller, and as Mrs. Capt. Kelly, Miss Mabel Wither, and Miss Kate Paff, Miss Mabel Wither, and Miss Kate Paff, all missed the same word, the cake was put up at auction and sold to the highest bidder, the money being donated to the church.

## BACK TO HIS POST.

Private John A. Evans, deserter from the regular army at Benicia, this State, is now on his way back to his post, in company with Sergt. Phillips of Santa Ana. Evans was arrested at Benicia, and was sent to the Federal Reformatory for the term of one year. He was released on parole, and is now on his way back to his post.

## ORANGE COUNTY BREVIETTES.

Horticultural Commissioner Hamilton of Orange, who has been attending to the horticultural meetings in Los Angeles, has been visiting in Southern California. He is very confident for the future. There seems to be no prospect of disaster to give him any uneasiness, and he believes that if the growers will aid him in enforcing the law, the interests of the fruit men can be subserved.

## CATER CORWIN TO PATROL THE COAST.

Water-rate Decision That Does Not Follow Judge Ross's Recent Decision on the Same Points.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 16.—(Regular Correspondence.) Serious trouble between Ex-Supreme Court Judge John D. Works and Oscar A. Trippett, Esq., prominent lawyers of this place and of Los Angeles, is likely to be the cause of the trouble comes from a public disclaiming by Trippett of certain matter in a brief filed and signed by Works and by Trippett. In explaining the matter before the Supreme bench, Judge Works endeavored to prove that Trippett was a knowing party to the brief, which Judge Works reported as charging Mr. Trippett with "lying and deceit." This was regarded as rather pointed language. Mr. Trippett is a gentleman of discrimination, "who does not countenance" and he investigated the matter of which he says: "I was surprised at the revenue cutter Corwin has arrived from the north, and will make this port a permanent station, having been detached from the Bering Sea. Lieut. B. L. Reed commands the vessel, and a patrol of the Coast will be maintained from Port Harford to the Mexican line. The officers are Lieuts. D. F. A. de Otte, E. M. Chiswell; chief engineer, C. H. Foote; assistant engineers, H. O. Slayton, Walter Taylor.

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The local holiday appointed by Gov. Budd was only partially observed here. Most of the offices at the City Hall were open, but very little business was transacted. The banks were closed.

Late arrivals at the Hotel Green are: Ralph Wylie, San Francisco; B. E. Woodcock, R. A. Chadwick, E. R. Kellam, Los Angeles; Charles H. Hastings, Sierra Madre.

Peter Stell has assigned his sub-contract for grading East Colorado street, Charles Mushrush, who will do the work which has already been commenced.

## SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

## Rialto Irrigation District—Virginia Dale Road.

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## VIRGINIA DALE ROAD.

The Southern Pacific Company is bringing pressure to bear on the Supervisors of Riverside and San Bernardino counties, with a view to obtaining in building a good road to the Virginia Dale district past the Desert Queen mine. The roads are rapidly leading into that growing district, and there are expectations of heavy shipments of machinery to the mines. It is of great importance that a good road be opened.

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The County Teachers' Association is in session in town today. An invitation to the next session in that city. A few people besides county officials and the postoffice force observed this morning. The banks were open as usual on Saturdays until noon.

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## SUNSET LIMITED.

In its matchless magnificence, eastbound every Sunday and Wednesday. Low rates, quickest time across the continent. Address any agent of the Southern Pacific Company, or general offices, No. 229 South Spring st.

## SOLDIERS' HOME.

## A Question of Information as to Membership.

SOLDIER'S HOME, Jan. 16.—(Regular Correspondence.) The question is frequently asked as to whether there are any members of the home who served in the Confederate army. In some manner the impression has been spread abroad in such a way that it was believed to be authentic to the effect that a small proportion of the members had served in that army. But it has been admitted that some by virtue of their services in the Mexican war. This impression has found further support in the theory that the government having declared amnesty against those who participated in the rebellion, the fact that a man might have served in the Southern army would not bar him from admission to the home if he had contributed other services to warrant such admission.

But it appears that a provision against admitting a soldier of the Confederate army. In taking the oath required by the act, and stating that he must swear that he has never fought against the government. Within the past three or four years there have been two or three cases where veterans of the Mexican war have been admitted, by some misapprehension or otherwise, contrary to this provision. But as soon as the error was discovered the men thus admitted have been promptly discharged.

## HOME BREVIETTES.

The construction of the new barrack is practically completed, but it will probably be several weeks before it can be occupied, no furniture having yet been provided.

Miss Belle Ingram of Frank Bartlett, W.R.C., No. 7, of Los Angeles, and Miss Maud Paff, Miss Kate Paff, Miss Mabel Wither, and Miss Kate Paff, all missed the same word, the cake was put up at auction and sold to the highest bidder, the money being donated to the church.

Today's muster shows 1549 members present and 247 absent, making 1896 altogether.

A reading class is about to be organized along something the same lines as a Chautauque circle. Mr. Weller of Los Angeles is a promoter of the plan.

Recent deaths include: Daniel W. Allison, late Co. E, One Hundred Fifty-fifth Illinois Infantry, aged 55, admitted from Northport, June, 1886; William L. Perry, late Co. H, One Hundred Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania Infantry, admitted from Fahrump, Nev., July, 1894.

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## SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

## PEACE RESTORED BETWEEN THE BENCH AND THE BAR.

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## RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

## CAN THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY PRACTICE IN ANY COURT?

His Name Not on the Supreme Court Roll of Attorneys, and Only the Supreme Court Can Admit to the Practice of Law.

RIVERSIDE, Jan. 16.—(Regular Correspondence.) Some days since the Riverside correspondent of The Times took the Supervisors to task for appropriating money for payment of an attorney to represent the county before the Supreme Court, saying it was necessary to employ special counsel because the District Attorney is not admitted to practice before the Supreme Court. The Enterprise, organ of the Populists and Democrats, at once came to the defense of the Populist Supervisors and District Attorney, saying:

"The above statement is very misleading, as Mr. Gill, the District Attorney, has practiced in the Supreme Court for many years, and stands high in his profession. The extra counsel was to be employed because Mr. Gill, in connection with his other duties, could not give the case the attention it required."

The above seemed very remarkable, as it was a general opinion of the attorneys and others here that Mr. Gill had never been admitted to practice before the Supreme Court, and an inquiry was made. T. H. Ward, clerk of the Supreme Court, asking when Mr. Gill had been admitted to practice before that court. The answer received could not find the name on our roll of attorneys."

Now, Mr. Gill may have a wide knowledge of law, but it seems strange that if he is entitled to practice before the State Supreme Court the clerk of that court is not aware of the fact. But there are another feature of the case which is remarkable. Until recently, the Superior courts have been permitted to admit attorneys to practice law. That privilege, however, has been revoked, and only the Supreme Court now has the power to admit to the bar. A Superior Court Judge of another county recently said it was very questionable whether lawyers who had been admitted to practice by Superior courts, but not by the Supreme Court, now had a right to practice in any of the courts of the State. That Judge had recently had occasion to investigate the case.

If it is a fact that Mr. Gill has been admitted to practice before the Supreme Court, without the knowledge of the clerk of the court, of course he is all right, but if he has not been admitted to practice in that way, it is a disgraceful matter. It is a disgraceful matter, that does not legally disqualify him from acting as District Attorney. In this State any male citizen is eligible for the office, regardless of his knowledge of law or license to practice law. Whenever a case goes from this county to the Supreme Court, another lawyer is employed to represent the county, and his fees are not taken from the District Attorney's salary, as might be supposed, but is an extra expense to the county. It is that extravagance of which the taxpayers are disposed to register a complaint.

If Mr. Gill had been elected to that office by the people, of course they could make no complaint. But he was simply appointed by the Supervisors to an unexpired term, and the Supervisors alone are responsible for the waste of public funds.

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## SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

## GOV. BUDD'S SUDDEN HOLIDAY NOT OBSERVED.

Reported Discoveries of Mountains of Gold Not Verified by Assays. Journalistic Changes—Brief Notes of News.

SANTA BARBARA, Jan. 16.—(Regular Correspondence.) There was no parade and no mass meeting in Santa Barbara today, and the people are engaged in the usual pursuits in spite of the declaration of the Governor that Saturday, January 16, was a holiday. Of course, the courts and county offices are closed, but if there was any long-haul through which they could have escaped without violating the law as proclaimed by Mr. Budd they would have been in session, as various cases were set for trial.

Santa Barbara has no jubilee, and in some way the Governor's liberality with other people's time is not appreciated.

## CHARGED WITH LARCENY.

Ed Tibbetts was arrested this morning, charged with petty larceny in the amount of \$5 from his mother, Frank H. Miller, a character held in little respect, makes the complaint. Tibbetts is only a boy, and he denies the charge, saying the complaint was made by the father of Tibbetts, who is now in the hospital, and he objects to his mother's association with Miller. He will have his examination Monday, and some interesting developments are expected.

## JOURNALISTIC CHANGES.

The board of directors of the Press Publishing Company have been holding meetings the past day or two, and one or two changes have been made. Louis Jones, who has been business manager since the stock company assumed control, handed in his resignation and it was accepted. It is stated that Mr. Jones will go to New York. The vacancy has already been filled. It is understood, but no announcement has yet been made.

## THE GOLD MINES.

Certain San Francisco papers have been greatly agitated recently over the "great gold discoveries" in Santa Barbara county; they report that the new gold fields are rapidly filling with people and that the excitement runs high. As a matter of fact, the "discovery" has not yet been subjected to an assay, and the value of the field is being ascertained. There have been numerous discoveries, recently, all of minor importance; and while the value of the field is being ascertained, it is being carried on in a quiet way and considerable prospecting is being done, there has not as yet been any strike to cause a rush to this section.

## SANTA BARBARA BREVIETTES.

It is expected that the Monadnock will leave Monday for ports south. Tomorrow a large number of people will visit the vessel and the Lizzie Belle will make regular trips to the monitor in the afternoon.

The Midwinter Times, 48 pages and colored cover, 189 illustrations; full of interesting matter. For sale by local agents; price, 10 cents.

## CONSUMPTION,

## Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh

and Kindred Diseases Cured by

## "BUTCHER'S DIRECT CONTACT METHOD."

Some of the reasons why "BUTCHER'S DIRECT CONTACT METHOD" should be employed in treating diseases of the nose, throat and lungs: 1st. By this method drugs are carried directly to diseased surfaces as successfully as if applied by the hand. 2nd. By this method any drug valued as an antiseptic, astringent or expectorant can be used on surfaces of the throat bronchi or lung. 3rd. Because physicians and scientists of all schools and countries endorse it as the only rational method. Koch, Virchow, Burgman, La Tonder, McKenzie, Lennox Brown, McBride, Loomis, Agnew and many others say "It must eventually be used, as a topical application is the only hope, we must get medication to meet indications to diseased mucus-membranes or we cannot inspire our patients with hope." Consumption, asthma, bronchitis, catarrh cannot be treated successfully without direct application. The profession is well aware of the fact and are beginning to recognize the value of "Butcher's Direct Contact Method" by investigating thoroughly the above claims.

J. B. BUTCHER, M. D.,

155 North Spring Street.

W. E. PRITCHARD, M.D., Consulting Physician. Office Hours, 10 to 4

## CLOSING OUT

OUR MAIN STREET RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

Price Reductions Surpass all Past Records.

Bargains in Dinner Sets,

Bargains in Kitchen Goods,

Bargains in Silverware,

Bargains in Glassware,

Bargains in Lamps,

Bargains in Art Goods.

## CRYSTAL PALACE

138-142 S. Main Street.

## IT HAS NO EQUAL!

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT

REASON.

The man or woman who buys an article to restore health should do so on the same plan that he or she would buy a watch for service, not for a toy.

LOGIC.

"The sound, thrifty buyer makes his purchase on the established basis that a good article is cheap at a reasonable price, while a poor one is dear at any price."

A. T. STEWART.

## POINTS OF SUPERIORITY.

ELECTRIC POWER.

DURABILITY.

CONVENIENCE.

DR. A. T. SANDEN,

304 South Broadway, corner Second, Los Angeles, Cal.

Office Hours: 9 to 6; Evenings, 7 to 8; Sundays, 10 to 1.



# A WONDROUS WHITE WEEK

Tomorrow morning we open the "White Carnival," for which we have been preparing for months. Weeks and weeks ago, when Eastern factories were almost stilled by the pre-election dullness, we gave large orders at prices so low as to be almost beyond belief; the factories were willing to do almost anything to tide over the depression and keep their workpeople together. We helped them, and the reward is here for you in the lowest prices ever known on goods of equal quality. It is only by such wise and masterful storekeeping that you can best be served. The story of the "White Carnival" touches

Ladies' Muslin and Cambric Underwear.

Linens, Blankets, Laces, Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Shirts and Night Shirts. There will also be grand January bargain-giving in Dress Goods, Silks, Shoes, Cloaks, and the special bargain tables in China Hall; all will lend an intense interest to the doings of the day.



Every Garment Extra Wide and Full,

50c quality Muslin Night Gowns, well made and good shape, with embroidery trimmings, at ..... **39c**

Gowns of good Muslin and very pretty trimmed with embroidery, you can't match them for less than 75c; Carnival price..... **50c**

Gowns of extra good Muslin and with very pretty embroidery trimmings, as shown in over the town you'd pay 65c; only..... **65c**



Gowns made of fine Muslin, embroidery, tucked and insertion trimmings, beautifully made and would be choice at \$1; exactly like above illustration; only..... **75c**



Gowns of fine Muslin, embroidery, tucked and insertion trimmings, elegant \$1.25 values, like illustration..... **95c**

Gowns of extra fine Muslin, lace assortment of styles and trimmings, all lines that were \$1.75, \$2, \$2.25; at..... **\$1.00**

Gowns of elegant quality Muslin embroidery, trimmed in new and beautiful effects..... **\$1.19**

Gowns of Muslin, superbly trimmed with embroidered edges and insertion, great value at \$1.75; only..... **\$1.39**

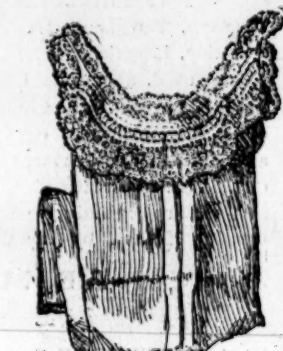


Gowns of fine Muslin, lace and embroidery trimmed, superbly made, would sell ordinarily at \$2 to \$3; only..... **\$1.50**

Imported gowns, \$2.25 to \$3.50 quality, in all styles and beautifully trimmed; the newest, daintiest and finest we have ever shown; White Carnival price..... **\$2.50**



Look for Our Exhibit at the Home Products Exhibition.



## Chemises.

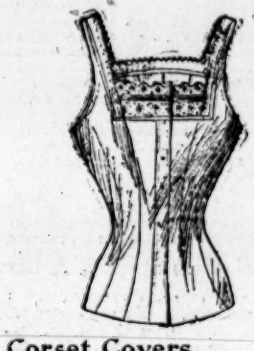
The above illustration is a good one of our \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$2 Chemises, they have all been bunched for the White Carnival and the price is..... **\$1.00**

Extra quality Muslin Chemises, our 50c grade; White Sale price..... **29c**

Fine Muslin Chemise, tucked and embroidered, 90c grade; at..... **45c**

Muslin Chemises, with colored embroidery trimmings, \$1.25 grade, at only..... **75c**

Our \$2 to \$3 Chemises have all been reduced for this sale to..... **\$1.50**



## Corset Covers.

Here is a special lot of Cambric Corset Covers that look like the above illustration; they are made with square and low neck, embroidery, lace, insertion and tucked trimmings, they are really worth 50c each; White Sale price..... **35c**

Muslin or Cambric Corset Covers, embroidery trimmed, worth 35c, for..... **15c**

Corset Covers of fine Cambric, embroidery and lace trimmed, V neck and 50c grade, at only..... **25c**

Corset Covers of Cambric, 75c grade..... **45c**

Corset Covers of Cambric, \$1.00 grade, for..... **50c**



## Muslin Drawers.

This picture shows a line of high grade closed Muslin Drawers; they are trimmed with tucks and embroidery, and are full 70c quality; White Sale price..... **39c**

We show another line of Muslin Drawers, in either style cut, these are embroidery trimmed and tucked, and 50c grade; White Sale price..... **45c**

Still other Muslin Drawers we show in both styles of making, these are indeed handsomely trimmed and are bargains at 80c the pair; White Sale price..... **60c**



## Muslin Drawers.

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, made of best grade muslin, handsomely trimmed with colored embroidery, they sell regularly over the counter for \$1.25; White Sale price..... **65c**

## Lawn Aprons.

White Lawn Aprons, with fancy woven border and wide hem; regular 25c grade; White Sale price..... **15c**

White Lawn Aprons, with beautiful lace and insertion trimmings, worth 60c; White Sale price..... **35c**



## Muslin Drawers.

The above shows one pattern from our \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$2.00 lines of Muslin Drawers. They are in the very newest styles, and all have been placed in one lot for this sale and marked..... **\$1.25**

## Lawn Aprons.

White Lawn Aprons, with embroidery and insertion trimmings, 70c grade; White Sale price..... **50c**

White Lawn Aprons in many new styles, new cuttings, and genuine \$1.00 kinds; White Sale price..... **65c**



Every Garment is of Fine Muslin and Workmanship.

Fine Muslin Underskirts, good quality, trimmed with tucks and ruffles, the bare muslin in one would cost 60c; see illustration above; White Carnival price..... **35c**

Skirts of good Muslin, tucked and embroidery trimmed, splendidly made, usual 75c to \$1 grade, at..... **59c**

Skirts of fine quality muslin, embroidery trimmed and tucked, usual \$1 and \$1.50 grade, at..... **75c**



Skirts of extra fine muslin, beautifully made, trimmed with deep embroidery, flounce and tucks, would be good value at any other time for \$1.50; White Carnival price..... **\$1.00**

Skirts of fine muslin, tucked and with deep embroidery, flounce, usual \$1.25 and \$1.50 grade, at..... **95c**



Skirts of extra fine muslin, beautifully made, embroidered flounce and tucked, usual \$2 and \$2.50 grade, at..... **\$1.50**



Skirts of the best muslin, handsome, deep, embroidered flounce, usual \$2.75 and \$3 grade, at..... **\$2.00**

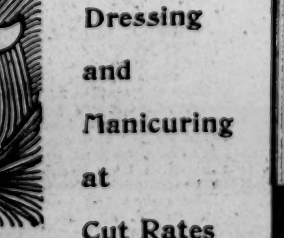
A magnificent line of the finest Skirts, that usually bring \$4, \$4.50 and \$5, every garment is absolutely choice; for full style like illustration above, only..... **\$2.95**



Skirt Chemise, very fine cambric muslin, handsomely trimmed, garments that sell in the ordinary way for fully \$1; style like illustration above, only..... **\$1.50**



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## Unprecedented Dress Goods and Silk Values.

### Black Dress Goods.

40c Black Storm Serge, 25c-1000 yards of Black Storm Serge, also 50-inch Black Gros-Grain Sicilian and 40-inch black Mohair and Wool Novelty; all these are rare 40c grades; Carnival price, 25c yard.

65c Black Brocade Sicilian, 37c-20 handsome patterns in 44-inch black Brocade Sicilian and 52-inch black coating Serge with dust proof finish, either worth 65c yard; great Carnival price, 37c.

75c Black Jacquard Novelty, 50c-20 pieces 46-inch black Jacquard Figured Serges in large scroll patterns, very handsome for separate Skirts, very same quality as has been selling at 75c yard; Carnival price, 50c.

\$1.25 Black Crepon at 75c-A special lot of black Dress Goods, including 46-inch Black Crepon, 45-inch Black Bourette, 46-inch Black Boucle and 44-inch Black Silk Brocade Sicilian, worth \$1.25; now 75c yard.

\$1.50 Priestly's Black Cravenette, \$1.00-54-inch Priestly's black Cravenette, 56-inch black Serge, 54-inch black Cheviot Serge and 54-inch black Boucle, Striped Cheviot, all regular \$1.50 fabrics; Carnival price \$1.00 yard.

### Extraordinary Silks.

\$1.00 Fancy Silks at 58c-50 pieces of Fancy Silk, in printed warp Taffeta, two-toned Oriental, Persian and black, with two-toned stripes, every yard of these worth \$1 the yard; we have cut them all for the great Carnival to 58c.

\$1.00 Changeable Taffetas at 69c-40 new shades in Changeable Taffeta, Silk, the regular \$1 quality; also \$1.25 24-inch Satin Duchesse of fine, heavy texture and elegant finish; these reductions are specially worthy of note.

\$1.25 Black Satin Duchesse, 73c-Elegant 24-inch Black Satin Duchesse, with soft cashmere finish, worth \$1.25, now for 73c; these Satins are well worth our original price and it is only a special dispensation that makes 'em 73c.

\$1.25 Evening Silk at 75c-25 pieces of Brocade Silks in evening shades; also Brocade Satins; both these are qualities that we have been selling for \$1.15 and \$1.25 yard; make a special note of these.

\$1.25 Brocade Satin at 88c-30 different patterns, in 24-inch Black Brocade Satins and Gros-Grain Silk; these qualities were purchased to sell for \$1.25 the yard, and were considered genuine bargains at that price.

### Colored Dress Goods.

50c Dress Goods for 29c-15 pieces of Bourette Plaids in lace effects and two-toned Bourette effects. Very handsome colorings and worth 50c the yard if worth one cent. See these by all means.

65c Fancy Dress Goods, 38c-1000 yards of Granite Suitings; also Scotch Checked and Striped Novelty. All wool and 42 inches broad. Very extra 65c grades on special sale Monday at 38c yard.

75c Handmade Novelty at 47c-25 pieces of All Wool Two-toned Cheviots in green and black, red and black, and all the new shades. Also Fancy Jamestown Suitings in the new designs and bright colors at same price.

\$1.00 Imported Dress Goods, 58c-One lot of Novelty ties, 40 to 46 inches broad, in colored ground with black mohair raised figures; very extra worth.

\$1.25 Silk and Wool Novelty, 68c-Over a hundred styles of high-class Dress Goods, Novelty, silk and wool and all the new effects, 44 to 50 inches broad, and priced everywhere at \$1.25 the yard; Carnival price 68c.

## The Carnival of Linen Worths.

20 pieces Snow White Table Damask, Irish and German manufacture; each and every one a rare bargain; as follows:

40c and 46c Bleached Damask, yard..... **35c**

50c and 56c Bleached Damask, yard..... **30c**

60c and 66c Bleached Damask, yard..... **25c**

70c and 76c Bleached Damask, yard..... **20c**

80c and 86c Bleached Damask, yard..... **15c**

90c and 96c Bleached Damask, yard..... **10c**

100c and 106c Bleached Damask, yard..... **5c**

110c and 116c Bleached Damask, yard..... **0c**

120c and 126c Bleached Damask, yard..... **0c**

130c and 136c Bleached Damask, yard..... **0c**

140c and 146c Bleached Damask, yard..... **0c**

150c and 156c Bleached Damask, yard..... **0c**

160c and 166c Bleached Damask, yard..... **0c**

170c and 176c Bleached Damask, yard..... **0c**

180c and 186c Bleached Damask, yard..... **0c**

190c and 196c Bleached Damask, yard..... **0c**

200c and 206c Bleached Damask, yard..... **0c**

## Sensational Sale Fur Garments.

Several hundred elegant Fur Capes came in Saturday from an overstocked and cramped manufacturer.

These are the height of Fur perfection in make and in quality. This is the way the prices are:

\$150.00 Brown Marten Capes, at..... **\$75.00**

\$100.00 Seal Otter Capes, at..... **\$50.00**

\$75.00 Persian and Thibet Capes, at..... **\$37.50**

\$60.00 Seal and Thibet Capes, at..... **\$30.00**

\$50.00 Unplucked Seal Capes, at..... **\$25.00**

\$40.00 Unplucked Seal Capes, at..... **\$20.00**

\$30.00 Electric Seal Capes, at..... **\$15.00**

\$20.00 Seal Capes, at..... **\$10.00**

\$15.00 Seal Capes, at..... **\$7.50**

\$10.00 Seal Capes, at..... **\$5.00**

\$7.50 Seal Capes, at..... **\$3.75**

\$5.00 Seal Capes, at..... **\$2.50**

\$2.50 Seal Capes, at..... **\$1.25**

\$1.25 Seal Capes, at..... **\$0.62**

\$0.62 Seal Capes, at..... **\$0.31**

\$0.31 Seal Capes, at..... **\$0.15**

## Bargain 5c Table.

10c Individual Meat Platters..... **5c**

12c doz. Hotel Thick Oyster Bowls..... **5c**

15c Individual Salad Dishes..... **5c**

15c White Pickle Dishes..... **5c**

15c Crystal Bread Trays..... **5c**

15c Square Glass Preserve Dishes..... **5c**

15c Large Glass Berry Bowls..... **5c**

15c Crystal Sugar Bowls..... **5c**

15c Crystal Butter Dishes..... **5c**

15c Plain and colored Vinegar Bottles..... **5c**

15c Large Platters and Bakers..... **5c**

15c Glass Covered Pickle Jar..... **5c**

15c doz. Ind. Glass Berry Napkins..... **5c**

15c Tail Glass Celery Stands..... **5c**

15c Crystal Bread Trays..... **5c**

## A Carnival in Handkerchiefs.

Sample line of 200 dozen Ladies' Lawn and Swiss embroidered Handkerchiefs in many neat designs..... **10c**

Ladies' all pure Irish Linen Handkerchiefs, hemstitched and hand embroidered initials, worth 15c, for only..... **8c**

Men's white Silk Handkerchiefs..... **21c**

Men's white Silk Handkerchiefs..... **47c**

Men's white Silk Handkerchiefs..... **71c**

Men's white Silk Handkerchiefs..... **95c**

Ladies' square Yoke Collarettes with lace edge and insertion, actual value 80c; Monday..... **50c**

Ladies' Satin and Lace Fronts for Jacket suits; \$1.75 kind, at..... **\$1.35**

4-inch Stamped Doilies for..... **10c**

12-inch Stamped Doilies at..... **15c**

36-inch Tea Cloths, drawn openwork borders; Monday for..... **\$1.00**

18x18 Stamped Cushion Covers..... **30c**

30x30 Stamped Scarfs..... **\$1.00**

40x60 Bulgarian Stamped Table Covers, at..... **\$1.25**

Crystal Water Tumblers, 1 doz..... **50c**

## A Carnival in Men's Furnishings.

Celebrated "Monarch" Dress Shirts, all styles of fronts..... **90c**

Night Robes made of twilled cotton or heavy muslin, full lined, on special sale at..... **42c**

Night Robes made of extra heavy drilling, ample cut, fine grade, on special sale at..... **71c**

White Dress Shirts made of fine Homestead muslin unlaundered, 190 linen bosoms and neckband, Best 90c grade at..... **37c**

Night Shirts made of best Canton flannel, full sizes and worth \$1; sale price..... **71c**

Men's White Cotton Gloves of good quality; sale price, 3 pairs..... **25c**

Lawn Shield Bows for dress wear, at..... **10c**

Boys' White Unlaundered Waists, made of Longvale Muslin with Linen Collars and cuffs, at..... **47c**

**Greater Peoples Store**  
127-129-131-133-135-137-139-141-143 NORTH SPRING ST.  
HAMBURG & SONS

Hair Dressing and Manicuring at Cut Rates